The Paper That Circulates

The Courier-Journal.

The Paper That Is Read

VOL. CV. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,694. LOUISVILLE, FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1906.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

ecast for Friday and Saturday: ucky—Fair Friday; Saturday show- l cooler.
ia—Fair, continued warm Friday; y showers and cooler, fresh south- nds.
esee—Fair Friday; Saturday show- r cooler.

THE LATEST.

Ball, under sentence of life ment for the murder of Jack Middlesboro, escaped from the Richmond yesterday, with three risoners, all regarded as des- men. The four overpowered the nd locked him in the cell they st left. A posse was organized in pursuit, but it is believed he men had assistance waiting on tside.

ection having been made yester- o the immediate consideration of conference report on the Railroad e Bill, the Speaker immediately ed the Committee on Rules togeth- and, as a result, Mr. Dalzell re- d a rule suspending the second on of Rule 29, that conference re- s must be printed and lie over one before being acted upon.

arry Thaw was indicted yesterday murder in the first degree, his wife g excused from testifying. The sician who performed the autopsy that Stanford White, had he not killed, could not have lived more two years, as he suffered from ee fatal ailments, the result of his esses.

Warrants were issued yesterday at Murray against the Southern Express Company, charging violation of the law forbidding shipment of liquor into local option districts. The company claims the law is unconstitutional as regards interstate traffic, and will fight the warrants through all the courts.

Shelby S. Rouse, of Kenton county, s been elected president by the Ken- cky Bar Association. Among the vements planned for the next year fo raise the standard of the appli- allowed to practice, and to secure ouisville the next meeting of the ican Bar Association.

great independent telephone serv- has about been arranged for, to er all the States in the Middle West nd South. The new company, it is aimed, is to start with the greater ortion of the business in its terri-

don's royal court was made e yesterday by the presentation and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth. al circle was numerous and the on of the King, Queen and of- of state was exceptionally bril- iant.

A Japanese, before being hanged in Honolulu for wife murder, apologized to is native and adopted lands for hav- g disgraced the one and incon- nienced the other. A Porto Rican as executed at the same time for a illar crime.

The Interstate Commerce Commis- on, sitting in New Orleans, began an nvestigation of oil rates affecting even Southern States. Witnesses told how the Standard Oil Trust handled mall dealers.

Lexington has begun an attempt to aise $10,000 as a guarantee fund for e State Fair, but the Chamber of mmerce decided to refuse the fair less the permanent location is fixed Lexington.

President Palma sent a message to Cuban Congress asking for the im- diate appropriation of $2,500,000 for vering and $1,000,000 for increasing water supply of Havana.

enators Fulton, Clapp, Sutherland, tin and Overman were yesterday inted members on behalf of the e of the joint committee recently ded for the revision of the laws.

a vote of 193 to 45 the House vot- stand by the House conferees on eat inspection amendment to the ultural Bill and the conferees reappointed.

arrants were taken out by the city hiladelphina against thirteen ice s, who are accused of conspiring prices.

n A. M. Adair, of Portland, was imously nominated for Congress e Democrats of the Eighth district diana.

ween 16,000 and 17,000 persons have ered in Montana for the drawing 76w Lands, which begins next ay.

e Democrats and the Independent ublicans of Vermont have nomi- d a fusion State ticket.

isconsin Democrats indorsed Wil- n J. Bryan for the Democratic presi- ntial nomination in 1908.

James Mason fell from a bridge in Bloomfield, Ind., and broke his neck, lying instantly.

The thirty-third annual Chautauqua Assembly opened yesterday at Chau- tauqua, N. Y.

The Senate last night passed the Public Building Bill and the General Deficiency Bill.

SEN. M'CREARY ISSUES CARD

Formally Announces For the United States Senate.

Asks Indorsement By Democratic Party.

Second-Term Precedent In Kentucky.

SUBMITS TO VOTERS OF STATE

Richmond, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Senator James B. McCreary to-day through a friend in his home city authorized the issuance of his formal announcement as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the seat in the United States Senate to be filled at the next session of the General Assembly.

It is expected that Congress will adjourn at the end of this week, when Senator McCreary expects to leave Washington at once, returning to Kentucky to actively begin his campaign. Senator McCreary's card is as follows:

* * *

Senator McCreary's Card.

To the Democrats of Kentucky:

I have in various newspaper interviews declared my candidacy for United States Senator, and I now, over my own signature, submit to you my candidacy for the nomination as United States Senator according to the plan announced by the Democratic Executive Committee of Kentucky.

For the honor conferred upon me in 1902, when I was elected United States Senator, I am sincerely grateful. I have tried to be faithful and efficient, and the manner in which I have discharged my official duties I leave to the unprejudiced judgment of the people of Kentucky.

I have always been in favor of primary elections fairly and legally held, and I have always been opposed to bossism or machine rule. When I was first a candidate for United States Senator the other candidates and myself agreed to a primary election to be held two months before the election of United States Senator by the General Assembly, but the State Democratic Committee did not deem it for the best interests of the Democratic party, and refused to order a primary election.

The proposed primary election is ordered to be held many months earlier than any primary election to nominate either State officers or United States Senator was ever held in Kentucky or in any other State. For many years primaries or conventions in our State to nominate candidates for State officers have been held in May or June of the year in which the candidates nominated were to be voted for at the November election, and it has been heretofore believed that said primaries should not occur when presidential or congressional elections are held, so that antional and State issues would be separated.

* * *

Rule Violated.

The primary election ordered to be held on the 6th of next November will occur on the regular election day, when Representatives in Congress will be elected, and this primary election was called eighteen months before the election of a United States Senator by the General Assembly, and two years and eight months before the Senator elected can take his seat in the United States Senate, and candidates for State offices will be nominated twelve months before they can be elected, and the call for a primary to nominate them so early is in violation of the rule adopted by the Democrats at the last State convention in 1904.

The success of the Democratic party should be paramount to the success of any individual, and the governing authorities of the Democratic party should act for the benefit of the whole Democratic party and not for the benefit of a few Democrats.

* * *

Victory Seems Assured.

The outlook for Democratic victory in the next national election is brighter than it has been in years, and becoming more favorable every day. Kentucky Democrats must give no aid to "rule or ruin" policies, but uphold wise and just policies that will keep Kentucky in the Democratic column with an increased Democratic majority.

I have perfect confidence in the Democrats of Kentucky, and I willingly and gladly submit to their judgment and their action my aspiration for a second term in the United States Senate.

I have always been a faithful, loyal Democrat, and I have worked and made speeches in every campaign in our State for thirty years, and I have always when in office given all of my time to the faithful discharge of my duties, and when our State had been Republican several years, and I was requested by the Democratic authorities to take charge of the campaign in 1899, I managed the campaign, visited many counties in the State and organized and made many speeches, and with the aid of my brother Democrats we redeemed the State from Republican rule and gave a majority to our candidate for Governor and our candidate for President.

Precedents are not lacking in Kentucky for giving to her Senators, whose services have proven satisfactory, second and third terms, and as Democrats have not objected to or criticised my record I am asking an indorsement.

* * *

Important Work To Come.

Legislation on important questions and the great issues now before our country concern the welfare of the people more than ever before, and I trust my experience and my investigation make me better equipped for faithful and efficient discharge of my duties if I am re-elected.

The Democratic majority in Kentucky is small when both political parties vote their full strength. Our majorities in recent years, as compared with those twenty-five years ago, admonish us of the necessity of earnest and united party action. Every Democrat who participates in the primary election should endeavor to strengthen our party and improve its prospects for victory at the regular election by conducting the campaign on a high and honorable plane, and by seeing that every candidate has justice and fair play, and that an honest primary is held and every vote counted as cast.

Respectfully,
JAMES B. M'CREARY.
Richmond, Ky., June 28, 1906.

BANKS WILL RESIST TAX COLLECTIONS

SERVE NOTICE ON STATE BOARD OF VALUATION.

DECISION OF COURT OF APPEALS WILL BE REQUIRED.

NEW LAW JUST EFFECTIVE.

Frankfort, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Attorneys B. F. Roach and T. H. Hardin, of Harrodsburg, representing the Mercer National Bank and the First National Bank of Harrodsburg, appeared before the Board of Valuation this morning and gave notice that those institutions would resist the collection from them of taxes for this year under the provisions of the new bank tax act of the late Assembly session. All other national banks in the State will likely decline to pay the tax until the matter is taken to the courts and the question of their liability determined.

The act in question became a law June 11 last, ninety days following the closing of the regular session of the General Assembly.

It provides for an assessment for this year on a report up to April 1 of this year. The law was enacted to make banks pay taxes on the funds which they have in Government bonds, and on which they were held to be not liable under the old law.

If the contention of the Harrodsburg banks is sustained, the national banks will escape tax for this year. They do not in this proceeding attack the constitutionality of the act, but merely that they cannot be required to report as of a date before the law became operative, and cannot be required to pay taxes for this year.

APOLOGIZES

TO NATIVE AND ADOPTED LAND FOR HIS CRIME.

Japanese Wife Murderer Executed With Similar Offender From Porto Rico.

Honolulu, June 28.—Okomomotu, Japanese, and Lorenzo Colon, a native of Porto Rico, both uxoricides, were hanged here to-day. The Japanese, in a speech from the gallows, begged the pardon of his home Government for having disgraced the nation, and of the local Government for causing it the trouble of executing him. Both men confessed to having murdered their wives.

CHICAGO HAS TWO DEATHS FROM HEAT.

Chicago, June 28.—This was the hottest day of the year, the mercury reaching a maximum of 91. Two deaths were attributed to the heat. There were several prostrations.

DEMOCRATS HAVE CHANCE

To Win Congressional Election With Adair.

Alexandria, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—The congressional convention of theh Eighth district, this city, to-day nominated John A. M. Adair, of Portland, for Congress by acclamation. The district for eight years has been Republican by 2,000, but fierce factional fights between Republican Congressman Cromer, who was renominated, and Stillwell, defeated candidate for nomination, it is believed will result in the election of a Democrat. Adair is very popular. He was elected City and County Clerk, also Representative. He is a banker and druggist at Portland.

LOCK JAILER IN THEIR OWN CELL

Four Prisoners Escape From Richmond Jail.

Frank Ball Aided By Wife In Breaking Away.

Noted Prisoner Leads Three Others With Him.

ARMED POSSE IN PURSUIT.

Richmond, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Overpowering the deputy jailer and locking him in the cell they had occupied previously, Frank Ball, under life sentence for the murder of Jack Bolen, and three other prisoners made their escape from the jail here just after supper to-night. They have not been recaptured, although a strong posse is following their trail, which leads to the mountains, the home of Ball and two of the other men who escaped. It is believed that at least one of the men was armed with a revolver before leaving the jail, and that since their escape they have been provided with arms and horses by friends who expected them to make their dash.

Mrs. Frank Ball was the means by which the escape was effected, although it is not now charged that she did it intentionally. Mrs. Ball had been in the jail all afternoon talking to her husband. J. W. Leads, the deputy jailer, went into the cell to escort Mrs. Ball out, and as they passed through the door Leads was attacked by Steve Turner, a mountaineer and friend of Ball. Jim Turner, another prisoner, and Ball also joined in the attack and the jailer was quickly overpowered and his keys taken from him.

* * *

Brave Woman Intervenes.

The attempt to escape was almost frustrated through the bravery of Mrs. Leads, the wife of the jailer. She heard the scuffle in the cell, and ran into the jail to see what it was about. Seeing the men leaving, she grabbed the last one who was going through the door. He broke away from her only after a sharp struggle. Mrs. Leads then released her husband and gave the alarm. The posse was formed, but by the time it was gathered together and horses had been secured, the fugitives had disappeared. All that is known is that they went toward the mountains.

Frank Ball was convicted at Middlesboro on the charge of murdering Bolen, a barber, some months ago. It was feared that an effort would be made to release Ball if he was kept in the jail at Middlesboro, so he was taken to Richmond for safe keeping, pending the result of an appeal.

In the same section of the jail with Ball were confined the two Turners, one charged with cattle stealing and the other with shooting and wounding an election officer, and Jim Saylor, who is under a sentence of fifteen years in the penitentiary on a charge of manslaughter.

* * *

Overpower Jailer.

This afternoon Mrs. Ball, accompanied by her little son, came to Richmond and went to the jail to see her husband. She was admitted to his cell and remained with him for some time. This afternoon she returned to the jail and was again admitted. When Leads went to lock the men up for the night he escorted Mrs. Ball and her son out. As Leads turned to pass out the door Steve Turner grabbed him and Jim Turner also caught him by the arm. It is said that one of the Turners had a revolver and presented it at the jailer's head. At any rate, the jailer was overpowered quickly and his keys were taken from him. He was locked in the cell, and the four prisoners, accompanied by Mrs. Ball, made a break for liberty.

Mrs. Leads reached the outer door just as Saylor, who was behind, was passing through. She grabbed him and would have been able to prevent him from escaping had not Mrs. Ball caught her and pulled her away from the man. The four prisoners then ran through the jailyard and that was the last seen of them.

* * *

Lee Turner's Relatives.

The Turners are relatives of Lee Turner, of "Quarter House" fame, and both are said to be dangerous men. From the quickness with which they disappeared after leaving the jail it is believed by the officers here that they had outside assistance and that they were supplied with arms and horses. Should the men reach the mountains it would be difficult to capture them.

BOTH BROWNLOW AND EVANS

Claiming the Best of It In Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., June 28.—[Special.]—The Republicans held county conventions throughout the State to-day, and while Evans was generally indorsed for Governor there was a lively scramble for control of the party machinery. At this hour the result is doubtful, both Brownlow and Evans men claiming enough congressional districts to give them control of the State Committee. Several counties held two conventions, which will give the State convention plenty of work.

NONUNIONISTS CAPTURE HOPEWELL PRESBYTERY.

Whereupon Comes a Turbulence That Takes Many Ramifications.

Nashville, Tenn., June 28.—[Special.]—There was an exciting scene in Hopewell Presbytery of the Presbyterian (formerly Cumberland) Church at McKenzie yesterday when the nonunionists captured the organization. The turbulence was so great at one time that Stated Clerk W. L. Noel started to call in the town police.

As soon as the Presbytery, which had a representation of thirty churches, met, a resolution barring every minister and church representative "who had heretofore or does now declare allegiance to the Presbyterian Church of the United States of America" was offered, and then the fire began. The reunionists made a vigorous protest, but the other side was so strong that the former finally withdrew, elected the Rev. O. E. Gardner moderator and proceeded to declare themselves the real Hopewell Presbytery of the Presbyterian Church.

CHICAGO CENTER OF GREAT 'PHONE SYSTEM

INDEPENDENTS PERFECT PLANS FOR WIDE SERVICE.

KENTUCKY TO BE INCLUDED IN GIGANTIC MERGER.

STRONG PLAY FOR BUSINESS.

Chicago, Ill., June 28.—[Special.]—Chicago is to become the center of a great independent telephone system, built with the newly incorporated Manufacturers' Telephone Company as its center.

This was announced to-day on the authority of persons in close touch with the Illinois Manufacturers' Association and the National Independent Telephone Association, now in convention in Chicago. Long distance service and connections will be given the independent telephone systems of Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Kentucky and all the Southern States.

At the same time there came evidences of a crisis in the affairs of the Illinois Tunnel Company and its subsidiary telephone system in Chicago. The company's stock fell more than 10 points from yesterday's high price, going down from 51¾ to 41¼.

It is asserted the ordinance being prepared for the Manufacturers' Telephone Company, which is backed by the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, will be ready for the Chicago council within a week. St. Louis was chosen as the next convention city, and it was decided to admit all independent lines of Canada to the association.

The following officers were elected: President, James B. Hoge, of Cleveland; vice president, Theodore Gary, of Macon, Mo.; Charles E. Sumner, of Portland, Ore.; treasurer, J. G. Splane, of Pittsburg; secretary, W. M. Traer, of Vinton, Ia.; assistant secretary, Davis J. Harney, Cleveland.

NEW SANITARIUM

WILL BE ERECTED BY KENTUCKY BAPTISTS.

To Be Located In Louisville In Near Future—Committee Raising Funds.

Richmond, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Kentucky Lay Baptists, in session here to-day gave their approval to a plan for the erection and maintenance of a sanitarium to be located in Louisville. A committee was appointed to select a location and arrange some plan for the raising of the necessary funds.

The association adjourned this afternoon, to meet again next year in Mayfield, with the Rev. Dr. E. C. Dargan, of Danville, as the preacher, and the Rev. Dr. L. K. Wilson, of Louisville, as alternate. Shelbyville and Louisville contended for the honor of having the next meeting, but Mayfield won easily.

The Rev. Dr. W. O. Carver, of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, delivered an address to-day on the work of the seminary and a collection was taken for the students' volunteer work. Subscriptions amounting to $11,000 were made. The Rev. J. T. Watts, secretary of the State Sunday-school, spoke in the interests of the meeting of the State Baptist Young Peoples' Union, which is to be held in Owensboro this summer. The Rev. Dr. E. Y. Mullins spoke on Home Missions.

Prohibition and the liquor traffic were discussed at a large meeting held to-night. Several speakers discussed the topic, among them being Senator J. W. Cammack and G. W. Young, of Georgetown.

WANT CAMMACK FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Petition In Circulation In Richmond Asking Him To Run.

Richmond, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—A movement was begun here to-day for Senator J. W. Cammack to enter the race for the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor, and a petition was circulated asking him to become a candidate. A large number of names were signed to the petition, and it will be presented to Senator Cammack later.

SHELBY ROUSE HONORED BY BAR

New President of State Association.

Members Enjoy Trip To Natural Bridge.

Move To Raise Standard of Law Applicants.

JOHN D. CARROLL'S ADDRESS.

Winchester, Ky., July 28.—[Special.]—The Kentucky Bar Association, which has been in session here since yesterday noon, adjourned this afternoon after electing the following officers:

President—Shelby S. Rouse, Kenton county.

Vice Presidents—First Appellate district, W. T. Drury, Union county.

Second Appellate district, Wilbur F. Browder, Logan county.

Third Appellate district, W. L. Porter, Glasgow.

Fourth Appellate district, Wilkins G. Anderson, Jefferson county.

Fifth Appellate district, R. C. Talbott, Bourbon county.

Sixth Appellate district, Thomas R. Brown, Boyd county.

Seventh Appellate district, D. L. Logan county.

Secretary, R. A. McDowell, Louisville.

Treasurer, R. C. Stoll, Fayette county.

Executive Committee—John S. Kelley, Nelson county; L. C. Willis, Shelby county; T. K. Helm, Jefferson county; John E. Du Bose, Warren county, and Bernard Flexner, Louisville.

It was the unanimous opinion of the members that the meeting was the most successful ever held and there is a general belief that the association can wield a greater influence than ever before for the welfare of the bar of the State.

The delegates were treated to a trip to Natural Bridge by the local members of the association this afternoon and to a banquet to-night, and it was the general opinion among Winchester people that "The Gateway to the Mountains" was never wider open. Her guests will subscribe to this, for when it comes to hospitality this little city has no reason to take her hat off to any municipality.

"Regulation of Railroad Rates" was the subject of an address by the Hon. John D. Carroll, of New Castle. The speech was a finished one and dealt with every phase of the subject.

* * *

Mr. Carroll's Speech.

Mr. Carroll said in part:

As a result of my investigations of this subject I concluded that the power of the States and Congress to prescribe railroad rates may now be regarded as a question not open to dispute, and this power may be exercised either directly by the legislative bodies or granted to a commission; that the right to prescribe rates is a legislative prerogative and the right to say whether the rate prescribed is reasonable or not is a judicial function; that neither the legislative bodies nor commissions have the power to prescribe rates that will deny the railroad companies the privilege of earning a fair income upon the property invested; that when rates have been prescribed, the presumption is that they are reasonable and the burden is on the carrier to show the contrary.

I have not examined or referred to the opinions of State Courts because every question of importance involving the regulation of railroad rates will ultimately go to the Supreme Court of the United States, and the people and the railroad may both rest satisfied that that great tribunal, when it comes to determine the case, will do justice between the parties, and the fact that the judiciary must ultimately adjudge what is right and fair between the people upon the one side and these great corporations upon the other, is but another of many evidences that the courts of the country are the tribunals to which all of us must at last look to protect our rights and redress our wrongs, whether they be large or small, great as the the executive and legislative branches of the Government, the final arbiter of the life and fortune of the citizen is the judge.

* * *

Rights of Railways.

In conclusion, I wish to add that the disposition upon the part of many persons to deny to owners of railway properties the right to a fair interest in their investment ought not to be encouraged any more than the desire to unreasonably or unnecessarily embarrass or interfere with the management or control of the great carriers that have contributed more than any other agency to the growth and prosperity, the enlightment and education of our people. At the same time it is well to keep constantly before the mind of both the railroads and the people that the railroads are the servants of the people and not their masters, that they exercise public functions and are in a sense agents of the government, created by it for the purpose of performing duties that it might discharge for itself, and that rebating, discrimination and extortion will not be tolerated by the American people.

* * *

Gov. Beckham Detained.

Gov. Beckham, who had been invited to attend to-day's session, wired that important business would prevent him from coming to Winchester. Mr. Thomas W. Thomas, of Bowling Green, also wired that he could not keep his engagement to speak on "County Fiscal Affairs—Their Management and Mismanagement." Mr. Robert L. Greene, chairman of the Committee on Preservation of Records, reported in part as follows:

"What little has been said or done upon the subject has been to provide a way that public records which have become torn, obliterated or in a ruinous condition from long usage, want of care or inadequate place for handling, may be rebound or transcribed. The only general law we find on the subject now on the statute book is found in sections 1,632 and 1,633, which provide that when records get in the condition above described, they may be rebound or transcribed—not that they shall be. It is purely optional with a sometimes parsimonious Fiscal Court as to whether these records shall go to complete destruction or whether they will order them renewed for the generations to follow."

The report of Mr. Greene was one of the best read at the meeting of the association, and, it is believed, will result in an effort being made to preserve the records of the Kentucky courts in the most modern way.

* * *

A resolution was adopted which provides for the association doing all in its power to secure the meeting of the American Bar Association for next year for Louisville.

The association adopted a resolution thanking the people of Winchester for their hospitable treatment.

The following resolution which was adopted was offered by John C. Strother, of Louisville:

Whereas, The increase of the tax on appeals will double the amount of the fund set apart by law for the purchase of books for the law library at Frankfort, which in connection with the building of the new Capitol and the growing business of the Court of Appeals and otherwise, has greatly increased the importance of the library,

Therefore be it resolved, That the Executive Comittee be and it is directed to consider and report to the next meeting of this association whether any, and, if any, what changes or improvements should be recommended by this association in the organization and management of the library.

L. D. Rouse, chairman of the Committee on Law Reform and the new president read a report aof which the following is a part:

"Another matter which the committee considers of the very greatest importance was referred to it at the last annual meeting. This was in the nature of a memorial to the Court of Appeals requesting the adoption of a rule providing for the abstracting and priting of records on appeals. Neither the bench nor the bar should be satisfied nor even willing to use a system as long as a better one is possible and the committee does not hesitate to that the present system of preparing transcripts of appeal is out of date and fitted only to the uses of a past generation. It is not fair to the court and we emphatically say it is wholly unfair to attorneys and litigants.

Each Judge should have before him a record of the case he is supposed to consider and no other plan will suffice.

Another measure of vital importance is one touching admissions to the bar. We especially recommend that this association take no backward step in the matter of elevating the standard of admission of the bar.

We therefore recommend united and earnest work on the part of the association in procuring the creation of a State commission whose duty it shall be to see to it that those of only good moral and character shall try for admission to the bar, and who shall provide for a thorough and vigorous examination of those applying.

* * *

Raising the Standard.

Oen of the most important features of the meeting was the report of the Committee on Legal Education and Admission to the Bar. The committee is composed of George C. Webb, chairman; Charles O. Grubbs, E. B. Beard and Thomas R. Phister. The report in part follows: Realizing the full sense of its duty to the association in recommending the proper course to be pursued, the committee submits this report, not with the idea of performing an unwelcome task, but with the sincere hope that this shall be a real beginning of a change in the methods so long prevalent in Kentucky. That the present system of examination and admission to the bar in this State is almost a failure so far as practical results are concerned must be admitted by all. It is a rare case that any applicant is refused admission, and an investigation of any local bar in this State would reveal practicing attorneys to whom licenses should never have been granted. The very fact that so many members of the bar are incompetent and ignorant is one of the chief hindrances to true progress and reform in this matter. Attorneys who under the present system are appointed by the court to conduct examinations, admit applicants whom they know to be incompetent, but in excuse of their conduct say: "Well, they know as much as some lawyers who are already admitted, and we do not want to put up a fence just here."

"But this is exactly what must be done; and since we have seen that the committees appointed by the court will not do their duty, we must try another method and ask the Legislature to pass a law that will secure the desired ends. Such a law, indeed, would not cure the errors of the past, but it would afford relief in the future. In nearly every State more or less effective measures have been adopted to remedy the trouble. On examination of the laws which have been passed in different States upon this subject has convinced us that great good can be accomplished by proper legislation, and the law, a copy of which your committee submits, will, if adopted and properly enforced, raise the standard of the bar in Kentucky to that already attained in a number of the Eastern States. Its provisions are not drastic and any applicant with the opportunities which these days afford for obtaining an education, with reasonable application and diligence, can easily obtain admission to the bar under the terms of this law. If he cannot pass the examination which such a law requires, he is unfit to attend to business of his clients in the courts.

* * *

Law Is Necessary.

Such a law is necessary to subserve the true interest of both the people and the bar. Teh report was referred to the Committee on Law Reform with instructions to endeavor to have the bill passed by the Legislature. The bill submitted by the committee which it is desired become a law provides for the appointment of a commission by the Court of Appeals to examine applicants for admission to the bar. The applicants must have common school educations and must stand examination on twelve subjects designated in the bill and must make an average of 75 per cent. to be admitted to the bar. The Court of Appeals will grant licenses to successful applicants.

FIRE LOSSES SMALL.

KENTUCKY MADE GOOD SHOWING DURING PAST YEAR.

Underwriters In Session At Olympian Springs—Elect Officers To-day.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The Kentucky Board of Fire Underwriters began a two-days' session at Olympian Springs to-day, William Sowards, president, and C. S. Snyder, secretary, were on hand. There are about sixty-five insurance men of the State present and every member of the Executive Board. The entire day was taken up with routine business, reports being made and brief talks on "Insurance" by the various members. All the routine business was finished and the executive session will be held tomorrow at which time officers will be elected for the ensuing term. The meeting is one of unusual interest, the reports showing the association to be in excellent condition and fire losses in the State to have been less than the previous year.

RECOMMEND APPOINTMENT OF OLD FORECASTER.

The Normal and Commercial School Committee of the Louisville School Board met last night at the School Board building and recommended the reappointment of all the present members of the faculties of all those institutions. The recommendations, it is said, also include an increase in salaries of the teachers, corresponding to that recommended for the teache in the various high schools on M day night.

OWENS WINS NOMINATION

Republicans Name Ex-Democrat For Congress.

Clayton B. Blakey Withdraws Before Vote.

Outgeneraled and Outvoted In Convention.

NIGHT OF STORMY DISORDER.

In one of the stormiest and disorderly conventions ever held in Louisville, W. C. Owens, and ex-Democrat, was given the Republican nomination for Congress in the Fifth district last night. Before the ballots were counted, Clayton B. Blakey, the machine candidate, withdrew.

FIRST BLOOD FOR OWENS.

Captures Temporary Organization With Independent Votes.

The delegates were slow in entering the hall owing to the intense heat on the inside and the good music made by the band on the outside. It was 8:25 o'clock when Chairman John W. Cassaday, of the Congressional Committee, rapped for order. It was fully ten minutes before the delegates could be prevailed on to be seated.

The Rev. Horace G. Ogden, of Trinity Methodist church, offered prayer. By motion the reading of the call was dispensed with.

The call for nominations for temporary chairman was the first chance for the candidates, W. C. Owens and Clayton B. Blakey, to show their strength. The Blakey forces nominated George T. Wood and the Owens forces placed the name of William A. Earle, of the county, in nomination. Ed Hilpp, of the Sixth ward and chairman of the Municipal Club, placed in nomination Gwathmey, of the county, in nomination. As the voting proceeded by wards, it was evident that the race between Wood and Earle was close. The Sixth ward cast its eleven votes for Gwathmey, and the county delegate vote, twenty-five strong, also went for Gwathmey. A part of another ward also went for Gwathmey. Before the count was announced suddenly Jefferson county changed its vote to Earle. The Sixth ward followed suit and the vote as announced stood as follows:

	Wood.	Earle.
First Ward	7	...
Second Ward	14	10
Third Ward	22	...
Fourth Ward	12	...
Fifth Ward	...	18
Sixth Ward	...	11
Seventh Ward	10	...
Eighth Ward	...	10
Ninth Ward	...	11
Tenth Ward	...	10
Eleventh Ward	20	...
Twelfth Ward	15	15
County	...	28
Total	99	126

The committees adjourned to the basement of the hall at 9:50 o'clock and the convention took a recess.

* * *

Seats Owens Delegation.

At 10:40 o'clock the Committee on Credentials announced it was ready to report. The report said that the only contest was in the Third ward. The committee recommended that all the delegations be seated as enrolled except in the Third ward, and declared in favor of seating the Owens delegation.

The report was adopted unanimously.

* * *

Elects Colored Secretary.

Four candidates were placed in nomination for temporary secretary. Otto Yost, J. H. Hambrick, Lewis Y. Johnson and S. W. Jordon, colored. The first ballot resulted, Yost, 89; Jordon, 59; Hambrick, 61; Johnson, 18. On motion the hindmost man was dropped.

The second ballot stood: Yost, 98; Jordon, 79; Hambrick, 58.

Jordon was elected on the third ballot, the vote being, Jordon, 128; Yost, 99.

Dr. C. I. Graves and John Reeder were appointed a committe to escort William A. Earl, the temporary chairman, to the chair. Mr. Earl immediately called for the delegations to send up names of delegates they desired to represent them on the standing committees. In about fifteen minutes of the committees were announced as follows:

Committee on Resolutions.
First Ward—John E. Carney.
Second Ward—Gus Neurath.
Third Ward—George T. Wood.
Fourth Ward—Dr. Merchant.
Fifth Ward—Thomas Burnet.
Sixth Ward—Jos F. Grinstead.
Seventh Ward—Hill Spalding.
Eighth Ward—P. H. Everett.
Ninth Ward—Robert Claxton.
Tenth Ward—M. N. Yancy.
Eleventh Ward—William Hardin.
Twelfth Ward—Joe Bradburn.
County—Albert S. Dietzman.

Committee on Credentials.
First Ward—George H. Humbert.
Second Ward—William G. Lutz.
Third Ward—John T. Bashaw.
Fourth Ward—Ed Marcus.
Fifth Ward—Louis Hyman.
Sixth Ward—R. O. Bailey.
Seventh Ward—Charles Sonnie.
Eighth Ward—R. L. Harris.
Ninth Ward—S. F. Harlan.
Tenth Ward—W. H. Leonard.
Eleventh Ward—John E. Stone.
Twelfth Ward—M. H. Stewart.
County—A. Conrad.

Committee on Order of Business and Rules.
First Ward—Edward Weisert.
Second Ward—George Kihnley.
Third Ward—James Oldham.
Fourth Ward—Isaac Ledford.
Fifth Ward—D. Wilson.
Sixth Ward—E. H. Hielpp.
Seventh Ward—Ed Phoff.
Eighth Ward—T. H. Hall.
Ninth Ward—W. H. Bradford.
Tenth Ward—Dr. L. Payne.
Eleventh Ward—Henry Tehler.
Twelfth Ward—J. H. Hambrick.
County—W. H. Gaar.

Committee on Permanent Organization.
First Ward—Harry Browning.
Second Ward—Ernest Horn.
Third Ward—Charles G. Graves.
Fourth Ward—W. K. Somners.
Fifth Ward—L. Hyman.
Sixth Ward—Otto Yost.
Seventh Ward—Herman Boone.
Eighth Ward—J. H. Johnson.
Ninth Ward—James Whallen.
Tenth Ward—James Green.
Eleventh Ward—Ed Hansbury.
Twelfth Ward—A. Ramsay.
County—J. G. Strong.

* * *

Resolutions Adopted.

The Republican party of Jefferson county, in convention assembled, reaffirm the historic principles of our party and declare that fidelity thereto is essential to the progress, welfare and honor of this Republic.

We declare our unreserved faith and

admiration for our great leader, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, and affirm that his course in high office marks him as the leading statesman of this age, and confirm the judgment of the American people in entrusting this government to the Republican party.

We declare for the election from this district of a Congressman pledged to the support of the present administration of the national government and faithful to the principles of the Republican party.

And, finally, we denounce the debauching of the ballot box by the local Democratic machine, whereby the citizens of this district have for years been disfranchised. We denounce the methods of the Democratic party in thwarting the will of the people at the polls and making a farce of all elections.

FIRE BREAKS OUT IN FEHR'S BOTTLING WORKS.

Fire was discovered in the storeroom adjoining the bottling establishment of the Frank Fehr brewery on Green street at 8 o'clock last night by one of the boys at work in the bottling room. Smoke was issuing from the room in which was stored hundreds of burlap bags containing small corrugated paper wrappers for bottles. Several buckets of water were dashed on the fire before the firemen arrived, which had the effect only of increasing the smoke, which by then had filled the bottling room. The firemen dug to the bottom of a heap of the bags and found that the fire had started there. Thirty or forty of the bags were ablaze and threatened to communicate the fire to the other contents of the room. A hand extinguisher sufficed to put out the blaze, which is thought to have been caused by spontaneous combustion.

HOTTEST PLACE IN OHIO VALLEY

LOUISVILLE SWELTERED UNDER 94 DEGREES.

WITHIN FOUR DEGREES OF LAST YEAR'S HOTTEST DAY.

WERE SOME PROSTRATIONS.

Loyal Kentuckians yesterday admitted that the State did suffer some disadvantages when the mercury climbed up to the 94-degree mark in June and when there was nothing to do but endure. Sweltering humanity perspired and drank ice water and other liquids and perspired some more and repeated the process all day long. The front side of an electric fan and the interior of an ice chest were the only comfortable places reported in all Louisville yesterday.

Louisville was from two to four degrees hotter than any other place in the Ohio Valley yesterday, and in Tennessee the temperature ranged from 88 to 92 degrees at their best. The other cities of the State were cooler than Louisville and those of adjoining States had much the advantage. The hottest place on the map yesterday was El Paso, with 106 degrees of warmth. The mercury in the local observation station did some remarkable acrobatic stunts yesterday, as is shown by the following readings:

5 a. m.	71	12 m.	90
6 a. m.	73	1 p. m.	92
7 a. m.	77	2 p. m.	93
8 a. m.	82	3 p. m.	94
9 a. m.	86	4 p. m.	93
10 a. m.	88	5 p. m.	91
10:30 a. m.	90	6 p. m.	90
11 a. m.	92	7 p. m.	88
11:30 a. m.	89	8 p. m.	85

The mercury yesterday rose to within four degrees of last year's record. The hot weather last year, too, if it be remembered, came in June, and the hottest day of the whole summer was June 18, just at the close of the Confederate Reunion, when the mercury got up as high as 98 degrees.

Continued warm weather is the best that the weather man could do last night. It is dry and cool along the Atlantic coast, he said, and the cool streak acts as a barrier to prevent the warm winds from the South from passing out upon the ocean. There is no other place for them to go but North and that is the reason for the warm weather. There is no rain nor sign of rain in sight, he said, and predicted generally fair and continued warm weather for to-day and to-morrow.

* * *

Prostrated By Heat.

James Hallahan, of 722 West Kentucky street, was overcome by heat yesterday while at work on the roof of a house at Brook and Bloom streets. Hallahan is a tinner and was engaged in soldering some tin plates when he toppled over and began to roll toward the roof's edge. Some fellow workmen saw his danger and seized him as he was almost on the point of being dashed to the street. He was taken to the City Hospital where he was revived and sent to his home.

A charcoal peddler who refused to give his name, succumbed to the heat and fell on the pavement in front of Bakrow's cigar store on Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth avenues, yesterday afternoon. He had just delivered a heavy bag full of charcoal to a family residing over the store, and had just descended the stairs when he fainted. A large crowd gathered about the prostrate man and at the suggestion of one of the number he was carried to the barber shop of J. H. Wilson near by, where restoratives were applied. He recovered sufficiently to leave the place at the end of a half hour.

George Johnson, colored, who is employed by the Buckner Tobacco Company at Thirteenth and Rowan streets, fell a victim to the intense heat at noon yesterday. He is a driver and was about to leave the factory with a load of merchandise when he fell to the pavement. The City Hospital ambulance was summoned and the man was taken to his home at Twenty-first and Madison streets.

REGIMENTAL PARADE POSTPONED A MONTH.

The regimental parade, which was to be held to-night at the Armory, has been postponed until the fourth Friday night in July. The change was made by order of Col. W. B. Haldeman, commanding the First regiment.

Warrant For Contractor.

A warrant was sworn out yesterday afternoon for the arrest of M. C. Fullenlove, a contractor, who is cited to appear to show cause why he should not be fined for violation of the building ordinance which provides that alleys and streets shall not be obstructed during the erection or repairing of a building. It is alleged that he has blockaded the streets in front of 806 First street, where he is building a house.

Politely invite

Your hotel waiter to serve

Grape-Nuts

The Food will come.

GROTE GETS HIS PAPERS

Dismissed From Mutual Protective Association.

Found Guilty of Keeping Open On Sunday.

Will Not Be Tolerated By Saloonkeepers.

Magistrate Hoffman Chafes Under Delay of Cases.

WANTS OTHER PROSECUTORS.

A complaint against Christian Grote, a member of this association, for having violated its rules, and his agreement and the law of the State prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors on Sunday, June 24, 1906, was this day heard upon evidence presented before the Executive Committee, and the committee being unanimously of the opinion that he is guilty, it is now ordered that he be, and he is, expelled from membership in the Mutual Protective Association.

The above notice was sent to the Courier-Journal last night by J. C. Boardman, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Mutual Protective Association.

It was announced last week that the committee would have full control of the organization and its members and at the same time the committee declared that it would insist that the members of the association obey the law strictly.

It was said that the association had determined to see that summary action be taken against any of its members who failed to obey the law, and the case of Christian Grote was the first presented. Similar action will be taken against all members who are found guilty of breaking the law.

HOFFMAN CHAFES.

Will Get Someone Other Than County Attorney To Prosecute Cases.

Sixteen cases of alleged violation of the Sunday-closing law were called in Magistrate Frank Hoffman's court yesterday and continued until July 5 upon motion of County Attorney Bingham. As immediate trials of Sunday-closing cases had been insisted upon last week the continuance is considered significant, especially as the Commonwealth has all the evidence it needs for the prosecution of the cases.

Magistrate Hoffman appeared somewhat disappointed at the request for a continuance and was inclined to chafe under the delay. It is evident that he believes other motives beside the usual custom of continuing criminal cases, actuated the county attorney in his request for their later trial, for he remarked yesterday afternoon to the reporter, "If Mr. Bingham or Mr. Page don't want to prosecute these cases, I'm going to get someone who will."

* * *

Mr. Bingham Wants Plenty Time.

County Attorney Bingham would have very little to say regarding his reason for requesting the cases continued except that it was the usual custom in criminal cases to have the trials set for a date a few days later than that on which they were first called. This, he said, was for the purpose of enabling the prosecution and the defense to secure evidence and other data. "These Sunday-closing cases in particular," he said, "require very careful handling, and I saw that I could not do them justice yesterday. Beside there were so many of them it would have been almost a physical impossibility to dispose of them. I am not prepared to disclose anything more in relation to my reasons for having the cases continued—that is, not at present."

* * *

After Competitors.

Most of the cases were against Jews, and several of them stated that their defense will be that they observed Saturday as their Sabbath, and, under the law, are entitled to keep open on Sunday. The Magistrate was kept busy during the afternoon in attending to persons who called for warrants against others who conducted the same kind of business as they did. Remaining closed themselves, they were determined that competitors should not engage in business on Sunday, and nearly all of them had evidence, they said, that their neighbor had made sales. Magistrate Hoffman warned them that they must be sure of their evidence, or the swearing out of a warrant would constitute perjury, and most of the applicants left without further parley.

All of the forty warrants issued by Squire Hoffman Tuesday have been served, and no new ones were issued yesterday, although the Magistrate said that he was willing to fill them out as soon as Constable Bartholomew produced the proper evidence. The constable, by the way, has found that he requires assistance in his work, and yesterday two deputies were appointed. They are J. A. C. Van Meter and A. Lazar, who qualified in the County Court as such yesterday morning.

"There will be no let up on our part," said Magistrate Hoffman, "so long as the law remains on the statute books. I am in earnest about this thing, and am going to see the law enforced. Sunday we expect to cover the city pretty well in our search for evidence, and we intend to spare no one who is found violating the law."

* * *

Says $2 Fee Is All Right.

Regarding the ruling made by Judge Shackelford Miller yesterday in the case of Charles R. Albus, a druggist at Shelby and Market streets, who was fined by Magistrate Hoffman for violating the Sunday law, the Magistrate said:

"I will be in court Saturday, and expect to prove to Judge Miller that I have been right in charging the $2 bond fee. There is another section of the statutes which has not been mentioned in this connection, but which justifies me in collecting this amount. As I have said before, I am in touch, I believe, with the best legal talent in the city, and you may be sure that I would not proceed unless I knew exactly where I stood. My motto always has been: 'Be Sure You Are Right, and Then Go Ahead.'"

Judge Miller's ruling requires that Magistrate Hoffman shall appear before him Saturday morning and show cause why he should not remit $1.75 of the $2 bond fee assessed by him upon Mr. Albus.

KENTUCKY TOWNS ARE SUFFERERS

FROM SENATE'S LATTER-DAY ECONOMICAL SPIRIT.

PUBLIC BUILDING BILL CHANGED FROM HOUSE MEASURE.

VAIN FIGHT BY SENATORS.

Washington, June 28.—[Special.]—The Senate Public Building Committee won out all along the line to-night and defeated every amendment offered to change the bill as reported from committee. Senator Blackburn and Senator McCreary both appeared before the committee in an effort to have the House appropriations for Bowling Green and Owensboro retained in the bill.

But the committee reduced both of them, and Senator McCreary carried the fight to the floor of the Senate, where he made an earnest appeal for the original appropriations. He said the matter had been carefully considered by the House Committee and its judgment should stand, especially as the Senate Committee had only had the bill in its hands for a few hours and necessarily could not be as familiar with the needs of the cities as the House Committee. The vote was then taken and the Senate declined to alter the report of its committee. Both of the Kentucky Senators will appear before the Conference Committee and endeavor to have the amounts increased.

The Senate Committee cut down the bill materially, and Kentucky's share of pork, which was $545,000 under the House bill, is reduced. The cuts are as follows: Bowling Green, from $100,000 to $80,000; London, from $65,000 to $40,000; Owensboro, from $175,000 to $125,000.

Versailles gets a $25,000 public building by virtue of Senator Blackburn's efforts. Senator Blackburn introduced the bill for Versailles, and it has been inserted by the Senate as an amendment. Aside from the cuts at Bowling Green, London and Owensboro the bill stands as it was for Kentucky. The addition of the Blackburn bill as an amendment makes the total cut in Kentucky only $70,000.

The appropriation for Catlettsburg was increased from $7,000 to $10,000. This is for a site for a public building. The Senate amendments give Lafayette, Ind., $60,000, and strikes out the Crawfordsville appropriation entirely.

ANTISALOON FIGHT TAKES NEW MOMENTUM.

Kansas City, Kan., Acting Vigorously—Assistant Attorney General's Threat.

Kansas City, June 28.—The anti-saloon crusade at Kansas City, Kas., was renewed to-day with increased vigor. In addition to destroying stocks of liquor and bar fixtures, C. W. Trickett, the Assostant Attorney General, appointed by Gov. Hoch to enforce the prohibition law, to-day threatened to demolish saloon buildings if the owners persisted in renting their places to joint keepers. Many of these buildings are owned by brewing companies. To-day Attorney General Trickett began sending out warnings to property owners.

"This is to notify you," reads the warning, "that if you permit said premises to be again used for the sale of intoxicating liquors, so as to make necessary the issuance of a second writ of abatement, I shall order the premises sufficiently demolished so that no third trip will be necessary, and, in addition, will cite you for contempt of court in aiding and assisting the violation of the order of this court."

There are about 100 saloons in Kansas City, Kas., about fifty of which have been closed. The liquors and fixtures in fifteen of these had been seized by the county officials up to to-day. A portion of this property was destroyed yesterday, and to-day the officials continued to spill liquor and break up costly bars, tables and other furniture already brought in, and to search for still more.

We'll See Our Finish

On Saturday, July 21.

We still employ our whole force in the workrooms to offer you freshly trimmed Hats every day at sacrifice prices. No April styles or shopworn Hats offered here.

Lilienthal's

Market, near Fourth.

Tour To Europe Information.

The tabulation of the vote of contestants will not be printed again until Tuesday morning, July 3. The final count will be made Monday, July 2.

All ballots must be in the Courier-Journal office by or before 12 o'clock noon, Monday, July 2. Ballots bearing date of July 1 will be good for the final count. All ballots bearing date earlier than July 1 (there can be none except singles cut from the paper) will not count after the expiration date printed on the ballot. Watch this.

Contestants in close districts may if they desire send a representative or come themselves to watch the count of their own and their opponents' ballots, provided the representatives or contestants come together by agreement.

All contestants are earnestly urged to bring or send in their ballots as early as possible. Please do not wait until Monday, when there is bound to be a rush. Sort your ballots into classes—all 1,000s together, 700s together, etc.—and this will expedite the final count greatly.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers promptly, and as ordered—by mail or through agent—should notify this office at once.

IMPORTANT GOOD NEWS.

The Courier-Journal has in store a great big surprise for losing or second contestants in districts where a big close vote is cast. Hold on to your ballots, you who are not confident of success, and you will not regret it.

TOUR TO EUROPE NOTES.

The Courier-Journal has received letters from Miss Grace Pollock and Miss Anna L. Shober, withdrawing their names as candidates in the Tour to Europe Contest from District No. 4, and requesting that no ballots whatever be counted for them, from any source. The names have been withdrawn and no ballots will be counted.

* * *

Many wild rumors have been circulated regarding the Tour Contest, but the most ridiculous is one to the effect that the Courier-Journal continued to issue ballots on subscription orders received after 12 o'clock last Saturday. Every order on which a ballot was issued was in the Courier-Journal office by or before noon last Saturday. It was never claimed that ballots would not be sent out after the hour named, as it would have been a physical impossibility to get the ballots out on the thousands of orders that came in between 8 and 12 o'clock that morning. But every order on which a ballot was issued was in this office by the hour named. Many orders came in by mail after that hour, but in every instance money and orders were returned. Half a dozen big Courier-Journal agents who delayed too long can testify to this.

* * *

The Courier-Journal desires to keep its promise and announce the winners of all prizes Tuesday morning. We fear this will be impossible unless the contestants will help us by getting in their ballots at once. We anticipate that there will be two million or more ballots to count, and this cannot be done between noon Monday and the hour for sending the paper to press. There is absolutely nothing to be gained now by holding back ballots. Send them in, have them counted, and end the agony.

* * *

The Courier-Journal has been asked what rule applies to withdrawals. No rule has been made to fit withdrawals. A candidate can withdraw her name at any time, even up to Monday afternoon. The rule in regard to withdrawing the offer in any district where only one candidate was voted for contemplated only one nomination. There have been two or more candidates voted for in every district, therefore every candidate whose name is on the list is eligible.

PETER WOERTZ DEAD.

ONE OF THE PIONEERS OF THE WEST END.

Was Formerly An Extensive Grocer and Always a Democrat.

Peter Woertz, one of the pioneers of the West End, died at his home at 2001 West Market street yesterday afternoon of a complication of diseases and senility after a long illness. He had been in bad health for some time.

Mr. Woertz was born in Baden, Germany, in 1831, and came to this country at the age of fourteen years. He immediately settled in Indiana, where he engaged in farming. In 1863, when the Civil War was at its height, and all the farms in that section of the country were being devastated, he concluded that farming was not profitable any longer, and came to Louisville, where he remained for the rest of his life. He started in the shoe business on Twelfth and Walnut streets, when that part of the city was a mere wilderness. Several years later he moved his place of business to Twentieth and Market streets. That part of the city, he used to tell his children, was composed principally of farm land and the houses were half a mile apart. He had great confidence in the growing power of that section and invested heavily in lands at a small price. The property advanced rapidly and he realized a large profit.

For many years he was in the grocery business at Twentieth and Market streets, retiring about fifteen years ago. He was one of the earliest of the large grocers of Louisville and was well known throughout the city at the time of his retirement. He was a lifelong Democrat, voting for that party since 1852 without an exception.

He is survived by ten children, twenty grandchildren and six great-grandchildren. His children are as follows: George Christian Woertz, of this city; Henry Woertz, of Bloomington, Ill.; and John Woertz, of Cincinnati; Mrs. J. H. Robbett, Mrs. F. A. Henriott and Misses Louise and Elene Woertz, of this city, and Mrs. Job McBride, of Tuscon, Ariz.

The funeral will take place to-morrow morning from the residence of his son, Christian R. Woertz, of 1545 Twenty-second street, and the burial will be in Cave Hill cemetery.

Mrs. Lee Dies of Heart Disease.

Word was received here yesterday of the death at Herford, Tex., of Mrs. Mattie Lee, of this city. She had been ill for a long time and had gone to Herford several months ago to visit her daughter, Mrs. Eugene Mogen, and to try to obtain relief. Her death was due to heart disease. She is survived by four children, two sons, Joseph and Sigmund Lee, of this city, and two daughters, Mrs. Walter Glore, of this city, and Mrs. Mogen, of Herford, Tex. The body will arrive here to-day or to-morrow and the funeral will take place to-morrow from the residence at 1445 Eighteenth street. The burial will be in Cave Hill cemetery.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: William D. Lasswell and Jessie Ella Burnett; George W. Mueller and Alma Held, H. Woolbert and Esther Goldfish, William Otte and Nellie Shaughnessy, William F. Hauck and Elizabeth K. Spencer, Lee F. Curry and Laura Orr

WANT PARK.

Germantown Citizens Call Mass-Meeting To-night.

AFTER CALDWELL PROPERTY ADJOINING THEM.

OPTION TO PARK BOARD EXPIRES JULY 1.

AN OPEN AIR GATHERING.

Germantown's citizens, anxious that the Caldwell property, between Clay and Jackson and Camp and Oak streets, be bought by the city and converted into a park, will meet to-night in the center of the tract out of which it is proposed to make a park, organize a permanent park association and launch a determined movement to obtain the park. The meeting will be called to order at 8 o'clock at the line of Hancock and Camp streets in the open air. A stand will be provided for the speakers and Chinese lanterns and gas jets will be employed to illuminate the grounds.

Over 100 representative citizens of Germantown met last night in the drug store of C. B. & G. W. Rademaker and arranged for the mass-meeting to-night. It was the result of the proposition made by the Fidelity Trust Company to the Board of Park Commissioners, in which the city was offered the property for park purposes at a figure something over $25,000. The option on the property, according to the terms of the proposition, expires July 1, and Germantown citizens did not like to see the opportunity slipping away from them.

* * *

Store Full of People.

Charles Bierbaum talked over the subject with other Germantown people and yesterday afternoon let it be known that those who were interested in the matter might call at the Rademaker store and talk about it. The store was packed and so much interest was manifested that when it was suggested an open-air mass-meeting might be called the suggestion was immediately adopted. Charles Bierbaum, as chief instigator of the movement, presided last night and will call to-night's meeting to order. Charles B. Rademaker was chosen secretary.

The Second ward Councilmen and the Alderman and other public men in Germantown will be asked to join the meeting and make speeches in favor of the project. Preparations for a successful meeting will be undertaken this morning by Mr. Bierbaum and Mr. Rademaker and no stone which might contribute to the strength of the movement will be left unturned.

"Germantown is growing rapidly," said Mr. Rademaker last night. "All around the property which it is proposed to convert into a park is thickly built up and the neighborhood is becoming more populous every day. Central Park and Cherokee Park are nearest to our part of the city, and in fact there is no park at all in the East End. The price at which the property is offered seems to be very reasonable, and some day, when the property will cost infinitely more, Germantown will sorely need a breathing spot.

* * *

Can't Overlook Opportunity.

"Again, there is some talk about the building of a branch library in this part of the city, and it has been suggested that the site for the library and the park might be combined advantageously.. We simply have got to take advantage of the opportunity that is offered us. The option, we know, expires July 1 and we may not be able to accomplish anything definite in the day that is left, but think that if we manifest a determination to have the park the Trust Company will extend or renew the option."

Everyone in Germantown, it was said by Mr. Rademaker and others who were in attendance at the meeting, is awake to the opportunity and it is predicted that every voter and taxpayer in the whole locality will get on the Park Association band wagon to-night. Just how the campaign will be waged is not known as yet, but it is expected that practicable plans will be suggested at the meeting to-night. It is the grim determination of those 100 who were at the meeting last night to organize an organization which will land that park for Germantown before it gives up its work.

Arrested As Suspected Felons.

Steve Moriarity was arrested yesterday afternoon by Patrolmen Gagan and Gannon, and Charles Reinhardt was arrested by District Detectives Simons and Kimble, both on the charge of being suspected felons. They are alleged to have stolen a wagon and horse and 3,000 pounds of railroad iron from one of the railroad yards. The wagon was being driven rapidly down Chestnut street yesterday afternoon, and just as it reached the corner of Eighteenth street the weight of the material caused it to collapse. The driver and his companion immediately jumped from the seat and fled. Their actions roused the suspicions of the police and the detectives and police watched the wagon to see if the owners would return. They finally arrested the men who, they think, are implicated in the affair.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

HOLDING UP A GOOD BILL

Corrupt Practices Measure Has Been Pigeonholed.

Republican Paper Sounds Note of Warning.

Good Results Following the Trust Investigation.

PARTY LASH IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 28.—[Special.]—The Speaker is evidently holding up the Tillman Corrupt Practices Bill. It passed the Senate some time ago, and has since been pigeon-holed in the House. Even the New York Tribune, that great Republican journal, has this to say to-day about the bill:

"Congress should pass at once the bill forbidding corporations to contribute money in connection with any election at which presidential electors or Representatives are voted for, or in connection with any election or attempted election of Senators. This is a reform which public opinion demands, and there is no good reason why it should not have its first trial in the approaching congressional campaign. Delay in legislating against corrupt practices will only suggest evasion, and such a charge will prove embarrassing to meet in the present temper of the voters."

Of course, all that the Speaker has to do in order to have the bill enacted into a law is to place it before the House. This would not require half an hour. Will he do it? Or has he forgotten the insurance scandals and the charges of Judge Parker—since proven—that the Republican party bought its candidates into office by assessing and collecting immense sums from corporations? If the Speaker has forgotten all this, the people have not.

* * *

Tobacco Trust Investigation.

Information has reached the Department of Justice showing results of a practical character following the proceedings in the so-called tobacco trust investigation and litigation. Indictments have been returned recently in the Southern district of New York against certain individuals and companies allied with the American Tobacco Company, who were charged in the indictment with combining, in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, to monopolize inter-state commerce in licorice paste which is an absolutely essential ingredient in all plug tobacco and in much smoking tobacco. It appears that this ingredient had been sold to independent manufacturers at a price 20 per cent. higher than that obtained from the American Tobacco Company. The contracts with the independent companies are being canceled and new contracts with the price reduced to that paid by the American Tobacco Company are being made, with the provision that if the prices are changed they shall not be higher than those paid by others.

The cancellation of the existing burdensome contracts and an important reduction of 20 per cent. in the price itself, eliminating the discrimination between the trust and the independent manufacturers are very practicable and tangible benefits resulting from the institution of this suit. This follows upon the large reduction in the price of news print west of the Mississippi as a result of the proceedings against the General Paper Company.

Still Hopeful.

Gen. Grosvenor, chairman of the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, of the House, is still a Mark Tapley on the Ship Subsidy Bill. He says, though, that it is dead for this session, but will have a safe and sure passage through the next session. This is by no means an unlikely prediction. In fact, it is generally believed by well-posted men that the steal will go through after the fall elections.

* * *

Let Us Hope!

Since Senator Tillman has thoroughly threshed over again the Barnes-Morris, and Washington City post-office scandal case, the hope is universal that at last the end has been reached.

* * *

That Private Dinner.

Senator McCreary is fearing that the editor of the Elizabethtown News has been told that while he was riding in a carriage with Gov. Beckham Home Coming Week a camera fiend caught them both.

"But how about that little private dinner you had with the Governor?" was asked.

"Why, it was a ta public table in the hotel, where eight or ten were seated," was the answer.

* * *

Lash Was Laid On.

In their haste to get away the House Committee on Rules violated all rules of the House to-day by bringing in a resolution making it parliamentary to consider conference reports before they were printed for the information of the members as has long been the rule and custom. Several Republicans protested against such an extreme and radical innovation, but the lash was applied and the rule adopted. Under the new rule the members will not know what they are voting for or against no matter how closely they follow the sing-song reading of the clerk.

* * *

Chance For a Veto.

The society to prevent cruelty to animals should get after this Congress. The leaders not only suppress and browbeat the minority, but they have recently passed a bill amending the existing law which prohibits keeping cattle from food and water in transit on cars for more than twenty-eight hours by extending the period of thirst and starvation to thirty-six hours. If the President really does favor a square deal for man and beast he will veto this bill.

* * *

He Had No Dress Suit.

John Willis, of Glasgow, Mont., was invited by the President to-day to take dinner with him to-night. Willis declined and gave as his reason that he did not have a dress suit. "Oh, that needn't worry you at all," insisted the President.

"It makes lots of difference, Mr. President," answered Williams, "I know what's proper even if I don't always do the right thing. Besides, I don't like dress suits."

"You'd be just as welcome at my table if you came in buckskin trousers," was the cordial response of the President.

"I'm sure that's true," went on Willis, "but I guess I'll eat at the downtown hashery where I'm bunking."

Willis and the President ranched together years ago and grew to be fond of each other. The Montana man went to the White House with Senator Carter, Representative Dixon and Thomas Everett to inquire why there has been so much delay about the reclamation projects for the Milk river in Montana. The project was the first one approved by the administration, but nothing has been done.

"There has been nothing but survey, survey and more survey," is the way the Montana man put it.

* * *

Native of Kentucky.

Secretary of War Taft has designated Major Hugh L. Scott of the Fourteenth Cavalry as superintendent of the United States Military Academy at West Point. Major Scott is a native of Kentucky and it is understood that the chief of staff, Gen. Bell, also a Kentuckian, indorsed him for the appointment, and through that the appointment was made. Major Scott was born in Kentucky in 1853. Shortly after this time he removed to New Jersey and was appointed to the Military Academy from that State in 1871. He was promoted to captain in 1895 and three years ago was made a Major. He served through the Spanish War as a lieutenant colonel. Major Scott is now in Manila and will probably assume the duties of superintendent in the fall. He was wounded in an engagement with hostile Filipinos several months ago and was recommended for appointment as a brigadier general on account of his gallantry. The post of superintendent of the Military Academy is greatly sought after in military circles. The department is always careful to select the best man it can get to have charge of the training of the future generals.

* * *

The Curry Statue.

Information was received to-day to the effect that the statue of the late Jabez Lamar Monroe Curry will be shipped from Florence, Italy, within a few days for Statuary Hall in the Capitol. The statue is the work of the noted Dante Sodini, and is said to be one of his best productions. It will be presented on behalf of the State of Alabama, the Legislature of which State has selected Curry as one of the two men it will immortalize. The other is still open, but it is generally understood that Alabama's great Senator, John T. Morgan, will one day be honored through a similar gift to Congress. Curry is the first man who served in the Confederate army to have erected to him a statue in the hall. On this account there has been talk from time to time of the possibilities of opposition to the resolution which formally accepts it. The statue will be immediately placed in the hall and next winter a day will be set aside for appropriate exercises in connection with its formal acceptance.

* * *

Claiming a Victory.

Members who were advocating a change in the Pure Food Bill in the House debate with reference to the provisions concerning distilled spirits claim that they have won a complete victory through the adoption of the conference report on the subject. As agreed to in conference the section in dispute is as follows:

"In the case of articles labeled, branded, or tagged so as to indicate that they are compounds, imitations or blends and the word 'compound,' 'imitation,' or 'blend,' as the case may be is plainly stated on the package in which it is offered for sale. Provided that the te blend as used herein shall be construed mean a mixture of like substances, excluding harmless coloring or fla ingredients used for the purpose of ing and flavoring only."

* * *

Close To $900,000,000.

Incomplete figures on the a ations of the present session gress total close to the $900,000,0 The fact that several measures are still in conference may consider ably increase this amount prevents just at this time an accurate statement o the amounts authorized, though there is little likelihood that the total wil be much below the above figure. A the last session $820,184,635 was app priated.

* * *

Campaign May Be Moneyless.

Representative Sherman, of N York, the chairman of the Republic Congressional Committee, happened come over on the Democratic side th morning and found himself sitting ne to Representative Griggs, of Georgi the chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee. Both chairmen have recently made trips to New York to see what could be done about gathering the sinews of war. Both met with dismal failure, and the prospects are that the committees will have little more money than enough to pa postage. For the first time in year it may be a moneyless campaign.

* * *

Another Trust Inquiry.

Attorney General Moody has order a special Federal grand jury to me in Nashville July 12 to investigate tobacco trust. Henry Taft, brother Secretary Taft, will be the attorn for the Government. He will be sisted by Henry M. Levy.

* * *

Appointed Consul.

Through the efforts of Congressm D. C. Edwards, William Coffin, of M diesboro, has been appointed Consul Muskat. The appointment was to the Senate by the President today.

Mr. Coffin is a classical scholar is peculiarly fitted for the posi This is the first appointment to consular service to be made from Eleventh Congressional district.

* * *

Minor Washington Matters.

Representative Trimble and Sen McCreary called on the Secretary the Navy to request the release Nash Atkins, of Scott county, Richard Coblin, of Henry county, the navy. The young men enliste see the world, but are now homesic

The Hopkins Bill to allow the struction of a bridge across the tucky river at Beattyville was c up by Senator Blackburn this a noon and passed.

Mr. Sherley introduced in the H the bill which was offered in the ate two weeks ago to allow Ken Castleman to re-enter the navy Lieutenant.

PATRICIAN Shoe for Women

The Enthusiasti Disciple of Walton

Will add many fo to her pleasures her feet at prope clad in Patrician. Our Gun Me Blucher Boo are well adap ed for all ou door diver sions. They will keep out the moisture and are flexible and staunch enough to insure ease while fishing along mountain streams or tramping over ledges.

Price $3.50 a Pair.

John L. Lewis & Co.

Kid Gloves Cleaned

All sizes and lengths, 5c pair.

ODORLESS DRYCLEANING

Ladies' and Gents' Garments.

Call on us for the best of everythi in our line.

BOTH PHONES 2788.

French Fanc Dye Works

734 FOURTH AVENU

Bet. Chestnut and Broadway. Work sent for and delivered.

Camden Coal Compan

Invites the attention of their friends, former patrons a the public as to

WHAT THEY HAVE.

"Camden" Second Pool Pittsburg Coal is from the well-known Camden mine and directly adjoins and is of the same vein as the old "Bailey and Wilson" mine, and to everyone acquainted with either Pittsburg coal or the Monongahela river district, whence comes the superior Pittsburg coal, the fact is paramount that no better coal was ever shipped down the Ohio river. Our force is sufficient to give everyone the very best service to be had and a trial will be all that is necessary to demonstrate that we are in position to serve you as well now as we ever were. In addition to the above mentioned superior Pittsburg coal we will continue to serve you with "Old Lee" Anthracite, and the best in all other grades of coal to be had on this market.

CAMDEN COAL COMPANY

Office 452 West Jefferson W. C. WILLIAMS, Pres. and Treas.

Both Phones 585.

REVIVES CASE OF MRS. MORRIS

Incidentally Tillman Does Some Pitchforking.

Scores President For Barnes Appointment.

Tendency To Imperialism At White House.

REFERS TO "PRINCESS ALICE."

Washington, June 28.—The Senate consumed the greater part of the day discussing the Public Building Bill, the time being occupied in the main by efforts on the part of individual Senators to secure increases of amounts allotted for public buildings in cities and towns of their respective States. In no instance of this character were they successful, but in the case of San Juan, Porto Rico, Senator Foraker secured an advance from $200,000 to $300,000. There was quite general confidence that many of the defects complained of would be remedied in conference. In reporting the bill Senator Scott, chairman of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, referred to it as the "pork barrel."

The Agricultural Appropriation Bill made its appearance in the Senate again during the day in a partial conference report. The report was complete except with reference to the meat inspection provision, and on that another conference was ordered.

There was some desultory discussion of the conference report on the Pure Food Bill, but its disposition was postponed until to-morrow. The conference report on the Lake Erie and Ohio River Ship Canal Bill was accepted without debate. The La Follette bill regulating hours of employment for trainmen was displaced by the building bill.

The last of the great appropriation bills, the General Deficiency, was reached during the day, and a night session was held for its consideration.

* * *

Tillman Speaks.

Senator Tillman interrupted the regular business to-day to speak on his resolution calling for an investigation into the ejection of Mrs. Minor Morris from the White House last January. He complained that his resolution had been pushed aside continually for one reason or another. He spoke of Mrs. Morris as an elderly lady and, referring to his former discussion, admitted he had gone very far in characterizing her ejectment from the White House as "brutal and cruel." He recalled that on that occasion he had been charged by another Senator with an effort to vent his personal feelings against the present Chief Executive. He had not then been able to supply the proof. Since then he had been held up to scorn for having presumed to express his honest feelings, and he never would have again approached the subject "but for the fact that the name of the man, Assistant Secretary Barnes, who must be held responsible for the act, had been sent to the Senate for the postmastership of Washington."

* * *

Tells of Futile Efforts.

This nomination he considered equal to throwing the matter in the teeth of the Senate, although the Senate had not shown its teeth on the subject. He then detailed his efforts to have the nomination of Mr. Barnes rejected, reading his letter to Senator Carter, chairman of the subcommittee, having the nomination in charge and much other matter bearing on the subject. He told also of his ineffectual efforts to secure an investigation of his charges against Barnes and then said that in order to justify his bringing the matter into the open Senate he had drawn his resolution so as to provide for an investigation of the action of the police in the matter of Mrs. Morris' expulsion. In order that he might not be accused of unfairness, Mr. Tillman had read Mr. Barnes' defense of his conduct in the Morris affair.

He laso had read the statements of Elmer E. Paine, who was, he said, one of the six newspaper men at the executive office when the Morris incident occurred. He commented at some length on Mr. Paine's statement, saying he was the only one of the six who had ever had anything to say about the matter outside of their own papers or private conversations. This he spoke of as "remarkable," and then quoted extracts from Mr. Paine's statement. His statement was referred to as in substantiation of the White House statement.

In contrast to that statement he presented what he declared to be the actual facts in the case. These were included in a statement from James H. Price, another newspaper man, who had witnessed the occurrence. In Mr. Paine's statement it was represented that Mrs. Morris was treated as considerately as possible, while Mr. Price said she was "carried off like a sack of salt."

* * *

Barnes' Denial.

Mr. Tillman spoke of Mr. Barnes' denial of another statement by Mr. Price that a negro man had assisted in "the cruel and miserable performance."

He declared also that Paine and Barnes had contradicted each other, one saying that Mrs. Morris had shrieked three times and the other testifying to the contrary. He also spoke of the testimony of the police participants, saying that while one said Mrs. Morris tried to bite and scratch, another had said she wore gloves, "as," said Mr. Tillman, "a well-dressed lady should."

Mr. Tillman also discussed the difference of testimony as to whether Mrs. Morris had been dragged, and as going to "prove it beyond all possibility of dispute," he said Mrs. Morris had furnished him with the black silk skirt she wore on the occasion. This was torn in many places, while there was a round hole at one of the knees showing that she unquestionably had been dragged. Not only was there a hole in the skirt, but there were also holes in the underclothing and in the hosiery—proof sufficient to prove any man "an arrant liar" who spoke to the contrary, said the Senator.

He quoted one witness as expressing an opinion that Mrs. Morris was demented and characterized it as a "queer proposition" that a woman who should pray under the circumstances should be pronounced insane.

"Of course," he said, "she was hysterical; what woman would not have been so under the treatment she received?"

Speaking of the police at the White House, Mr. Tillman said there is such a tendency toward imperialism as would justify the use of the military for that purpose, if the country wanted to go to the devil along the lines of imperialism, he could stand it.

As indicative of this inclination he added:

"A young lady has married and gone across the water, whence she is heralded as 'Princess Alice.' I don't hold the President responsible for that; for it would be unfair to hold him responsible for the course of a lot of fools who write head lines which must be obnoxious to both the President and the young lady." In closing Mr. Tillman declared that Mrs. Morris had been treated "worse than a dog" and that the President had indorsed this treatment by appointing the man responsible for it to the position of postmaster of Washington, where the women of this city would have to come into contact with him.

"I have felt constrained," said Senator Tillman, in closing, "to do what I have done, and if anybody does not like it, let him lump it." There was loud applause in the galleries when Mr. Tillman concluded, but owing to an objection by Senator Kean the Senate refused to vote on his resolution.

On motion of Senator Carter the entire record in the case was ordered printed.

After passing the General Deficiency Bill and the Omnibus Public Building Bill, the Senate, at 10:30 o'clock to-night, adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

HEAVY DAY'S WORK

Done By House Preparatory To Week-End Adjournment.

Washington, June 28.—The House worked under forced draught to-day and accomplished an immense amount of business preparatory to adjournment at the week's end.

Conference reports on a number of measures were adopted without debate, but it required special rules in other particulars to effect consideration and adoption of some important conference agreements.

Interest centered about the conference reports on the Railroad Rate Bill and the Agricultural Appropriation Bill, but both these reports were considered and adopted under a blanket rule permitting the consideration of conference reports without being printed in the record.

The House expressed its confidence in its conferees on the Agricultural Bill by instructing them not to recede from the meat inspection amendment by a vote of 193 to 45.

On the Rate Bill there was a general expression of satisfaction that that measure had been perfected.

Without taking a recess the House labored from 11 o'clock this morning until adjournment at 11 o'clock tonight, during which time many bills on the private calendar were passed.

After the legislative business which kept the House at the grindstone until 8 o'clock had been disposed of, crowded galleries listened to another series of political speeches.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used by Millions of Mothers for their children while Teething for over Fifty Years. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa.

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

DEATH OF J. C. GILLIAM,

Originator of Local Option Movement In Kentucky.

Danville, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The Rev. J. C. Gilliam, the originator of the local option movement in Kentucky, expired in the eighty-first year of his age at his home in Perryville, ten miles west of Danville. Mr. Gilliam had been pastor of the Bethel Presbyterian church continuously since 1866—forty years.

He originated the local option movement in this State in 1850. Perryville had before that time been a wide open town on the liquor question and many murders took place there.

Mr. Gilliam suggested that the church people band themselves together and break up the saloons. It took many years to effect an organization of any influence, but just before the beginning of the Civil War his purpose had been partially accomplished, when every saloon disappeared from Perryville with the exception of one.

The Rev. Mr. Gilliam got up an organization, among the ladies of the town called the White Apron Brigade and fifty strong, he led them to this one place for the purpose of engaging in prayer and song service. The proprietor was so excited that he threw up his hands and declared he would pour out all his liquor in the streets if they would spare him. They had no idea of bothering him, but since he took it that way, they let him alone and witnessed the pouring out of the liquors and saw Atkinson board the stage for Harrodsburg. Never since that date has there been any liquor sold in Perryville. A few years later in was voted out of Danville and none has since been sold here legally except upon physician's prescription.

A singular incident connected with the experience is the fact that Mrs. Carrie Nation was a little girl and a student in old Elmwood Academy at the time the raid was made. The school children came out to witness the event and it has always been believed in this community that Mrs. Nation caught her inspiration in Perryville for her hatchet raids in Kansas.

Shot In Self-Defense.

Greenup, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—William Workman, the shanty-boatman charged with shooting William Walker with intent to kill, was acquitted of the charge before 'Squire James G. Swearingin. He proved he had done the shooting in self-defense. Walker having fired two shots at him. Walker is still laid up as the result and if he recovers will be a lifetime cripple. 'Squire Swearingin held court under the shade of an apple tree, there being no town house in the village of Fullerton as yet.

A WILD WEST SHOW COMES TO BAD END.

Treasurer Roughly Handled Until He Provides Food, Plenty of It, For Members.

Akron, O., June 28.—[Special.]—Following the demoralization of "Texas Bill's" Wild West Show Wednesday night, when the tents and other equipments, owned by Col. N. U. Montgomery, of Boone, Ia., were attached by constables to satisfy judgments for nearly $100 in favor of employes for labor, Samuel Sullivan, of Louisville, treasurer of the show, narrowly escaped lynching by a crowd of infuriated cowboys. Detectives are searching for Montgomery, who made his unceremonious departure early this morning and against whom a score of suits are pending. Employes left today without provisions, Treasurer Sullivan declaring that he had no power to purchase eatables without orders from Montgomery.

When he appeared on the grounds this evening he was faced by a furious crowd of cow punchers and Indians. Somebody yelled "lynch him" and the trouble was started. Pete Bennet, a giant formerly with Buffalo Bill, picked up Sullivan, hurled him through the air severely injuring him. The treasurer then was compelled to write an order for forty pounds of beef, forty loaves of bread, ten pounds of butter, a bushel of potatoes and five pounds of lard. He was so nervous because of fright that he was barely able to produce signature. The circus employes are scattered all over the city and residents are appealing to police for protection.

Are They Seeking a Precedent?

Terre Haute, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Mayor Bideman's friends charge that there is a conspiracy among local Republicans to make his ouster a precedent to be followed when a Democrat becomes Mayor in September.

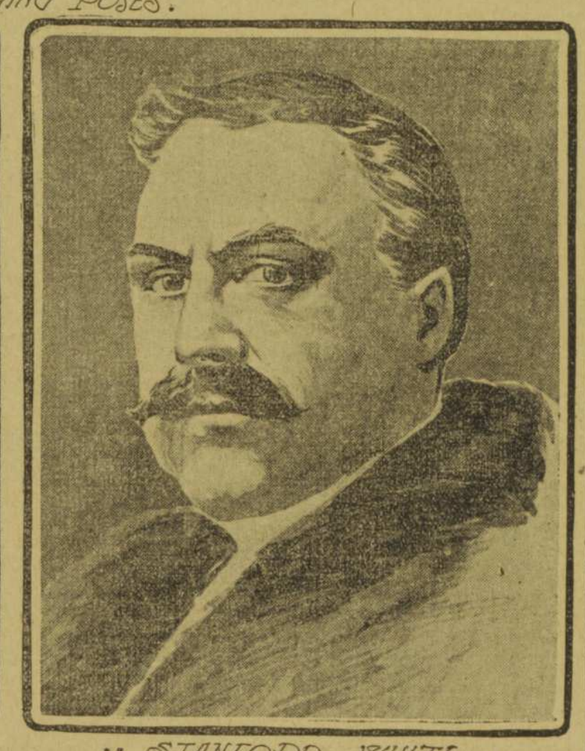
PRINCIPAL FIGURES IN THE THAW-WHITE TRAGEDY.

"BEAUTY AND THE BEAST", THE CALENDER THAT STIRRED PITTSBURG SOCIETY ...

ONE OF MRS. THAW'S MOST FETCHING POSES.

ONE OF MRS. THAW'S LATEST PICTURES. ...

.. HARRY K. THAW ..



.. STANFORD WHITE ..

FIRST PRIZE IN A FLORAL PARADE DIVISION.

MRS. LOUIS J. UNZ DECORATED THE VEHICLE AND DROVE DURING THE HOME-COMING FLORAL PARADE.

MRS. THAW GETS EXCUSED

From Giving Testimony Before Grand Jury.

Husband Indicted For Murder In First Degree.

Stanford White Suffered From Three Ailments.

RESULT OF RECKLESS LIFE.

New York, June 28.—Harry Kendall Thaw was indicted to-day for murder in the first degree for the killing of Stanford White last Monday night on the Madison Square Roof Garden. His wife, Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, appeared as a witness before the grand jury, but begged to be excused from giving any testimony whatever. She was treated with every consideration by Assistant Attorney Garvan and by the jurors, who did not insist that she should answer any questions.

Thaw will plead to the indictment in court to-morrow morning. No time will be set for the trial until District Attorney Jerome returns to the city next week. In the meantime witnesses have been summoned to appear in John Doe proceedings at the District Attorney's office to help the latter frame up his presentation of the case.

* * *

Prisoner In High Glee.

The grand jury's consideration of the case was brief and followed a perfunctory inquest before a Coroner's jury, which heard the testimony of several eye-witnesses to the tragedy and rendered a formal verdict that White's death had been caused by young Thaw. The latter calmly listened to the testimony, and while the jury was out he chatted with his counsel and a policeman sitting nearby, laughing aloud at one stage of the conversation. When the jury had completed its verdict Thaw was recommitted to the Tombs without bail. His indictment was announced soon afterward.

Mrs. Thaw, following her appearance before the grand jury, crossed the bridge of sighs and entered the city prison to see her husband. They talked together for a long while, and when Mrs. Thaw finally attempted to leave the great granite building she found her way blocked by the largest crowd, the police say, that has ever gathered about the structure. She was virtually held a prisoner by the inquisitive throng for thirty minutes, when reserves from many police precincts managed finally to clear a way for her.

Stanford White was buried to-day with simple ceremonies at St. James, L. I., where he had a summer home. The services were held in the St. James Episcopal church and the interment was made in the graveyard surrounding the quaint little edifice.

* * *

Three Fatal Ailments.

In the opinion of the physician who performed the autopsy on White's body, the life of the architect was shortened not more than two years by the bullets from Thaw's pistol. He was found to be suffering from Bright's disease, from incipient tuberculosis and from fatty degeneration of the liver.

Thaw sent a message from the Tombs to-day to Anthony Comstock, president of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, saying he had received a letter which it would pay Mr. Comstock to investigate. An agent of the society called upon Thaw this afternoon, but was not admitted at that time. It was said that either the agent or Mr. Comstock himself might see Thaw to-morrow.

Mrs. Thaw's appearance before the grand jury had been looked forward to with considerable interest, as it was thought she possibly would take advantage of the occasion to throw some additional light upon the tragedy. When she appeared and requested to be excused from testifying the jury took the view that for the purpose of an indictment her evidence was not necessary.

After being ushered into the grand jury, Mrs. Thaw was asked:

"What is your name?"

"Evelyn Nesbit Thaw."

"How old are you?"

"Twenty years."

"When did you last see and meet Stanford White, the deceased?"

* * *

Asks To Be Excused.

Without becoming excited in the least, but in a calm and rather forceful manner she replied clearly, with emphasis on each word:

"I hope that you gentlemen will not insist that I shall answer any more questions. I must respectfully decline to answer the questions you intend to ask me. I say this with all respect to you gentlemen."

Mr. Garvan then asked her:

"Why don't you wish to answer?"

Addressing the foreman, Mrs. Thaw replied earnestly:

"I might say something that might do harm to my husband, and a wife ought to do all she can to protect her husband. I beg of you not to insist in putting further questions to me because if you do I will have to decline to answer."

Addressing the jury Mr. Garvan is said to have stated that the District Attorney's office would not insist unless the grand jury so desired. The jurymen then held a short consultation among themselves and finally after a few minutes the foreman, turning to Mrs. Thaw said:

"The grand jury has no desire to ask further questions unless you desire to tell them anything."

Mrs. Thaw replied: "Thank you."

She was then excused.

Miss May McKensie, the actress friend of Mrs. Thaw and who was said to have been called before the grand jury, was not sworn in as a witness. She and a number of other witnesses have been subpoenaed in the John Doe proceedings which are to be conducted by the District Attorney's office.

* * *

The Note To Comstock.

The letter referred to by Thaw in his note to Anthony Comstock was received at the Tombs yesterday and was held up by Warden Flynn. It is in a woman's handwriting. The letter was put in a rack to be given to Judge Olcott, but was forgotten and was to-day unintentionally given to Thaw by his counsel without the latter's attention having been called. The contents of the letter have not been disclosed. A representative of Mr. Comstock called at the Tombs during the afternoon, but he was not permitted to see Thaw at that time.

Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, the expert in mental disorders, who has been retained by the defense, spent an hour and a half with Thaw to-day. At the end of his examination Dr. Hamilton said that he would make a confidential report of his examination to Judge Olcott. He added that his examination had been carefully made and exhaustively.

Dr. McGuire, the Tombs physician, said to-day that as a result of his observations of Thaw since the latter had been confined in the Tombs, he is convinced that Thaw is not a victim of either morphine or opium. Reports to the effect that Thaw is addicted to these drugs have been persistently circulated since his arrest.

"NO, SIR, YOU WON'T VOTE FOR ME," SAYS ROOSEVELT.

Colorado Springs, Colo., June 28.—W. A. Conant, of this city, who was a delegate from New York to the first National Republican Convention more than fifty years ago, recently wrote a letter to President Roosevelt asking if he intended being a candidate for the presidency at the expiration of his present term. Mr. Conant has just received the following reply:

"White House, Washington, June 21.—My Dear Mr. Conant: The President thanks you for your letter of the 17th inst., and cordially appreciates your kind expressions concerning himself. He says, however, that you will have to vote for some other Republican candidate next time.

"Conveying to you the President's best wishes, I am, sincerely yours, WM. LOEB, JR.,

"Secretary to the President."

BILLY BAXTER IN PITTSBURG.

THE ORIGINAL SLANG STORIES.

"Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 19.—Dear Jim: You remember, I wrote you about a sack suit I ordered last week. Well, it came yesterday, and you know the finish. Why can't a fellow put on a new suit, make a few calls, and go home like a gentleman? The minute I got into that suit I fell off the water-wagon with an awful bump, although I hadn't touched a drink for thirty-seven days. Oh, but I got a lovely bun on. That's the last. No more for me. There's nothing in it. If anybody says: 'Have Something, Bill,' you'll see your Uncle Bill take to the trees.

"Yesterday at 2:30 I had a hundred and ten dollars, this morning I'm there with a dollar eighty, and that's the draw out of a two-dollar touch. If there is any truth in the old saying that money talks, I am certainly deaf and dumb to-day. Besides, I have a card in my pocket which says I've opened up a running account of thirty-two forty at George's place. I wonder if this George is on the level, because I'll swear I don't think I was in there at all. I'll bet he stuck the forty on, anyway. You know me, Jim. I am one of those bright people who try to keep up with a lot of guys who have nothing to do but blow their coin. I stood around yesterday and looked wise, and licked up about four high-balls, then I kind of stretched. Whenever I give one of those little stretches and swell up a bit, that's a sign I'm commencing to get wealthy. I switched over and took a couple of gin fizzes, and then it hit me I was richer than Jay Gould ever was; I had the Rothschilds backed clear off the board, and I made William H. Vanderbilt look like a 100-to-1 shot. You understand, Jim, this was yesterday. I got a little red spot in each cheek, and then I leaned over the bar and whispered: 'Mr. Bartender, break a bottle of that Pommery.' Ordinarily, I call the booze clerk——"

Above is an extract from the famous Billy Baxter's letters. The entire series, handsomely bound in a substantial volume, will be sent, charges prepaid, on receipt of 75c. Address Duquesne Distributing Co., Harmarville, Allegheny County, Pa.

NEED MONEY FOR "THE FOURTH?"

You can get part of the $150.00 in gold to be distributed to consumers of

Mother's Bread

JULY 2.

First Prize $50. Second Prize $20
Third Prize $15. Fourth Prize $10
Eleven $5 Prizes.

"For Goodness Sake" Get Yours

Save the labels from Mother's Bread and the other breads made by the Whiteside Bakery, and when you have 100 take them to your grocery or the Whiteside Bakery, Fourteenth and Maple streets, and in exchange get a certificate, good for a handsome premium. In addition get two voting coupons, good for 100 votes each. One coupon can be voted for anyone, yourself or your friend, during any monthly contest. The other coupon can be voted only in the grand final contest in December, when $1,500 will be given away.

WATCH FOR SUBSTITUTIONS

The Vote To Date Is As Follows:

MISS MARY BEAURLE, Owensboro, Ky.	5,900
MRS. N. HOLLORAN, 1722 High st.	5,100
MR. JNO. P. GRUBER, 601 Twenty-eighth st.	4,100
MR. H. EGNER, 1601 W. Madison st.	4,100
MR. EUGENE IRELAND, Seymour, Ind.	3,600
MR. G. LA FONTAINE, Frankfort, Ky.	3,000
MR. JAMES CURLEY, 125 Fourth ave.	3,000
MR. F. C. BARRETT, 1843 E. Spring st., New Albany	2,200
MR. PHILIP McGOVERN, 1920 Magazine st.	1,300
MISS LEO KLARER, 1461 Eighteenth st.	1,200
MRS. W. THOMPSON, 2411 Eighteenth st.	800
MISS ELIZABETH HEWITT, 1718 Southgate st.	800
MISS MINNIE RUSSELL, 1909 Lytle st.	500
MRS. IDA ETHERIDGE, 940 Twenty-fourth st.	400

Courier-Journal.

—Published—
DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st.

A Consolidation of
THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1830.
LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.
Louisville, Ky., 1843.
MORNING COURIER.
Louisville, Ky., June 3, 1844.

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TEN PAGES

FRIDAY.....JUNE 29, 1906

"Business."

Thursday Evening, June 28.—The New York stock market, after an irregular opening, declined, then rallied and closed at an advance over yesterday's final figures.

Money on call was firm and higher at 2¾ to 3½ per cent. Time funds were strong at 4½ to 5½. Sterling exchange was weak.

Closing prices on wheat for September delivery were off ½c. Corn was ½c lower and oats were practically unchanged.

The cotton market was dull and prices moved within narrow limits, closing quotations showing very little change from opening prices.

The Chicago cattle market was steady to strong, the hog market 5c higher and the sheep market steady.

"Mr. Bailey, of Texas; Mr. McLaurin, of Mississippi, and the other broad-minded Democratic statesmen must be deeply pained by President Roosevelt's plan of visiting the Canal Zone. As for Senator Morgan and Col. Watterson, they know what packs of Grey Wolves are waiting on the Isthmus."—[New York Sun.

Lord, how festive we are! And what is the President going to Panama after? He does not expect personally "to make the dirt fly," does he? He may dig, and he may dig, but the Forty Millions to the Thieves in Paris and Washington, are gone beyond recovery, and, with the Star-eyed One he may sing:

"They will never come back to me."

The Ten Millions to the Panama Banditti are gone, too. Likewise the Twenty-six and a Half Millions sunk "for grandeur." Nothing to show for Seventy-six and a Half Millions but worthless pots and pans. Alas, the Two Bills—Laffan and Cromwell—send for Vanila Bean!

Do Not Let It Lag.

The movement to improve conditions under which Louisville's milk supply is produced should not be allowed to lag. The time for action is now. Immediately energetic measures should begin to bring about a revolution. Every minute of delay means a continuance of a menace to health. Dairies which are not cleaned can be indicted as public nuisances. This procedure can reach them if inspection cannot. Aggressive action by the Jefferson County Medical Association can do a world of good. A certificate of purity from such a body of physicians, even though it have no civil authority backing it, will be worth the while of dairymen to strive for. But whether they do or do not strive for it, there must be an end to the conditions described by Mr. Allen. Officers must do their duty and dairymen must have more concern for the welfare of consumers or pay the penalty. The dairy business around Louisville is a great industry; it should not be misjudged; it should not be made to suffer through a false public opinion; but those who are derelict know that they are, and it is these who must change their ways. Let the fight go on. To-morrow is not the time to begin. To-day is.

Pennsylvania.

The result of the Democratic convention at Harrisburg is rather better than was anticipated. On a straight party vote the Republicans have a half million majority in the State. A party victory for the Democrats, strictly speaking, is therefore impossible.

In Pennsylvania, however, politics has narrowed down to a struggle between the people and the thieves. It has become a question whether the Republican organization shall take whatever it wants, or whether some efforts in behalf of honesty shall still be made. A considerable element of the Republicans, organized as the Lincoln party, nominated a ticket with Lewis Emery, Jr., as candidate for Governor, on a platform advocating honesty. With the forces of reform, or, in plain words, of honest government united, there is hope of beating the Republican organization. Without such union the prospect is bad. The Lincoln party made liberal suggestions as to the remainder of the ticket if Emery were nominated for Governor. There was strong opposition to this, but in spite of it Emery was nominated on the first ballot. Jere S. Black, a grandson of the old Democratic war horse of the same name, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor.

If the Lincoln party carry out their part of the programme in good faith, there is much reason to hope that Pennsylvania may be taken from the control of the political buccaneers that have so long looted the State.

The Irrigation Question.

In previous discussions of the question of irrigation by impounding the water at the head of various rivers which flow through the arid regions, the Courier-Journal has called attention to the probable complication which might arise from the use of this water to the exclusion of those who live lower down the stream. Under the civil law which prevails in Latin countries, as France or Spain, and was engrafted upon Louisiana in its organic law, the owner of the source of a stream has full control of it. He can convert all of its water to his own use or can divert it from its channel at will. Under the common law this is not so. The man at the source of a running stream has no greater control of it than another living lower down upon it. He is entitled to reasonable use of its waters, but cannot divert it from its course or pollute it in any way to its detriment for use by those living lower down upon it.

After California became a State the principles of the common law became part of its code, but all the water rights were regulated by the former Spanish laws of the country according with the civil law. Streams in the mountains were dammed by the individual or corporate owners of their sources and the waters were piped or conveyed in sluices to the low lands below for irrigation or drinking purposes. This involved great inconvenience and injustice to many persons who were from time to time cut off from the use of the water by streams from which they had once obtained a supply. Finally a suit was brought to test the legality of such diversion, and in 1886 the Supreme Court of the State rendered a decision against the impounding company and maintained the right of the dwellers along the stream to its use under the common law. This threatened such loss and inconvenience that Gov. Stoneman called an extra session of the Legislature and an amendment to the Constitution substituting the civil for the common law principle was adopted and submitted successfully to a popular vote. This is why such a system of impounding and converting to the use of the owner or owners of the source of a stream exists in California. But unless there has been similar change from the common to the civil law in others it is the only State in which the water of streams can be diverted from the free use of those dwelling upon it lower down.

So much in explanation of a principle which will be readily understood by all who have given the subject any attention. It arises constantly in the alleged pollution of our streams by distilleries and other plants, prompt remedy for which is given by the courts. It was the basis of the suit of St. Louis against Chicago for the alleged pollution of the drinking water by the sewage of Chicago, emptied from its drainage canal into the Illinois river, a tributary of the Mississippi, emptying into it above St. Louis. The court decided in favor of Chicago on the ground that analysis of the water taken by St. Louis from the river did not show evidence of pollution. Had it been otherwise, Chicago would have had to provide other means of disposing of its sewage.

So much in illustration of the principles involved in the irrigation question. In the Supreme Court of the United States is pending an important suit which will bring up this whole question of irrigation and the right of those living at the source of a stream to convert its waters to their exclusive use. It is the suit of the State of Arkansas against the State of Colorado touching the conversion of the waters of the Arkansas river to its own use. This stream has its source on the western slope of the Rocky Mountains, within the boundaries of Colorado, after leaving which it flows first through Kansas and then Oklahoma before it enters Arkansas. As all but the latter are dry States, irrigation is resorted to very largely, especially in Colorado and Kansas, and the diversion has become so serious that Arkansas has taken this means to test the question.

If it were a simple matter of deciding upon the principle of riparian rights there would be little doubt that it would be vindicated in the present case. But as the whole question of reclaiming the arid region of the West hinges upon the opposite principle, the National Government has become a party to the suit and will endeavor to claim paramount control of the rivers, with the right to permit the diversion of their waters by those living upon their banks. If such contention succeed it will destroy a principle which has prevailed among all the English-speaking people of the world as long as Magna Charta. Arkansas is not the only State concerned in the decision of this suit. Texas has upon its western border the Rio Grande and, coming East, the Pecos and Red rivers, the waters of which may be similarly wholly diverted to the use of those nearer their sources, while there are other States in the South through which rivers flow from beyond their boundaries to which the principle is of much importance. The Federal Government, meanwhile, from a fund derived from the sale of public lands in which all States have equal interest, is engaged in building dams near the sources of rivers for the special irrigation of arid tracts of land of great extent which will cut off those lower down the streams just as in the case presented by Arkansas. The decision of the question will be looked for with very great interest.

Our Criminal Law.

In speaking of needed reforms in criminal procedure before the Kentucky Bar Association Mr. J. R. Allen did not confine himself to Kentucky. Such reforms are thought to be needed in all the States, including our own. The need has long been felt among the people. It is well that the legal profession also is aroused to the necessity of doing something.

It is no secret that the worse crimes and especially murder are hardly punished at all. Yearly statistics are published showing something like ten thousand murders in the United States per year, with a record of a hundred or two murderers executed. It may be admitted that their data are in past misleading. There is an unfortunate tendency among reporters to speak of every homicide as a murder. A homicide may be a murder or it may be manslaughter, either voluntary or involuntary. It may also be a breach of the peace. But there are also homicides which are not crimes described as excusable or justifiable. But if we assume that half the homicides reported are murders, which is a moderate statement, we can see that they are not adequately punished. Some homicides are punished by imprisonment, so that it is not true that the legal executions constitute the only punishment applied. Nevertheless the fact is so notorious that it requires no statistics to prove that murder is inadequately punished in all the States of the Union.

The legal profession has abundant reason to know that it is largely held responsible by the people of a great number of them for this state of things. There is continual grumbling against lawyers. Complaint is made that they are too largely represented in our Legislatures. At the same time it is apparent that a Legislature that does not know what the law is now is badly equipped for making new laws. It is equally true that a man who knows nothing of the Constitution cannot tell what laws could be enforced if passed. The presence of lawyers in our Legislatures is, therefore, indispensable. Nevertheless, many people suspect that the lawyers are there for the purpose of stirring up litigation and enacting laws for their own benefit. With reference to many, these suspicions are undoubtedly unjust, but it is indisputable that they exist. The impression that the law does not mean justice is very widespread and it is worth while to inquire whether it is well founded.

Mr. Allen addressed himself to the numerous reversals in criminal cases, often on technical points of little importance when the guilt of the accused was manifest. In some cases reversal follows reversal till some people are ready to conclude that the final court is unchangeably opposed to the punishment of crime, especially if that crime be murder. For all that changes in the personnel of the court do not make much difference. The difficulty of punishing the worst crimes seems as great under one set of Judges as another. This naturally suggests that possibly the Appellate Court is not altogether to blame. But if the Appellate Court is right, there must be a plentiful lack of legal knowledge among the trial Judges, so the status of the courts as a whole still come in for a share of blame.

A change in the laws is naturally suggested by those who are inclined to absolve the courts. There is a very widespread impression that much might be accomplished in this way. The fact is that our law is still based upon a state of things that long ago ceased to exist. Our laws are founded upon the old English jurisprudence, and at one time the power of the King was so great as to threaten the life or liberty of anyone accused of crime. Judges appointed by the sovereign bullied juries into finding verdicts of guilty in many cases where the evidence was wholly insufficient. Hence many shrewd devices were adopted to protect the subject from the power of the King, in whose name all prosecutions were conducted. In spite of these devices convictions were frequent, and often went contrary to the popular wish. In this country recently conditions have been just the reverse. Acquittals are the order of the day, and when a conviction is had it is frequently reversed on appeal. It is now the punishment of crime that has become difficult while the acquittal of the innocent is almost a matter of course.

It is the belief of laymen that the hands of the prosecutions are continually tied by the many devices that the law allows to prevent the proving guilty and punishment of those who have committed crimes. It is altogether probable that in some respects they make mistakes for the want of a more comprehensive view of the subject than is possible for those who have not made it a specialty. However, members of the legal profession support them in much that they say, so that it is clear that they are not altogether wrong. It is perfectly plain that crimes against the person are inadequately punished in the United States. In other countries this is not true, at least not to the same extent. In England any sort of an assault that is not justifiable, is a serious offense, and is almost certain to be punished, sometimes far more severely than we are prepared to justify. The effect, however, is that such offenses are very rare, and the public safety is much better guarded.

A careful review of our criminal laws is needed, not in Kentucky merely, but in most of the States of the Union. We do not want laws for the conviction of innocent people, but we do need laws that will permit the punishment of the guilty, even when they have money.

Where the Poor May Thrive.

"Your editorial suggesting 'a short cut to relief' strikes me as hitting the nail on the head. The country needs laborers; the cities have them by the thousands, many of them poorly paid, others out of work and all living in squalor. Why don't they help matters by exchanging city drudgery for country life? That's what you wonder. So do I.

"PHILANTHROPIST."

In these words a correspondent supports our plan for a better distribution of labor and a remedy for the prevailing conditions in American cities and on American farms.

There is no doubt that the plan would be fruitful of great good.

The farmers call for laborers. They want thousands of thousands of them. Kansas alone needs 8,000, according to the Governor of that State.

Why do the poor men huddle in the cities, under the most burdensome conditions, while the open country, with its good health and good wages, beckons?

Why need anybody be out of employment while the great agricultural interests are pleading for workers?

Let the sociologists cease their futile theorizing and lamentations and proceed to mend matters by acting. Send some of these lowly folks to the farms. On the farms they may get work, wages and three meals a day.

Let the Socialists put an end to their ravings against the present system of Government and their demands for a new, fantastic one, and set about improving conditions by persuading the idle and the unfortunate to go to the farms.

A simple and feasible remedy is far better than complicated and futile theories. Here is one both simple and feasible. It may not be a complete remedy for all the evils of the day; it would not establish a millennium, but it surely would achieve great good.

Do not confiscate all property because there are poor persons suffering in the cities. Scatter the poor persons more widely. Send them to where life offers opportunities, instead of keeping them where their burdens are crushing. There is a lot of room in the country. Why crowd and agonize in cities, when there is so much to be had in the country?

The Socialistic leaders and yellow novelists make the mistake of assuming that because many persons are in distress in cities the whole Government is wrong, and a different kind is needed. They fail to note that the farms exist. There is an excessive supply of laborers in the cities. Therefore, there needs must be low wages and idleness. There is a shortage of laborers in the country. This should be filled by drawing on the surplus of the cities. Government has nothing to do with it. No change in government is demanded as a solution of the day's difficulty—least of all, a change from republicanism to Socialism.

To the country; to the farms; this is the counsel which should be given the tenement-house dwellers by everybody. It is worth far more than the weird verbosity of rabid visionaries and revolutionists.

Judge Brewer's proposal of the name of Judge Taft as suitable timber for the presidency in a speech at the Yale Alumni dinner in New Haven, was a graceful compliment from one graduate of that institution to another. Yale has never had an alumnus in the presidential chair, although many distinguished men of the country, including Calhoun, have been graduates of the institution. As the present Chief Executive is a graduate of Harvard, there is a natural desire among Yale men to have similar honor accorded to that university. The occasion of Judge Brewer's presentation of the name of Judge Taft in this connection was unique. Judge Brewer is a member of the class of 1856, the members of which were the special guests of the university celebrating the semicentennial of their graduation. At the dinner, at which 3,000 alumni were seated, from the circumstances attending his presence, coupled with the fact of his distinction as a Justice of the Supreme Court and his ability as a public speaker, the conditions were peculiarly favorable for his nomination of Judge Taft, an alumnus of the class of 1878. But beyond the compliment conveyed in the use of Judge Taft's name in connection with the high office and the opportunity it afforded the speaker to make a good hit, it is not probable that Judge Taft's presidential prospects will be much improved by it. He is not of the material from which the Republican party is wont to make its selection for that office. Besides there are antagonistic forces in his own State to say nothing of Indiana which he will scarcely be able to conciliate or to overcome. His speech in the Ohio campaign last fall with the aid of which the huge Republican majority was reversed, has not been either forgotten or forgiven.

"Does sitting on chairs tend to make people stiff and awkward? Orientals can sit on their heels, however fat and elderly they may be, while many English people after middle age can rarely rise from their chairs without assistance."—[London Graphic.

The Graphic would probably show more perspicacity by directing its suspicion less to the chairs of the English than to their food and drink.

It does seem, if half the reports are true, that if men must be murdered, Stanford White represents the type of man that can be as well spared by the world as any.

WILL KEEP OPEN.

No Sunday Closing for Louisville Druggists.

UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT AT BIG MEETING.

HEARD FROM COUNTY ATTORNEY AND OTHER LAWYERS.

NOT TO SELL LIQUORS.

The retail druggists will keep their stores open on Sunday despite the threats of prosecution by Magistrate Hoffman. This action was unanimously decided upon at the annual meeting of the Retail Druggists' Association yesterday. This organization met in the Exchange Hall of the Board of Trade building at 3 o'clock, and an unusually large representation was present. In addition to the members there were present several local attorneys who had represented some of the druggists in their recent suits, and Robert W. Bingham, County Attorney. The principal business discussed was the action of Magistrate Hoffman in connection with the Sunday closing. The discussion was participated in by Mr. Bingham and the other lawyers present, and the action to keep open was based on the advice of the attorneys. What step would be adopted to circumvent prosecution could not be learned. The decision to keep open on Sunday was by a unanimous vote, and it was stipulated that everything might be sold except liquors. This stipulation affects only about thirty druggists, as that is the number approximately that have liquor licenses, and they will not sell liquor in any form. This action will be binding on the 135 members of the association, and it will probably be followed by the less than a score of other druggists in the city who are not members of the association.

In the absence of Dr. J. W. Fowler, president of the association, Simon N. Jones presided. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Simon N. Jones, president; W. B. C. Yount, vice president; William Votteler, treasurer; Addison Dimmitt, secretary, and Frank Hertle, financial secretary.

President Jones announced the following advisory board: Otto E. Mueller, Charles Albus, T. P. Taylor, Benjamin Sauter and M. A. Kroeger.

TWO HANDSOME WEDDINGS.

Spaulding-Sloane and Gordon-McCord Marriages Solemnized In New Albany.

Miss Alice Mabel Spaulding and Mr. George Browning Sloane, of Indianapolis, were married yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock in St. Paul's Episcopal church, New Albany, the ceremony having been performed by the Rev. W. C. McCracken, the rector, the beautiful betrothal and marriage ritual of the church being observed. The wedding was a choral one, "Believe Me if All These Endearing Young Charms" and "Love's Melody" being sung by the vested choir.

Miss Daisy Elizabeth Spaulding, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Mr. E. O. Langen, Indianapolis, best man. Messrs. E. V. Knight, John Stratton, Samuel Walts, John A. West, Jr., Maywood, Ill., and W. H. Reitman, Louisville, were the ushers. As the bridal party entered the church, Mr. Wilbert Embs on the violin and Miss Emma Boardman on the organ played the march from Lohengrin. The bride's dress was a hand-embroidered batiste and she carried white roses and sweet peas, looking perfectly the part in her bride's veil. The maid of honor wore a pink hat of batiste gown and carried roses and sweet peas. A reception to relatives and intimate friends followed the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Spaulding, 1314 Dewey street, after which the pair left on a trip North. They will be at home at "The Nevin," Bonnycastle avenue, Louisville, after July 17.

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Last night at 9 o'clock in St. Paul's Episcopal church, New Albany, Miss Katherine Bundy Gordon was married to Mr. Charles Wallace McCord, the ceremony having been performed by the Rev. William C. McCracken, rector of St. Paul's, in the presence of a large assemblage of relatives and friends. The church had been decorated with palms, ferns and white blossoms, the wedding being a green and white one.

The bride entered the church on the arm of her father, Mr. E. M. Gordon, following the maid of honor, Miss Irma Kendall Gordon, the bridesmaids, Misses Julia Rogers, St. Paul, Minn.; Willie Trow Foster and Bessie McCord, New Albany, and the ushers, Messrs. E. V. Knight, Samuel Walts, Al. Croxall, Hugh, Oscar and August Barth. The bride was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. Robert G. McCord. During their entrance the harpers concealed by the palms, played the march from Lohengrin. Mendelssohn's being used as they left the church, and low strains of the music were continued throughout the ceremony. Previous to their entrance, Mrs. R. G. McCord sang two contralto solos, "Beloved, It Is Morn" and "All for You."

Gowned in a renaisance lace robe over taffeta, with tulle veil and carrying orchids and lilies of the valley, the bride, a most attractive young woman, was never more lovely. Her sister, Miss Irma Gordon, wore an equally handsome imported lace gown, and was no less beautiful. The bride's maids were crepe de chine and carried shower bouquets of lilies of the valley and ferns, forming a group of loveliness rarely equaled. The pair left last night over the B. and O. S. W. for New York, and will sail thence for a two-months' stay in Europe. Returning to New Albany, they will be at home at the handsome residence of the groom, East Twelfth and Main streets, New Albany. The bride has been a great favorite in New Albany society on account of her charming manner and amiable disposition, while Mr. McCord, a prosperous business man at the head of a wholesale firm in Louisville, is equally popular.

CAME TO LOUISVILLE AND WERE MARRIED.

A wedding, which will come as a surprise to their friends, was that of Dr. Webb Suter, of Turner's Station, and Miss Edith Minish, of Gratz, Ky., last night at the ouisville Hotel. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. I. C. Underwood, associate pastor of the Chestnut Street Baptist church. There was said to be no parental objection to the marriage, but the marriage was not anticipated at this time by the friends of the young couple. The groom is the son of J. W. Suter, of Owenton, Ky. The birde is the daughter of W. R. Minish, a druggist, of Gratz, Ky. The couple will return to Turner's Station to-day.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Presidential Breakfasts.

It will be a great disappointment to admirers of the President to learn that he does not have octopus for breakfast, cold trust for lunch and bear meat for dinner. That he eats the ordinary food of commerce, taking chances on the adulterants with the rest of us, is indeed a marvel. Now that he knows the facts, Senator Tillman, who breakfasts on red-hot horseshoes, henceforth will hold the President in more contempt than ever.—[Chicago News.

* * *

The Women of the Confederacy.

Gen. C. Irvine Walker, who is engaged in getting out a memorial issue of the Richmond News-Leader, Norfolk Virginian-Pilot and Petersburg Index-Appeal simultaneously, for the purpose of raising a fund to erect a monument to the women of the Confederacy, is at present in Richmond. Gen. Walker has already worked up a number of such issues with successful results, and it is to be hoped that he will be equally successful in Virginia. It is a noble cause for which he is laboring. The women have built the monument to our Confederate dead. Surely our Southern men ought to have gallantry enough to build a monument to commemorate the devotion, sacrifice and heroism of the women, who suffered more for the Confederate cause even than the men who went to the front and did the fighting.—[Richmond Times-Dispatch.

* * *

Canned Goods On Trust.

That motto, "In God We Trust," should be transferred from the silver dollar to the meat and vegetable can. Congress has killed the amendment to the Pure Food Bill which called for labelling canned goods with the date of canning. We are under the necessity, thus, of continuing to buy canned goods, on trust. It may be that the canned food we buy was put up under Government inspection in 1906, or it may be that it was put up during the Spanish-American War. An advance was made, however, when an amendment of this nature was given consideration and almost lived through the debate. Sooner, or later, the canners will be obliged to come to this. Another canned product is the lay of the hen. "In God We Trust" is fit motto for inscription on the illusive egg. We buy it on faith, trusting that it was not laid as the corner stone of ten generations of eggs, now grown to hen-hood. It is very evident that the public is as much in need of protection on the egg market as elsewhere. Some egg producers stamp the date of the laying on each egg as a guarantee of freshness. This service could easily be insisted upon by the Government. The dating of the eggs and the dating of the cans should be demanded, otherwise the consumer is buying a concealed commodity at a gambler's chance."—[Detroit Free Press.

* * *

Gets Own Medicine.

Gambler Canfield, of New York, rises to remark that the game he ran was fairer than the one in Wall street. That is not saying much for the game he ran, either. But the remark, coming at a due interval after it was reported that he had gone into the Wall street amusement, conveys an impression that some of his former patrons have been getting their money back.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

* * *

Dry Sunday In Louisville.

Kentucky, the home of the mint julep, has been hard hit by a reform wave, and even Louisville has not escaped. That town was as dry as a powder house day before yesterday. You couldn't buy even a postage stamp, though as a matter of fact it wasn't postage stamps the Louisvillians wanted.

The Courier-Journal says pretty girls curled up their noses at drug clerks, tossed their heads, and with a flounce of their skirts left the drug stores in high dudgeon when they found they could get nothing to drink at soda founts. Men who had failed to lay in a stock of cigars on Saturday muttered cuss words when they were unable to buy their favorite brand of cigars at the places where they were in the habit of dealing. At only two drug stores could purchases of soda water and cigars be made. The majority of drug stores were open, but only drugs were sold. In some few instances proprietors of drug stores kept their places of business closed all day.

A few blind tigers were located and some side doors were found open and prosecutions will follow.

The officers say the lid is on tight and the thirsty assert that Sunday in Louisville is "the worst ever." We judge, therefore, that the wide-open feature of that town has received a blow that somewhat disfigures. If Louisville people really want to see a dry Sunday and the best regulated city in America they should take a trip to Atlanta.—Atlanta News.

* * *

Faith Moves Mountains.

The father of Sarah Schafer, the Latin teacher, who was murdered at Bedford, says he is confident that the time will come when his daughter's slayer will face justice. He is either an unusually optimistic person or he doesn't know the Bedford authorities very well.—Lafayette Courier.

* * *

Certainly Worn Out.

The mint joke has about run its course in the papers anent the Home-coming. But it originated in papers which wouldn't know a mint bed even though its fragrance rose up in its might and tickled their nostrils with its aroma and their palates with a julep. So there, now!—Paducah News-Democrat.

* * *

Past All Possibilities.

A large sum of money has been raised for the purpose of providing a memorial of the poets Keats and Shelley in Rome. One of the remarkable things about poets is that people are generally willing to do a good deal for them after it has been made certain that they will never produce any more poetry.—Chicago Record-Herald.

* * *

Ruining the Crops—By Wire.

Creighton, Neb., June 28.—The most violent hailstorm ever known in this vicinity swept over Knox county to-night, completely ruining fruit and growing crops in a territory two by eleven miles in extent. The storm came from the Northwest, and all windows on the north and west sides of buildings were smashed.—[Yesterday's Inter Ocean.

Aside from the joy experienced by everybody, later, when it is found upon closer investigation that the hailstorm did not completely ruin the crops, such dispatches as the foregoing are among the saddest features of this season of the year. They always are with us in the summer time, and they will be with us for the next two months. For instance, we may look confidently for this:

Lawrence, Kan., June 27.—One of the most disastrous hailstorms of the century visited the southeastern portion of this county last night. The stones were larger than hazel nuts, and they fell in such numbers and with such force as to desolate the farming districts. The crops are completely ruined.

Which in due time will be followed by this:

Lawrence, Kan., Aug. 28.—Reports from all parts of this county, and especially from the southeastern portion, declare that the yield this season will eclipse any previous one. Farmers are having trouble in finding laborers in sufficient numbers to gather the fruit, cereals and vegetables.

And this:

Calhoun, Ill., June 28.—One of the most frightful hailstorms ever known in this county visited this section last night. The stones were as large as walnuts. The crops are ruined, homes and outhouses are destroyed, and the farmers are beggared.

Which in due time will be followed by this:

Calhoun, Ill., Oct. 18.—This year's county fair was the most successful ever held in Calhoun. The farmers were never so prosperous, and they came from all parts of the county to contribute toward making the fair a gala event. The Calhoun street fair, organized by the Calhoun Merchants' Association, has attracted people from neighboring counties. There is great rejoicing over the result of the recent harvest, which was the greatest ever gathered in this section.

And this:

Trenton, Mo., June 29.—The most disastrous hailstorm ever recorded in this locality occurred last night. The stones, which averaged larger than hen's eggs, destroyed the growing crops. There is not a green thing to be seen in the county. Lives were spared miraculously, but cattle suffered severely. There is talk of calling for outside relief.

Which in due time will be followed by this:

Trenton, Mo., Nov. 1.—The report of the Trenton Chamber of Commerce, just issued, showed that the year 1906 was the most prosperous in the history of this city and county. Never before have there been such bountiful crops. Nothing has occurred during the year to hinder the growth of our staples, and prices have been the best. The report suggests that an international exposition be held in Trenton next summer, and the Congressman from this district will be asked to use his influence to secure a Government appropriation.

It is pretty much the same every year, but we never tire of reading such news. There seems to be a demand for it. If there were not, of course, it would not be produced so regularly.—[Chicago Inter Ocean.

* * *

Minister As Press Agent.

Prof. Wilder, of Cornell, wrote a letter to the manager of the Ithaca op'ryhouse protesting against "Zaza," because, he said, the play is a "moral cesspool" and ought not to be seen by the students. The manager, of course, has printed the letter, and looks for a gratifying increase of the advance sales. Dr. Wilder is an eminent bacteriologist, but if he should ever tire of his job at Cornell, a great future awaits him as a press agent.—[N. Y. Telegraph.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Real Pathos.

I'd wandered near a powder mill—
Some girls were standing by,
And anxiously they spoke of "Bill"
And gazed into the sky.
It seems that Bill had gone away—
No matter where he went—
For one and all those girls did say:
"He was a perfect gent."

Those few words did appeal to me—
They may appeal to you—
And when Death calls out, "23"
And I at length skidoo
Afar from this world cold and gray
Where I my life have spent,
I hope there will be some to say:
"He was a perfect gent."

* * *

Those Foolish Questions.

"Father broke his leg this morning."

"Accidentally, eh?"

"We think so. Father is hardly cantankerous enough to do a thing of that sort on purpose."

* * *

Dearth of Provender.

"Were you ever lost in a desert?" asked the first moth.

"Well," answered the second moth, "I once crossed a peek-a-boo shirt waist, and a fearful experience it was."

* * *

Costly.

"It must be nice to have the faculty of making plenty of friends."

"Oh, I don't know. All the friends I make seem to want favors."

* * *

Looking Backward.

When one is twenty it is grand—
The purest form of bliss
To find another fellow, and
Proceed to "reminis."

* * *

Such Is Life.

"Jinks and I have never been very friendly."

"Why not?"

"Well, he takes no interest in my troubles and I must admit that I take very little in his."

* * *

Summer Girls.

"Do you think a woman can love more than once?" inquired sentimental Susette.

"Not in the same day," replied languorous Loretta. "At least, I find myself unable to."

* * *

Pessimistic Pa.

"Pa, what is an honorarium?"

"That is a polite term given to senatorial swag, my boy."

* * *

Dear College Days.

"I notice," said the friend, "that all your letters have the stamp stuck on upside down."

"Yes," explained the president of the correspondence school. "That's our class yell."

THINKS WHISTLING ORDINANCE CAN BE ENFORCED.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

I see in your paper of 28th inst. that the "Board of public Safety has set on foot plans to have locomotives stop blowing whistles inside the city limits unnecessarily." Strange to say, it is added: "Every effort is being made by the board to obtain compliance with the ordinances, without too much harsh and uncalled-for action against the railroad companies." When there is question of enforcing an ordinance against poor citizens, there is no such thing as "making an effort to obtain compliance." Must then the city fathers beg compliance from railroad companies, when a heavy fine, at once imposed, insures from private citizens compliance with ordinances of far less importance? For years the L. and N. railroad has never blown a whistle within the city limits. Why, therefore, can the demand for immediate and continued compliance with an ordinance, now many years old, be a hardship for the I. C. railroad or any other one? The police should enforce ordinances of such public utility and necessity, even against railroad companies. C. P. S.—These lines are from one, who, in the cause of humanity, has been appealing for years to the railroad companies, and to the police for cessation of this nuisance, but in vain.

Louisville, June 28.

Points About People.

Miss Linda Montgomery will be the hostess at a dinner at the Country Club this evening given in honor of her guest, Miss Mary Morris, of Quincy, Ill. Mrs. Virginia Montgomery and Mrs. Percy Thomas will be the chaperons, and Miss Montgomery's guests will include

MISSES.

Mary Morris, Helen Hickman,
Isabelle Hobbs, Emma Fenton,
Elizabeth Patterson, Virgie May.

MESSRS.

James Helm, Jr., Gilbert Burnett,
Arthur Middleton, Huntley Gibson,
Holliday Semple, Edward Allen.
Samuel Bingham,

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Floyd Smith entertained informally at dinner Wednesday evening in honor of their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Orton Bishop Brown, of Berlin, N. H. Mr. and Mrs. Smith's guests were Mrs. H. W. Bruce, Mrs. Henry B. Spencer, Misses Barbour and Preston Bruce, Messrs. Rogers Ballard Thruston, Harry Phillips and Casselberry Dunkerson.

* * *

Mr. Chester Norton accompanied by Mr. Brooks Nicholls, of Tarrytown, and Mr. W. W. Holloway, of Wheeling, W. Va., arrived Wednesday evening, having traveled in Mr. Nicholls' motor car from New Haven, where they have been attending Yale. They left New Haven a week ago.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Otter, Mr. and Mrs. John Delaware Otter and daughter, Miss Melville Otter will leave Sunday night for Cape May to spend the month of August.

* * *

Mr. Ira Sayre Barnett has gone on an automobile trip through the Bluegrass country.

* * *

Miss Lyda Matthews, of Covington, is the guest of Mrs. James W. Bryan at the Weissinger-Gaulbert.

* * *

Miss Juliet Morris, who has been spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. Morton Morris in Belgravia, went yesterday to join her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Morton Morris, at Mr. and Mrs. Roger Smith's, where they will spend the summer.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George St. Amant, of Paris, France, will arrive in New York on Saturday and will reach Louisville Sunday evening to join Mrs. Amant's father, Mr. Cushman Quarrier.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charlton D. Rogers and daughters, Misses Sarah and Margaret Rogers, will leave Saturday for Fayette county to spend the summer.

* * *

Mrs. Louis Seelbach gave a luncheon Tuesday at The Seelbach, in honor of Mrs. S. S. Frackelton, the noted artist of Chicago.

Her guests included Mrs. S. S. Frackelton, Mrs. Minnie Gathright Cooke, Mrs. Clarence Martin, Miss Sara Gibson and Mrs. C. P. Weaver.

* * *

Mr. Frank Witherspoon, of New York has returned home after a visit to Mr. Lewis Gorin.

* * *

Bishop Charles E. Woodcock and Mrs. Woodcock, Misses Charlotte and Marian Woodcock, and Mr. Stanhope Woodcock, left yesterday for Michigan, to spend the rest of the summer.

* * *

Miss Mary Rogers, of New York, will arrive next week and will go at once to Lexington, where she will join her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charlton Rogers, to spend the summer in Fayette county.

* * *

Mrs. Andrew Cowan has gone to Indianapolis, where she is the guest of Mrs. Millard.

* * *

Miss Nancy Simpson, of Chicago, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. George F. Allen, on Fourth street.

* * *

Mr. Llewellyn Smith has returned from California, where he spent several months with his sister.

* * *

Miss Essie Allen will leave the middle of next week for Chautauqua, to spend the rest of the summer.

* * *

Mr. Robert Burnham, of Richmond, is spending several days in the city.

* * *

Miss Mary Morris, of Quincy, Ill., will arrive this morning, to be the guest of Miss Linda Montgomery for several weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Carl Peirce and little son, Carl, who have been visiting Mrs. Peirce's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Edward Kline, on Burnett avenue, will return home to-morrow evening.

* * *

Mr. Robert Jarrett Elder, of Dayton, O., will arrive to-morrow, to visit Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Thompson.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Ross has returned home after spending a month at Wolf Creek with her aunt, Mrs. R. M. Smith.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wolf will go to Forest on Monday, to spend the rest of the summer.

* * *

Mr. E. S. Shanks returned home yesterday from Evansville, where he has been visiting for several days.

* * *

Miss Helen Humphrey, of Elizabethtown, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Joseph Humphrey.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Kohler will leave to-morrow for Lancaster, Pa., to visit their daughter, and will sail early in July for Holland to spend a month at Scheveningen, and later will visit Carlsbad and Paris. They will return home the middle of September.

* * *

Miss Sallie Campbell, who has been ill at the Gray-street Infirmary for six weeks, is sufficiently improved to be removed to the home of her sister, Mrs. H. C. Anderson.

* * *

Miss Lizzie Conaway, of New Orleans, was the guest of relatives in Louisville during the Home-coming festivities.

* * *

Mrs. N. R. Hall and daughter, Lucy, have returned to Knoxville, Tenn., after visiting Mrs. Thirza Smith and other friends.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. Levy have gone to Waukesha for an indefinite stay.

* * *

Mrs. Jane Kastor and her granddaughters, Misses Ava Coons and Ola Dufer, who have been Home Comers at West Point, Hardin county, will leave Saturday, for their home at Queen City, Mo.

* * *

Mrs. Anna Carpenter and her daughter, Miss Anna, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. C

DON'T WANT FAIR

Unless Location Is Fixed Permanently.

LEXINGTON RAISING GUARANTEE FUND.

EXPECTS FIGHT TO BE MADE BY LOUISVILLE.

WILL DONATE HANDSOME SITE.

Lexington, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce last night, it was decided that Lexington does not want the State Fair unless it was assured that the permanent fair would be located here. A resolution was adopted that a committee be appointed to raise a guarantee fund of $10,000, and to secure options on from 80 to 100 acres of land for the permanent location, and that this committee should go to Frankfort next Tuesday, when the State Fair Board is to meet, and present Lexington's claims, stating what they have secured, but not offering anything unless the permanent location of the fair was given to this city. This committee was appointed as follows: County Judge Bullock, Mayor Combs, L. G. Cox, D. F. Frazee, Louis Des Cognets, Jouett Shouse, J. W. Porter, J. G. Cramer, John Skain, George A. Bain and John G. Stoll.

Desha Breckinridge, in advocating this resolution, said he believed that Louisville would fight for the fair, and that Lexington would have to offer as good inducements as the Fall City to secure it. He also stated that it would hardly pay to have the fair for this year alone.

• • •

Murder Trial Begun.

The trial of Ben Stewart, indicted for the murder of James M. Strader, on March 27, was begun in the Circuit Court here this morning. Strader, who was a member of a prominent Lexington family, was hunting ducks at the waterworks reservoir when, it is alleged, he was shot by Stewart, the rifle bullet passing through the front part of the head, forcing both eye balls from their sockets. Strader died a few days afterward. It is charged that Stewart, who is an employe of the waterworks company, fired the fatal shot.

• • •

Want Names Changed.

A petition is being circulated, and receiving numerous signatures, asking the General Council at its next regular meeting to change the names of certain streets in the city which are so much alike as to cause confusion. Among those to which attention is called are Woodland avenue and Woodard avenue, Forest avenue and Forest street, Vertnes avenue and Vertner street, Eastin avenue and East End avenue, Hayman avenue and Hayman Place, Park avenue and Park Place, Clay avenue and Clay street, College street and College Place, Fayette avenue and Fayette Place, Clark street and Clark Place, Blackburn avenue and Blackburn street, Edwards avenue and Edwards Place, Linden avenue and Linden Walk, Wolf street and Wolf avenue, Price street and Price avenue.

• • •

Y. M. C. A. Camp.

The Bluegrass Boys' Camp, under the auspices of the State Y. M. C. A., will be held this year from July 17 to 27, at Munday's Landing on the Kentucky river, eight miles from Harrodsburg. All boys twelve years or more of age, who are members of the association are eligible. A Lexington contingent will be in charge of George W. Sheffer, secretary of the Boys' Department of the local Y. M. C. A. The entire cost for each boy will be $5, including transportation.

• • •

Funeral of J. W. Lancaster.

The funeral services of James W. Lancaster will be held at the home of his brother-in-law, R. B. Elliott, 164 West Limestone street, Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The Rev. I. J. Spencer will officiate. The pallbearers will be Frank Graff, J. B. Northcutt, Benjamin Perry, Julius Herrick, R. K. McCarney, P. I. McCarthy, H. A. Power, of Paris, Ky., and Dr. J. S. Roberts, of Lexington.

• • •

Mother Gets Child.

Upon the application made by Attorney J. Embry Allen to-day, Circuit Judge Parker issued an order directing the Sheriff to take from John W. Fraley and deliver to Sallie Fraley their nine-months-old child. Attorney Allen represented to the court that the child was an unweaned infant, and that it was necessary for its health and life that it should be in possession of the mother for a time at least, pending the action of the court in a divorce suit which has been filed.

He said the father had taken the child from its grandparents. The parties were in the courtroom and the Sheriff at once executed the order.

• • •

Masonic Children Happy.

Fifteen boys and girls from the Masonic Widows and Orphans' Home in Louisville were met at the train today by the officers of the Lexington Lodge, No. 1, and entertained with a dinner at the Woman's Exchange. These children are on their annual six weeks' vacation to their homes in the mountains. They were placed on the L. and E. train laden with presents of every imaginable kind, and started on the last stage of their journey.

• • •

Undertakers' Banquet.

The last day's session of the Funeral Directors' Association of Kentucky was held here to-day. The following officers were elected and inducted into office: President, M. J. Costigan, Newport; first vice president, T. B. Rogers, Frankfort; second vice president, W. M. Booker, Franklin; secretary and treasurer, Lee Shannon, Shelbyville; sergeant-at-arms, T. B. Hawes, Winchester.

The following were chosen as delegates to the national convention at Chicago: W. H. Klee, Henry Gayle, Clyde Allin, B. G. Johnson, Thomas Rogers.

The next annual convention of the Kentucky Association will be held at Louisville.

A banquet was given to the visitors to-night at the Phoenix Hotel by the Lexington members of the association.

• • •

Lexington Notes.

The Phoenix National Bank filed suit to-day against O. W. Snyder and Perry Crosthwaite to recover judgment on a note for $2,052.23, and for the enforcement of a mortgage lien, given on certain real estate to secure the note.

• • •

On a petition addressed to the court Michael Dunleavy and Margaret B. Dunleavy, his wife, asked to-day to be permitted in law to adopt as their own child Margaret D. Keiger, the two-year-old daughter of Ben D. and Margaret Keiger. The parents of the child also appear as parties to the petition expressing their consent to such adoption.

The petition recites the fact that the Dunleavys are over fifty years of age and have no issue; that they own considerable real and personal property in Lexington, and that such adoption is for the purpose of enabling the infant to become their heir at law.

• • •

An observatory is being erected at State College for the use of the class in astronomy. The building will be two stories high. The room in which the telescope will be placed is in the second story, and is circular in form, 16 feet in diameter and 20 feet high. The telescope is 10 feet long and has an 8-inch lens. The building will be completed by July 15 and the instrument will be at once set up.

• • •

Prof. M. A. Scovell, dean of the Kentucky Experimental Station, has returned from Washington, where he attended the meeting of the Committee on Pure Food Standards, of which he is a member.

• • •

County Attorney W. P. Kimball returned from Martinsville, Ind., to-day, where he has been to recuperate from an attack of inflammatory rheumatism. He has entirely recovered and will soon begin the canvas for the Democratic nomination for Congress in this district.

• • •

Representative Thomas Drewry, of Louisville, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Railroad Commissioner, was in Lexington to-day in the interest of his race. He was chaperoned while here by Representative W. F. Klein, of this city.

• • •

It was decided at the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce last night to have a parade of the firemen and police and floats representing the business interests of the city, on July 4. A balloon ascension and other attractions will be given at the Fair Grounds. No fireworks will be permitted in the city on the Fourth.

• • •

The Lexington Banking and Trust Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. on the capital stock of $600,000 and 1½ per cent. was added to the surplus fund. This represents only five months' business, as the company opened its doors on February 1.

• • •

Suit was filed to-day for divorce by Mary L. Trimble against Clarence Trimble, on the ground of abandonment, failure to support and other statutory grounds. Plaintiff asks for the custody of their daughter, Laura, and to be restored to her maiden name, Mary L. Clay.

• • •

This was the hottest day recorded this year in Lexington, the thermometer reaching a maximum of 90 degrees at 2 o'clock. The maximum yesterday was only 86.

DOWIE ABSENT-MINDEDLY OVERDREW $481,237,

According To Teller of Zion City Bank—Alleged Loose Methods.

Chicago, June 28.—In the hearing of the Dowie case before Judge Landis in the Federal Court, E. E. Harwood, teller of the Zion City Bank, was called as a witness. He testified that the books of the bank show that Dowie's account in the bank is overdrawn to the amount of $481,237. He said that since 1899 Dowie had drawn money from the bank at the rate of $84,000 a year. From the nature of the checks, Harwood said, it appeared that this money had been used by Dowie for personal expenses.

He produced further figures purporting to show that the overdrafts of the various Zion City industries since 1899 amount to $657,900.

MR. CASE PRESIDENT OF INDIANA C. E. U.

Anderson, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—The annual convention of the Indiana Christian Endeavor Union closed here to-night with the election of the following officers: President, the Rev. Clarence Case, Richmond; general secretary, Miss Florence Lanham, Indianapolis; treasurer, A. G. Burry, Fort Wayne. Intermediate: Junior superintendent, Miss Allee Leininger, Angola; missionary superintendent, Miss Margaret Windsor, Muncie; citizenship superintendent, the Rev. J. M. Gaiser, Princeton; transportation manager, E. H. Clifford, Indianapolis; press superintendent, J. Elmer Rhea, Muncie; vice presidents, the Rev. Thomas Ashburn, Evansville; the Rev. Frank M. Fox, Fort Wayne; the Rev. W. W. Lineberry, Plymouth; the Rev. O. J. Sharp, Hammond; the Rev. J. L. Kliewer, Berne; the Rev. J. F. Burnett, Muncie; the Rev. C. K. Stockwell, Alexandria. United Society Trustees: The Rev. W. J. Darby, Evansville; the Rev. A. B. Philputt, Indianapolis; the Rev. Charles B. Newman, Indianapolis; Prof. J. Elbert Russell, Richmond. Vice president World's C. E. Union, Walter J. Lewis, Evansville; president Veterans' Association, the Rev. Hamilton A. Hymes, New Albany.

TO LEARN HOW TOLEDO CONVICTED ICE BARONS.

Indianapolis, June 28.—County Prosecutor Charles P. Benedict left early to-day for Toledo to study the methods employed by the Prosecutor there in obtaining the conviction of the members of the Toledo ice trust. He will remain in Toledo two or three days. Deputy Prosecutor Groninger says the Prosecutor's office is obtaining evidence which, it is hoped, will lead to the indictment of the promoters of the alleged local ice trust.

CHARGE MEAT DEALERS WITH USING CHEMICALS.

Indianapolis, June 28.—Harry Matseke, Henry Coleman, Joseph Cook, William Grund and Frank Files, meat dealers on the market, were arrested to-day on complaint of the State health authorities, charged with selling meats containing preservatives. Cook's trial was set for July 6. He will be tried first. The arrests are the result of investigations made by State Chemist Parnard, in which he found thirty dealers sellings meats containing sodium sulphite.

Why Many People Suffer From Constipation.

A Sure and Safe Relief.

Constipation is most often caused by a torpid liver or failure of the stomach and bowels to perform their proper functions. The condition is commonly due at first to irregular habits of living and improper food, and if properly treated can be readily relieved. It is, however, too often aggravated and made chronic by the use, as medicine, of powerful and expensive drugs, which purge and perhaps give temporary relief, but are so drastic in effect as to damage the tender lining of the stomach and bowels, leaving a condition worse than at first. This can, however, be avoided, and the bowels gently and thoroughly opened by the use of Nature's own remedy—the famous Natural Mineral Laxative Water—HUNYADI JANOS—which has been relieving suffering mankind all over the world for nearly half a century. One dose, ½ a tumblerful, drunk on arising in the morning (slightly warmed for best results), will, within an hour, bring a delightful and refreshing relief. A whole bottle costs but a trifle, and it is best to keep one always on hand. Every druggist keeps it.

TO TEST LAW.

Warrants Taken Against Express Company.

CHARGE VIOLATION OF LIQUOR SHIPMENT BILL.

CASE WILL BE FOUGHT IN ALL COURTS.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE POINT

Murray, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Wholesale warrants were to-day issued by County Judge A. J. G. Wells against the Southern Express Company charging it with violating the new law passed at the recent session of the Legislature, prohibiting common carriers from bringing into, transferring and delivering spirituous, vinous or malt liquors in local option districts. When the law became operative on June 11 the express company refused to accept shipments of liquors consigned from points in the State, but have accepted and delivered shipments from other States as it did before, claiming that the act does not prohibit this and that it is not within power of the Legislature to prevent deliveries of shipments of liquors coming from another State. The company claims the act is unconstitutional. As this is the first case arising in this part of the State since the law became operative, and in view of the recent crusade against liquor inaugurated by the Anti-saloon League of Kentucky, and Gov. Beckham, the decision of Judge Wells will be awaited with much interest. The cases are set for July 9. Counsel has been retained to assist the county attorney while the express company will have strong counsel, as this is to be made a test case.

ACQUITTED OF MURDER,

But Harry Cole Must Answer To Serious Charges.

Owingsville, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The trial of Harry Cole resulted in a verdict by the court of not guilty as to the charge of murder. Cole was charged with killing Ulrich Hart last Thursday at Yale, Bath county. Cole was held under $300 bond charged with rape committed on Mrs. Hart and carrying concealed deadly weapons. Cole will be tried next Monday on the two latter charges.

Big Mortgage Invalid.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—R. Gudgell, referee in bankruptcy, made an important decision in the case of Winton Lumber and Manufacturing Company on a bill of exceptions filed by the trustee. The referee decided that the mortgages of Crainor and Smith for $20,000, and of the First National Bank of Prestonsburg for $2,-000 were invalid. These mortgages, if valid, would take all the assets of the bankrupt to the exclusion of the other numerous creditors. An appeal was at once taken by the creditors to the United States District Judge and it sustained by him, an appeal will be taken to the United States Court of Appeals and from there to the Supreme Court. This is the first decision of its kind made in this section and the outcome will be watched with interest.

Buys Interest In Store.

Springfield, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Joseph S. Claybrooke has purchased a one-half interest in Robertson Bros.' Department Store at this place. He will take possession August 1. Until about one year ago Mr. Claybrooke was for several years a member of the firm of Grundy, Claybrooke & McIntire. When he sold out his interest here he purchased an interest in the Falls City Clothing Company, of Louisville, Ky., and has been looking after the interest of his company in Kentucky as a traveling salesman.

Wanted For Alleged Assault.

Harrodsburg, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Deputy Sheriff Davenport is looking for Abe Lake, of Kirkwood vicinity, who is wanted on the charge of assaulting his sister-in-law, Mrs. S. N. Chambers. Mrs. Chambers had gone to the Lake home to attend to some matters as had been the custom of her mother, Mrs. Goodlet, and herself since her sister's death. It is said Lake has gone to Kansas, but many think he is still hiding in the hills north of Harrodsburg.

Funeral of Mrs. Sarah Ford.

Upton, Ky., June 28.—Mrs. Sarah Ford, aged seventy-six, who died at her home in Mt. Sherman, will be buried here to-day in the Methodist cemetery, the funeral services being conducted by the Rev. D. T. Williams. The surviving children are: Mrs. H. T. Dixon, Mrs. John Smith and Mrs. Dixon Watkins, of this place; Mrs. Fannie Watham and Dr. George Ford, of Mt. Sherman; Isaac Ford, of Louisville; Nicholas Ford, of Chicago, and James Ford.

Escapes From Jail.

Munfordville, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Leonard Williams, under charge of malicious cutting, made his escape from the county jail twenty-four hours after his incarceration by cutting a 9x 12-inch hole in the brick wall of the building. So far, nothing has been heard of him. The present jail has several times been condemned by the grand jury, and indictments against the county officers on account of its condition are now pending.

Harvest Hands Overcome.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—To-day was the hottest of the year in this section and harvest hands suffered in the fields, several being overcome by the broiling rays of the sun. Thermometers in different sections of the city stood from 94 to 96 degrees, while the Government thermometer registered 93.

Pioneer Resident Dead.

Seymour, Ind., June 28.—William M. Williams, aged eighty-one, a pioneer resident of this county, died at his home at Crothersville. He was born at Cumberland Gap, Tenn., and came to Indiana with his parents in 1832, crossing the Ohio by ferry at New Albany.

Death From Fall.

Maysville, Ky., June 28.—Wm. W. Baird, aged ninety-two years, the oldest native born citizen of this place, died at his home this morning from a fall received yesterday. He leaves two sons and two daughters, William Baird, residing in Cincinnati.

UNLUCKY THIRTEEN OR UNLUCKY PUBLIC?

Philadelphia, June 28. — Warrants charging conspiracy were issued to-day for the arrest of thirteen ice dealers who are accused of entering into a combination to maintain exorbitant prices. Preliminary hearings will be held Monday. It is charged that the price of ice has been advanced from $2.50 to $5 and $7 a ton.

TOLLEY CAUGHT.

Notorious Negro Counterfeiter In the Toils.

HELD AT BALTIMORE ON STRONG CASE.

DR. BAKER'S FRIENDS GIVE HIM A SURPRISE.

POSTAL MEN HAVE A CLASH.

Irving Tolley, the notorious negro counterfeiter and desperate criminal, wanted in Louisville and in many other cities in the country, is under arrest in Baltimore. Much interest was shown in the capture by those connected with the United States Court at the Customhouse yesterday afternoon when a message was received at the local Secret Service office from Chief Wilkie announcing that Tolley was captured and that a good case was held against him.

Louisville officers spent much time hunting for the prisoner for the last three years after he organized a gang of negro counterfeiters in Owensboro and displayed some of the cleverest work in raising bills that came under the observation of the Government detectives. His career in crime has been a remarkable one and so fortunate has he been in escaping from the webs woven by detectives and eluding the strong arm of the law that he has come to be known as the "lucky nigger." To his other crimes that of murder is added. His victim was Harvey Sheppard, brother of Miss Nannie Sheppard, of 633 Sixth street, Louisville. He volunteered to arrest Tolley at Cave City August 19, 1903, and was shot and killed by the negro.

After the murder Tolley and Luke Ray, another negro and one of the gang, fled South and later were arrested at Memphis for passing raised bills. They were sentenced to five years in the penitentiary, but escaped while waiting to be transported. Three days later Tolley was found in Chicago and taken to the prison at Nashville. He pretended to have reformed, begged for a picture of Christ which he fastened on the wall of his cell, concealing a hole he was digging under the wall. He escaped through this hole June 4, 1905, and since then, although the Secret Service officials often were close upon him, he has eluded capture until he was taken in Baltimore. He has conducted his operations in Kentucky, Tennessee and Ohio and at one time was sighted and fired upon in Cincinnati.

He is twenty-nine years of age and is from Owensboro. It was there he formed his gang, consisting of Luke Ray, Tom Ragland, Albert Crum, Junius Starks and James Jackson. All his former confederates are now serving sentences in prison. Tolley is under indictment in Owensboro on two counts for raising and passing money. He has served two terms in the penitentiary for burglary. Secret Service men everywhere are gratified of his capture and assure everybody that he will not be able to escape their clutches again.

DR. BAKER SURPRISED.

Custodian's Force Presents Him With Fine Set of Surgical Instruments.

Dr. T. H. Baker, who for the last nine years has been postmaster here at Louisville, was summoned to the office of the chief engineer in the basement of the Customhouse yesterday afternoon where he was met by all those in the custodian's force. He shook hands all around and was ordered to the front by Judge W. G. Dearing who had summoned him to the basement. In behalf of the others present Judge Dearing presented Dr. Baker with a full kit of the best surgical instruments on the market, saying that it was a mark of the esteem in which he was held by those who had been under him, and that it was hoped it would be acceptable to him.

Dr. Baker responded feelingly, saying that he had never known of such faithful and loyal service as that given him and the Government by those he was leaving. He took occasion to say that he had nothing but good to say of the Government which had dispensed with his services and to urge that all who had so remembered him transfer their allegiance to the incoming custodian. He thanked those assembled for their expression of good will and said that if he did not have frequent opportunity to use the gift as he hoped to have, he would always keep it by him to remind him of many pleasant years. Everybody shook hands all around again and Dr. Baker now shows his present to all the friends who call on him. It is said that other surprises are in store for the popular postmaster.

TWO MORE DAYS

All That Remain Until Special Tax Isn't Payable Except With Penalty.

The fiscal year of the Internal Revenue Department of this district will close to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock, after which time the special tax on all manner of businesses that are licensed by the Government will be payable only with the 50 per cent. penalty added. It is an annual problem with those in the Collector's department how to persuade special tax payers to liquidate before the last day of grace, at which time everyone in the office is up to his ears in work. They have as little success in persuading such action as they do in accounting for the reluctance of taxpayers to settle promptly.

The collections for the year up to closing time yesterday passed the $13,-000,000 mark, it was said by Joseph A. Craft, Collector of Internal Revenue, yesterday afternoon. The year will eclipse all former years except those when the war tax was in effect, and when the largest amount of collections for any one year amounted to something over $13,800,000.

POSTAL MEN CLASH.

Lewis O'Donnell and Patrick Musselman Assume Beligerent Attitudes.

Lewis O'Donnell, Superintendent of Mails, and Pat Musselman, a clerk at Station F., Fourteenth and Main streets, engaged in what promised, until they were separated, to be a "knock-down drag-out" affair, on the platform at the rear of the Customhouse yesterday morning. It is said that neither is on the best terms with the other, and that Mr. O'Donnell ordered the other, who is said to have been talking freely about him, away from the place. Finally Mr. O'Donnell struck his opponent. They were separated by a janitor and subsequently both reported to Dr. Baker. The postmaster refused to discuss the affair yesterday afternoon, saying that he would leave it to Robert E. Woods, who will succeed him.

Planning New Gauge At Madison.

F. J. Walz, weather observer in Louisville, returned yesterday from his trip of inspection up the river. He has found, he said, that the old river guage at Madison is in poor condition and that it is probable that a new one will have to be installed. The gauge at Madison is an extensive affair. It lies on the surface of the levee, and as the stage of the river there sometimes reaches the height of sixty feet and over, the total length of the gauge, parallel with the surface of the levee, must be 300 feet. Mr. Walz is desirous of recommending that a concrete guage replace the old wooden one, which is fast becoming useless, and he is at work on plans.

Woods Executes Bond.

Robert E. Woods, postmaster appointee, and who will succeed Dr. T. H. Baker as postmaster at Louisville, yesterday executed his bond for $240,000. Half this amount is the actual bond, although the individuals who sign for the postmaster do so accepting the provision that they are liable for twice the figure named.

Alleged Bootlegger Arrested.

Charles Davis, charged with violating the Internal Revenue laws, was arrested at Owensboro Wednesday by L. P. Bennett, Deputy United States Marshal, and yesterday was held to answer to the grand jury by the Commissioner at Owensboro. The details of the charge have not been received at the Marshal's office.

WOOD ASKS RECEIVER FOR LABOR JOURNAL.

Claims Partner Incurred Too Large An Indebtedness.

Henderson, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—J. D. Wood, formerly president of the United Mine Workers in this district, filed suit to-day in the Circuit Court against J. B. Farley, who is his partner in the publication of the Kentucky Unionist and Advocate, the mine workers' organ for Kentucky, for the appointment of a receiver and the annullment of contracts between the parties. Wood alleges a breach of contract on the part of Farley in that he has contributed nothing in cost toward the conduct of the business and has, against the protest of the plaintiff, incurred a large indebtedness.

BONDING COMPANIES FIGHT FOR CHARTERS

Which Brooklyn Man Wants Taken From Them Because of Alleged Combine.

New York, June 28.—A hearing on an application of Frederick B. Davidson, of Brooklyn, to have all the bonding companies of New York deprived of their charters on the ground they have entered into a business agreement which virtually constitutes a monopoly, will be given by Attorney General Mayor on July 10. The companies named are the American Surety Company, Bankers' Surety Company, Federal Union Surety Company, Fidelity and Casualty Company, Metropolitan Surety Company, United States Guarantee Company, and the United Surety Company.

DENATURED ALCOHOL PLANT FOR KANSAS.

Topeka, Kan., June 28.—Gov. E. W. Hoch is in favor of the establishment of a State denatured alcohol distillery in Kansas. "Such a distillery," said the Governor last night, "would furnish means for employing a large number of convicts, and the courts could not declare the law invalid on the grounds set up against the State oil refinery measure. This would have the same effect that was expected from the oil refinery measure, in that it would reduce the price of light and fuel to the consumers."

GERMANS HONOR CARL SCHURZ'S MEMORY.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—The German-American Society of Evansville held memorial services here to-night in honor of the late Carl Schurz. City Attorney Albert J. Venneman spoke in English, while County Surveyor W. H. Temme delivered an address in German. Carl Lauenstein, editor of the Evansville Democrat, made an appeal to the Germans to indorse an arbitration treaty between the United States and Germany.

MEMPHIS ELEVATOR BURNED. LOSS $100,000.

Memphis, Tenn., June 2.—The mill and grain elevator of the Davis & Andrews Company, located in South Memphis, a suburb of this city, was destroyed by fire shortly after midnight last night. The fire was discovered on the sixth floor of the building a few minutes after the mill had closed for the night, and before the flames could be checked practically the entire building and contents had been consumed.

The loss, it is estimated, will probably reach $100,000, with insurance of $75,000.

Marine Intelligence.

New York, June 28.—Arrived: Steamers Lombardia, Naples; Citta di Milano, Naples; Prinz Waldemar, Hamburg.

Sailed: Steamers Deutschland, Hamburg, via Plymouth and Cherbourg; La Provence, Havre; C. F. Tietgen, Christiania, Copenhagen, etc.

Sable Island, N. S., June 28.—Steamer Lucania, Liverpool, and Queenstown, for New York, in communication with the Marconi station 220 miles southeast 1:05 p. m. Will probably dock 7:30 a. m. Saturday.

Sable Island, June 28.—Steamer La Lorraine, Havre, for New York, in communication with the Marconi station when the vessel was off this point. Time not given.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

DEATHS.

BRAITLING—Entered into rest Thursday, June 28, at 3:45 p. m., Mrs. Christiana Braitling, widow of the late David F. Braitling, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Nettie Campbell, 2432 Cedar street, in her 82d year.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

MEDANICH—Natale S. Medanich, at his residence, 2418 Elliott avenue, at 1:45 p. m., June 28.

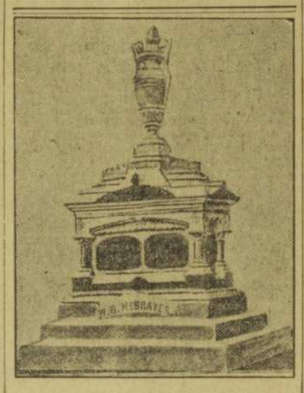
Funeral Saturday morning at 8:30 from residence and 9 o'clock at Holy Cross church. Burial in St. Louis cemetery.

WALKER—Fell asleep on Thursday morning, June 28, at 10:45 o'clock, Miss Nora Walker, aged 30 years.

Funeral from her residence, 609 East Jefferson street, Friday, June 29, at 4 p. m. Interment at Cave Hill cemetery.

WOERTZ—Thursday, June 28, at 10:45 a. m., Peter B. Woertz, aged 75 years.

Funeral Saturday, June 30, 2:30 p. m. from residence of his son, Christian Woertz, 1545 Twenty-second street. Interment at Cave Hill cemetery.



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"Coniston is an inspiration of genius . . . such as few American writers have achieved and none surpassed."—Public Ledger.

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"Coniston is a greater novel than any that preceded it, and . . . . works up an intense dramatic interest that almost makes one forget its literary charm."—Record-Herald.

ST. LOUIS.

"Coniston is really the best of Mr. Churchill's books . . . it is a big story finely conceived and strongly developed."—Globe-Democrat.

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"Coniston strengthens Mr. Churchill's position as one of the ablest writers of the day. It possesses the irresistible grip on the emotions possessed by the great novelists."—Boston Herald.

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"A wonderful piece of work, distinguished as much by its restraint as by its rugged strength. In Jethro Bass Mr. Churchill has created a man full of fine and delicate feeling, capable of great generosities and exquisite tenderness . . . full of interest and charm as a love story. . . Altogether an engrossing novel, singularly vigorous, thoughtful, artistic."—New York Times.

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Daily, July 10th to July 15th, incl.:
SPECIAL ELKS' EXCURSION
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Saves from 15 to 33 per cent. on your ICE BILL.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice.

LOUISVILLE, HENDERSON AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY.

The coupons due July 1, 1906, of Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis Railway Company will be paid on and after July 1, 1906, on presentation at the office of Bank of America, New York, or Columbia Finance and Trust Company, Louisville, Ky. L. W. BOTTS, Treasurer.

Notice.

Office of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, Rooms 27 and 28 City Hall.—Louisville, Ky., June 25, 1906.

Coupons of city bonds due July 1, 1906, payable in New York will be paid on presentation at this office until 12 o'clock m. Friday, the 29th inst.

J. M. TERRY, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend No. 65.

LOUISVILLE INSURANCE CO., 251 Fifth St. June 28, 1906.

The Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of four (4) per cent. on the capital stock out of the earnings of the six months ending June 30th, 1906, payable on and after July 1st, 1906.

S. M. HUSTON, Secretary.

SUMMER OUTING

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

$12.75 Round Trip.

July 1 to 9. Limit July 24.

July 27 to 29. Limit August 31.

A Most Delightful Vacation Trip.

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DAINTY DAME AND HARDING

Only First Choices To Reward the Form Players At Latonia.

AN OLD-FASHIONED KILLING.

McCafferty Pulls Down About $3,000 On Bedford's Hard-Earned Victory.

MR. RHINOCK AT THE TRACK.

LATONIA SELECTIONS.

First Race—Longbright, Mazzle Toy, Don Irent.
Second Race—Alma Gardia, Yachting Girl, Bitter Brown.
Third Race—Marthus, Scotch Dance, Tom Crowe.
Fourth Race—Orly II., Red Light, Brancas.
Fifth Race—Helmuth, Bonaventura, Gabble.
Sixth Race—Mayor Johnson, Huzzah, Sharp Boy.
Seventh Race—McCluer, Creel, Matabon.

LATONIA, June 28.—[Special.]—While no stake or distinctly feature event was down for decision this afternoon, it was, nevertheless, a very fair card, and one of exceptional balance that was served up, and as a consequence, keen and exciting racing was the rule rather than the exception. Form players had another bad day, as Dainty Dame in the fifth, and Harding in the sixth, were the only first choices to reward them. The price about the latter trick was so short that it is very doubtful whether many had the hardihood to play the Respess horse at the odds on price at which he was quoted after the wise bunch had eaten up the even money laid as an opener.

In the third race, which vied with the steeplechase as the day's headliner, was productive of one of those genuine old-fashioned killings. McCafferty, who furnished the winner, is reported as having got aboard to the extent of $3,000. The victory of the latter's candidate, Bedford, was accomplished only after one of the gamest exhibitions ever seen in a thoroughbred. Refusing to settle down while rounding the stretch bend, Bedford hung on gamely, crossing the finishing line three lengths to the good. So badly did the horse break down that it was with difficulty that he was taken off the track. Congressman Joseph Rhinock was at the track this afternoon. In an interview he said: "The directors of the Latonia Jockey Club will hold a meeting next Saturday, and while I cannot speak authoritatively, I fully believe that the present meeting will be extended at least thirty days."

Starter Holtman confirmed the report to the effect that Chris Fitzgerald will again be seen at the barrier. This decision had been reached through the existing bad blood between Cassidy and the former "king of starters," and the inability of Dick Dwyer to make suitable arrangements with the Parmer-Hendrie people of the Canadian circuit. The only starting that Fitzgerald is expected to do will be at the coming Brighton Beach meeting, which commences July 11.

* * *

The Only Way Blazes.

Geo Bright, from the barn of J. S. Ward, was the most lauded of the sixteen cheap platers which paraded in the day's opener. This one had shown nothing, but had worked well for the race and headed by the stable connections, the John Bright nag was accorded considerable support. His price fluctuated around the 3 to 1 mark at nearly all stages. A wise play was noted on The Only Way, which has been knocking at the door for some time and which has been run with and without blinkers in an effort to annex the long end of a purse. With Austin in the saddle the Schrieber colt made good in very decisive fashion. Laying back from the field in the stiff strung along to Ed Alvey's trick, Hazelthorpe, which was thought to be in very nicely at 101 pounds, and with Austin to pilot her, was probably the heaviest supported trick during the afternoon. Pat Civil also headed a plunge on his good horse, Orly II., which he uncovered for the first time since the strenuous campaign at the Crescent City last winter. While Jim Cafferty, who is reported to have cleaned up a fortune on the winner, got as good as 6 to 1 for the main portion of his commission. When the start came, which was straggling, Bedford was first to show, closely attended by Meadowbreeze and Hazelthorpe. But before the field had gone a quarter of a mile the McCafferty trick had shaken these two off and opening up a gap of three lengths simply smothered his field with speed. Turning for home he was seen to falter, but only for a moment. This was when the tendon snapped, but coming on again under urging he maintained his advantage to the end. Hazelthorpe, who had continued to force the pace, had to be ridden out to the last ounce to stall off the determined rush of Orly II., who closed strong.

* * *

Chapter of Accidents.

The outing of the suicide club proved a sort of hippodrome and merely a chapter of accidents half of the field coming to grief ere a quarter of the journey had been traversed. On paper the six which faced the starter promised to be productive of a corking contest inasmuch as it seemed to be well brought together by Handicapper Davis, and as all six had been well tried, no accidents were looked for. Pirate started the ball rolling by running out at the third jump. Then Dunning, who had assumed the lead, going in the fourth obstacle, took off too far and in landing turned a complete somersault, rolling over his prostrate rider, McClain. War Chief, who had been the runner up to this jump, was at Dunning quarters, when he made a flying leap and fell over him, giving O'Neill an ugly fall, while Stoddard refused to negotiate the obstacle. This left but two horses to finish out the course. The semblance of contest had now been eliminated and as the Ferris trick St. Enoch had assumed command it was only a question of how far the latter would win, as Frank Mc Dunning was taken back and the race was finished third within the time limit and was given the third money. After the stretcher bearers had gathered up the debris it was found that beyond a severe shaking up neither O'Neill or McClain were injured.

* * *

Dainty Dame Waltzes Home.

Nicol and Dainty Dame, a filly well-named, proved the winning combination in the fifth, which was at five furlongs. There were more good things handed around in this race than in all the balance of the card put together, of which the winner did not lack admirers. Al. Darnaby, her owner, thought that the price about the filly's chances were false, and immediately proceeded to put a crimp in the bank rolls of the knights of the chalk, by sending in a real healthy commission. Red Gauntlet, a very shifty youngster from the barn of Tom Hayes opened favorite at 3 to 1, but by the strength of reported fast trials, which have been accredited to him of late. However, the right money was not in evidence, and the odds about this one receded to the lengthy price of 12 to 1. The suspicions of the bookmakers proved correct, for the Hayes colt finished a very bad seventh. Probably the next time out he will be better fancied by the stable connections, and then the youngster will just about cavort home an easy winner. Dainty Dame took the track at flag fall and tiptoeing her field all the way, won eased up by three lengths. Bitter Miss and Javanese had a battle royal for the place, Bitter Miss taking it by the shortest of margins.

* * *

Harding Lands For Backers.

Harding looked so much the best of the platers carded to meet him in the sixth, which was at three-quarters, that he was tacked practically to the exclusion of the other starters so far as winning was concerned. In light, right from the post, the Respess trick was supposed to be the real peaches and cream and the even money that was quoted as an opener was eagerly eaten up by talent and wise fish alike, and soon being forced to odds-on. Revolt, who had the services of Nicol to-day, was well supported for the place, and out on the limb and in view of the good performance which the Gilbert horse put up under Dominick, the 5-to-1 a place and 3 to 5 on the limb, was quite liberal. About the only other starter to receive support was Ida Davis and what followed she found was mainly out on the limb. The running of the race proved to be Harding from the first to last jump. Treuble, who had the leg up, immediately hustled the wind-affected Blaze's gelding to the front, and opening up a commanding lead in the first quarter, made every post a winning one. Revolt, which closed fast under capable handling, got the place. Ida Davis rewarded her limb players by "copping" the bulk of the purse in a drive from Dod Anderson.

* * *

Uncle Henry Steps To Town.

The closing race of the day was productive of the best contest of the afternoon, and incidentally the only runner to be recorded during the day. The winner which turned up in Uncle Henry, was bid up by Charlie McCafferty $290 over his entered price of $800. Firzerald retained the horse with the usual advance of "fire." Shining Star was the most fancied of the seven which paraded, but on account of the heavy support accorded Uncle Henry and Golden Mineral, the price about the favorite lengthened out until 9 to 5 went begging. Moorehead which was a wild horse to-day, took the track when the flag fell, and assuming command, led the way for the first half mile, when she passed it up to Florizel who had been supported by a wise bunch of the paddock contingent. The McCarren trick showed the way clear to the final furlong, where Uncle Henry, closing with a well-timed rush, overhauled him and in a hot drive, with Shining Star, which came from a long way back, annexed the long end of the purse.

COURIER-JOURNAL FORM CHART

LATONIA, June 28, 1906.—Twenty-sixth Day of Spring Meeting of the Latonia Jockey Club. Weather clear. Track good. Presiding Judge M. N. McFarlan, Starter Jake Holtman, Secretary John B. Dillon, Racing Secretary and Handicapper Lyman H. Davis.

336—FIRST RACE—One mile. Purse $400. For three-year-olds and up; selling. Start fair; won easily; place driving. Winner, B. Schreiber's b. g. 4, by Sain—Miss Howard. Trained by D. Henry. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 3-5, :49 2-5, 1:15 3-5, 1:42 2-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	PT'e
303	The Only Way	104	4	4...1	3...½	2.1½	1...2	1...h	D. Austin	8-1	8-1	3-1
274	Dalesman	108	6	3...1	1.1½	3...h	3...½	2...h	E. Rob'son	10-1	12-1	5-1
274	Arachne	106	2	7...1	5...½	6...1	5...1	3.1½	Obert	15-1	20-1	6-1
309	Stillhunt	103	12	8...½	6...½	4...½	2...1	4...h	Perkins	8-1	10-1	4-1
303	Triple Silver	106	7	10...1	12...1	7...1	7...½	5...1	D. Riley	12-1	15-1	6-1
.....	Leo Bright	92	5	6...h	7...½	6...1	6...½	6...1	Oregar	2-1	3-1	8-5
327	Dr. Burch	91	1	L...h	1...½	1...½	4...½	7...2	J. Hicks	10-1	10-1	5-1
327	Fox Hunting	104	14	16	15...1	12...½	8...½	8...½	C. Murphy	40-1	40-1	15-1
320	Bell The Cat	112	9	13...½	14...1	9...½	9...½	9...½	Walnw'rt	12-1	20-1	8-1
315	Earl Hours	87	13	12...1	10...1	8...2	10...1	10...1	Preston	8-1	6-1	5-2
306	Arc Light	102	10	15...1	16	13...1	11...2	11...2	Heffernan	20-1	15-1	6-1
303	Yachting Girl	101	8	9...½	11...h	9...h	12...3	12...6	Perrett	30-1	30-1	10-1
320	Pillar	104	15	14...h	13...1	15...1	14...2	13...½	D. Boland	15-1	15-1	6-1
309	Henry Morn	98	16	11...2	13...1	16	13...1	14...1	Andrews	100-1	150-1	50-1
.....	Antauta	92	1	2...h	4...½	11...1	15...5	15...10	Griffith	15-1	20-1	8-1
279	Dr. Stephens	111	2	5...½	9...h	14...2	16	16	Hend'son	60-1	100-1	40-1

The winner was best, laid away from the early pace, closed strong rounding the far turn and, assuming command without an effort turning for home, won well in hand. Dalesman ran to his best form; just lasted long enough to stall off Arachne. The latter ran forwardly throughout, was pinched off rounding the far turn, but for which would have been closer up. Stillhunt made a bid turning for home but died away when the pinch came. Leo Bright should show improvement from this; has worked well. Early Hours, as good as left, ran a good race.

337—SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse $400. For three-year-olds and up; selling. Start fair; won handily; place easily. Winner, E. Corrigan's b. g. 4, by Sam Lucas—Africque. Trained by W. Whalen. Value to winner $300. Fractional time: :23 3-5, :48 1-5, 1:14 3-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	PT'e
309	Marsh Redon	109	8	.....	5...h	4...1	3...½	1...½	Nicol	3-1	3-1	6-5
323	Lizzie McLean	90	2	.....	4...3	2...h	2...h	2...1	Oregar	15-1	12-1	4-1
229	Bensonhurst	105	1	.....	1...1	1...½	1...h	3...1	D. Boland	12-1	15-1	6-1
199	Joe Shields	98½	11	.....	9...h	6...1	5...1	4...1	Obert	10-1	15-1	6-1
309	Toppy Girl	99	4	.....	3...1	3...1	4...1	6...1	T. Taylor	15-1	30-1	8-1
[232]	Capitano	106	9	.....	10...1	7...1	6...1	5...1	C. Fisher	9-1	12-1	5-1
316	Windshield	92	6	.....	8...h	9...1	7...h	7.1½	J. Hicks	8-1	12-1	5-1
279	Loch Goil	104	7	.....	7...h	8.1½	8...1	8...2	Treubel	8-1	7-1	3-2
315	Shipwreck	91½	15	.....	6...½	5...1	9...1	9...2	Grifith	40-1	40-1	15-1
290	Sir John Belle	112	12	.....	12...h	12...1	10...1	10...1	Hilderb'd	100-1	100-1	40-1
234	Marco	98	14	.....	14...10	11...2	11...3	11...3	Heffernan	50-1	100-1	40-1
243	Hector	98	3	.....	2...h	5...½	12...4	12...5	Preston	3-2	11-5	6-5
.....	St. Paris	104	13	.....	13...2	13...3	13...5	13...6	Vand'bout	10-1	25-1	10-1
170	Jonah	99	10	.....	11...2	14...5	14...6	14...10	D. Riley	40-1	100-1	40-1
31	Lord of the Valley	104	13	.....	15	15	15	15	Austin	20-1	60-1	25-1

The winner, carefully rated the first part, showed marked improvement over his last effort, and closing strong turning for home, took command in the final furlong, winning with something in reserve. Lizzie McLean ran to her best form and hung on well under a drive. Bensonhurst had the foot of the party in the early stages but hung a trifle in the final drive as if short. Joe Shield ran a race worth remembering. Toppy Girl showed improvement. Capitano's race won't do. This one needs a hustling rider of the Austin or Nicol type and can beat this bunch. Hector's race was too bad to be true. Watch this one.

338—THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse $500. For three-year-olds and up. Start bad; won easily; place driving. Winner, C. C. McCafferty's b. g. 3, by Handspring—Carlotta. C. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time: :24 1-5, :48, 1:14 1-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	PT'e
234	Bedford	88	1	.....	1...1	1...3	1...4	1...3	Preston	9-2	6-1	2-1
248	Hazelthorpe	101	5	.....	4...h	2...h	2...h	2...1	D. Austin	3-2	8-5	4-5
.....	Orly II	116	3	.....	7...1	5...h	5...1	3...3	Nicol	4-1	15-1	6-1
288	John English	101	4	.....	2...h	3...h	4...h	4...h	Sedg	5-1	5-1	2-1
158	Meadowbreeze	101	2	.....	2...2	3...1	4...1	5...n	Heffernan	15-1	20-1	10-1
311	The Clansman	92	6	.....	6...1	7...4	7...5	6.1½	J. Hicks	15-1	10-1	4-1
[340]	Usury	101	3	.....	3...h	6.nk	6...1	7...5	Dreyer	20-1	50-1	15-1
.....	Lobo	99	8	.....	8	8	8	8	B. Miller	60-1	150-1	40-1

The winner had the foot of the party at all stages and, although snapping a tendon in the run home, won with his head in the air. Hazelthorpe about ran to her best; may have been a trifle short. Orly II. was not fancied like a wild horse. This one is on edge. John English ran to his best form and had no excuses. Meadowbreeze ran to her best form.

339—FOURTH RACE—Steeplechase; clubhouse course. Purse $400; for three-year-olds and up; handicap. Start good; won easily. Winner, J. C. Ferris' b. g. 5, by Tithonus—Vestige. Trained by R. Cassady. Value to winner, $300. Time: 3:33 4-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	PT'e
314	St. Enoch	128	3	5...2	1...4	4...4	1...4	1.1½	Gaylor	7-1	6-1	8-5
.....	Frank Mc.	125	4	3...2	2...2	2...2	2...1	2...1	Yowall	30-1	40-1	10-1
[326]	Stoddard	138	1	1...½	3...1	3...1	3...1	3...1	Garic	5-2	13-5	1-1
298	Dunning	142	2	2...1	4...1	.....	.....	.....	McClain	3-2	5-2	1-1
312	War Chief	135	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	O'Neill	5-2	5-2	1-1
[312]	Pirate	162	5	Ran out					Dupee	5-2	7-2	6-5

The winner had no contention after the big jam occurred at the fourth jump. Frank Mc. fenced well. Stoddard refused at the fourth. War Chief fell over Dunning. Pirate ran out at the third.

340—FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs. Purse $400. For two-year-olds. Start fair; won easily; place driving. Winner, A. L. Darnaby & Co.'s br. f. 2, by Handspring—My Fair Kentucky. Trained by A. L. Darnaby. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :22 2-5, :47 4-5, 1:01 4-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	PT'e
[254]	Dainty Dame	109	3	.....	1.1½	1...3	1...3	1...3	Nicol	3-1	14-5	1-1
181	Bitter Miss	102	2	.....	2...h	3.1½	2...½	2...h	Perkins	8-1	7-1	3-2
325	Javanese	105	1	.....	3...2	2...h	3.1½	3...1	T. Taylor	3-1	3-1	3-2
252	Red Hill	105	6	.....	6...3	4...1	4...1	4...1	Macey	20-1	30-1	12-1
264	Della Thorpe	102	5	.....	5...1	4...½	5...2	5...h	Treubel	10-1	10-1	4-1
34	Red Gauntlet	105	8	.....	7...½	8...h	7...1	6...h	D. Austin	13-5	10-1	4-1
[278]	Anna Ruskin	105	6	.....	4...½	6...h	6...½	7...6	Perrett	15-1	15-1	6-1
.....	Judge Turnbull	105	9	.....	9...h	9...5	8...1	8...2	Obert	100-1	100-1	40-1
.....	Zick Abrams	105	9	.....	8...1	7...5	9...h	9...3	Reed'son	100-1	100-1	40-1
.....	Yando	97	10	.....	10	10	10	10	Oregar	40-1	40-1	15-1

The winner ran as if she outclassed her field, winning without ever being extended. Bitter Miss forced the pace throughout and stood a long drive gamely to stall off the rush of Javanese. The latter, a good looker, was weakly ridden at the finish. Bud Hill, in better hands, would have been closer up. Red Gauntlet's race goes for the end book. Anna Ruskin can do better.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs, Futurity course; selling; for three-year-olds and upward:

Arabo	108	Dr. Royal	100
Varieties	106	All Right	100
Bensheen	103	Tanya	98
Envoyle	108	Suffice	98
Adbell	103	Ancestor	98
Knight of Wes'on	108	Water Bearer	97
Sandhurst	103	Jessamine	94
Champlain	103	Sir Caruthers	91
Lady Ellison	102	Argentine	91
Merrick	102	Melbourne Nominee	90
Banque	102	Vaughn Valentine	90

SECOND RACE—One mile; for mares, three years old and upward:

Foyer	109	Brookdale Nymph	106
Esh Jacobs	112	Conch	103

THIRD RACE—Five furlongs. Futurity course; for two-year-old fillies:

Fantastic	114	Baringe	114
Jersey City	114	Adelmette	114
Grace George	114	Nancy	114
Princess Carrie	114	Wilde	114
Goddess	114	Court of Paradise	114

FOURTH RACE—The Thistle, one mile and a furlong; selling:

Bad News	115	Oliver Cromwell	106
First Sergeant	112	Garnish	103
Ormondes Right	108	Caronal	98
Red Friar	107	Water Tank	90

FIFTH RACE—One and one-quarter miles, handicap; for three-year-olds and upward:

Colonial Girl	124	Logistilla	117
Eugenia Burch	120	Maxnar	110
Grenade	118		

SIXTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; for two-year-olds, on turf; selling:

Manford	102	Sobig M.	102
Curriculum	109	Bert T.	102
Frank Lord	107	Al Powell	102
Judge Davey	104	Sam Rice	102
Jimmy	104	Ben Strong	97
Mirza	103	Kenny Saw	97
Clements	102	Wood Witch	94
Latifa	82	Oleo	90

CLERK CALLS HIMSELF TO ORDER AND ADJOURNS.

J. George Miller, clerk of the Board of Aldermen, was the only representative of that body who "assembled" at the Aldermanic chambers in the City Hall last night, in accordance with the regulations which govern that body, and which provide that adjourned meetings be held from night to night until the regular meeting night after a quorum has failed to assemble on preceding meeting dates. He, in the absence of President Tyler, called himself to order and read the roll call from "Mr. President Tyler," down to the representative of the Twelfth ward. Echo answered to the names of the absent city fathers and Mr. Miller, addressing the grinning negro janitor, suggested adjournment. The clerk gathered up his books in which he will enter the minutes of the meeting, and left the chambers. The janitor shut off the fans and turned out the lights.

LOUISVILLE'S LIBRARIANS GO TO ATTEND MEETING.

The Louisville Free Public Library will be represented at the twenty-eighth annual meeting of the American Library Association, which convenes to-morrow morning at Narragansett Pier for a week's session, by William F. Yust, librarian; Miss Harriet Gooch, head of the catalogue department, and Miss Marrilla W. Freeman, reference librarian, all of whom left last night, over different roads for the East. The American Association was organized in 1876 and is in the nature of a mutual benefit organization. It had a membership last September of 1,497. The advance registration for this year's meeting is now over 1,000, and it is expected that the attendance will be a record breaker. The largest previous attendance was at Magnolia, Mass., when the association met there in 1902. At that time 1,018 were registered. The membership of the association includes librarians, trustees of library associations and others who are interested in that line of work.

FOURTH'S FIREWORKS BEGIN TO ACT EARLY.

Fireworks started in their work last night, when Leachman Smith, the eight-year-old son of Capt. Smith, of the No. 2 engine house, was severely injured about the hands while playing with a roman candle. The candle exploded and the child was terribly burned about the hands. He was taken to the office of Dr. G. C. Dilly at Twenty-first and Walnut streets, where his injuries were dressed. No serious results are apprehended in spite of the fact that he was badly powder burned.

20 TO 1 SHOT WINS FEATURE

Inquisitor, Ridden By Miller, Takes Sheepshead Bay Handicap.

GREATEST FINISH OF YEAR.

J. R. Keene's Commando Colt Peter Pan Proves Fastest Youngster In Surf Stakes.

KILLING ON CAPT. EMERICH.

NEW YORK, June 28.—In a terrific drive Inquisitor, a 20 to 1 shot, ridden by Jockey Miller, won the Sheepshead Bay Handicap, one mile, at Sheepshead Bay to-day and in doing so broke the track record for the distance by stepping it in 1:37 3-5, which is one-fifth of a second faster than the best previous time over this course, and within one-fifth of a second of the world's record. The finish was very close, the first four horses, Inquisitor, Von Tromp, Halifax and Dishabille, reaching the wire heads apart in the order named. Not more than a length away came the rest of the field, headed by King's Daughter. A blanket would nearly have covered this second division. It was voted by old turfmen as one of the most evenly contested races ever run at the Coney Island course.

J. R. Keene's Commando-Cinderella colt, Peter Pan, scored his second victory in the Surf Stakes. He was an equal favorite with Sariceneca, at 2 to 1. He won rather handily from R. T. Wilson's Ornament colt, Aletheno, who was quoted at 8 to 1.

By the victory of Captain Emerich in the fifth race the ring received the hardest blow it has experienced in some time. The colt opened at 10 to 1 and closed at 5 to 1, but while the horses were at the post he was again pounded to 2½ to 1 and in many books he was at even a shorter price.

First Race—Six furlongs, main course:

Klamesha, 113	(Knapp), 11 to 5	.....	1
Handzarra, 113	(Martin), 6 to 1	.....	2
Roseben, 107	(Layne), 9 to 10	.....	3

Time, 1:12 2-5. Belgravia and Water Grass also ran.

Second Race—Steeplechase, short course:

Paul Jones, 148	(Ray), 7 to 5	.....	1
Gold Fleur, 138	(Defoe), 3 to 1	.....	2
Kernel, 135	(Stone), 13 to 1	.....	3

Time, 4:07 3-5. Conover, Pulwark, Longrun and Courier also ran. Little Casino and Flying Frigidian fell.

Third Race—The Surf Stakes, five and a half furlongs, futurity course:

Peter Pan, 118	(Radtke), 2 to 1	.....	1
Aletheno, 114	(Williams), 8 to 1	.....	2
Arimo, 123	(Knapp), 6 to 1	.....	3

Time, 1:07 3-5. Sariceneca, Prince Fortunatus, Don Enrique and Rufus also ran.

Fourth Race—The Sheepshead Bay handicap, one mile:

Inquisitor, 101	(Miller), 20 to 1	.....	1
Von Tromp, 103	(Radtke), 5 to 1	.....	2
Halifax, 112	(Shaw), 7 to 2	.....	3

Time, 1:37 3-5. Dishabille, Prince Hamburg, Dainty, Dolly Spanker, King's Daughter, Bedouin, Flip Flap and Consistent also ran.

Fifth Race—Selling, five furlongs. Futurity course:

Captain Emerich, 112	(O'Neill), 5 to 1	.....	1
Umbrella, 103	(Radtke), 4 to 1	.....	2
J. C. Core, 109	(Williams), 10 to 1	.....	3

Time, 1:01. Vaquero, Elsie Janis, Communipaw, L'Amour, President Monroe, Paragon, Pay Twig, Gold Duke, Magna Stella, Escojoy, Jacinta, Compensation, Officer Skidoo, Lady Hastings and Golden West also ran.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, on turf:

Entree, 104	(Radtke), 5 to 1	.....	1
Just So, 97	(Horner), 3 to 1	.....	2
For West, 104	(Kuns), 6 to 1	.....	3

Time, 1:46. Astronomer, Mandarin, Telephone and Caronala also ran.

WALTER MILLER LEADS.

Crack Little Jockey Has Most Winning Mounts To His Credit.

If Walter Miller continues in his present form, he has a mighty good chance to head the list of winning jockeys for 1906, that is in the matter of winning mounts, though hardly on a basis of percentage. Nicol holds him safe on that score and so does Radtke. The standing of the twenty leading riders from January 1, to and including June 23, is as follows:

Jockeys.	Mts.	1st.	2d.	3d.	Unp.	PC.
W. Miller	687	180	152	102	253	.26
Nicol	531	138	97	63	233	.26
Radtke	514	109	104	77	183	.21
Sewell	525	120	78	66	251	.23
E. Robinson	517	98	74	63	282	.19
Cherry	426	89	69	73	200	.20
D. Austin	435	83	73	77	239	.19
Aubuchon	375	75	60	42	188	.20
R. McDaniel	458	68	69	64	257	.15
T. Clark	392	59	56	39	238	.15
W. Knapp	383	58	62	64	199	.15
L. Smith	338	57	43	49	189	.17
Swain	388	53	59	43	242	.14
J. Martin	263	50	36	22	155*	.19
Obert	338	44	44	53	197	.13
Moreland	368	43	51	42	232	.12
W. Dugan	195	42	30	27	96	.22
J. Fountain	361	40	33	42	146	.11
W. Robbins	227	39	37	45	106	.17
W. McGee	284	39	40	43	162	.14

THE BREWERS' HANDICAP.

To Be Run At Latonia To-morrow Afternoon.

The Brewers' Exchange Handicap—For three-year-olds and upward; $5 to accompany the nomination; $45 additional to start; $1,250 added, of which $200 to second and $1,000 to third. Weights to appear three days prior to race. Winners of other than a selling purse after announcement of weights to carry five pounds additional. Six furlongs:

Meadowbreeze	92	Trisauce	82
Gus Heidorn	101	Mint Boy	87
Sister Frances	102	Sufficiency	87
Elotros	103	Jake Sanders	106
Rain's Dance	87	Elsie Janis	87
Fresnola	87	Tichimingo	89
Away	90	Robin Hood	128
Joe	97	Quinn Brady	102
Nilo	102	The Cook	104
Minnie Adams	111	Dutch Barbara	113
Kurtzmann	100	Arabelle	88
John Carroll	113	Gentown	104
Kargut	94	White Plume	98
Hadur	90	Intense	92
Creel	93	Hailey Lisle	87
Lacene	89	Nomi	106
Careless	97	Two Bills	87
Lacene	89	The Clansman	90
Careless	97	Debar	99
Mahon	113	Speedmaker	87
Midas	87	Das D'Or	106
Airship	102	Orbicular	95
Devout	109	Aurceiver	105
Mrs. Watterson	103	Pirate Scott	85
Oak Grove	85	Field Lark	84
Convolo	95	Gold Proof	87
Concert	99	Frank Bill	94
Punctulates	115	Lady Sinclair	99
Floral King	125	Ethel Day	99
Belden	91	Martha Gorman	96
Lady Savoy	109	Breeze	87
Fortunate	101	Darchula	95
Lady Carol	93	Jen Mol	82
Titania	97	Kate Treacy	92
Malone	96	Jim Gore	87
Barlette	84	Major T. J. Carson	104
Interlight	87	Chief Hayes	94
Helen Miller	87	Angleta	98
Lady Ina	102	Adelaide Happy	94
Zinda	92	Beraud's Folly	84
Princess Orna	109	Mum	92
Beacon Light	108	Anne Stone	85
Brie-a-Brac	96	Helne	94
Militades	94	Alcor	101
Jay Ward	82	High Bear	98
Lady Esther	92	Graceland	94
La Sagitte	85	Pat Bulger	108
Lizzie McLean	92	Dalvay	114
Poetry	85	Rower	90
Hogan	100	Flagstone	87
Hey Toddy	92	Pete Vinegar	87
Latifa	82	Oleo	90

SANFARA WINS FEATURE.

Captures Leather Stocking Stakes At Kenilworth From Earl Rogers.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 28.—The star event this afternoon at Kenilworth was the Leather Stocking Stakes. The winner was that fast trick, Sanfara. Earl Rogers was second and Koerner, who had the mount, rode like a demon, but Sanfara was easily the best to-day. Hannibal Bey was third.

The second race, a purse for two-year-olds, five furlongs, furnished an exciting finish. Only three misses faced the flag, and they ran abreast from start to finish. Jockey Koerner showed his superiority at the wire by fairly lifting Lucy Marie across, getting the verdict by the narrowest of margins. Dolly Dollars finished second while Lady Vera was third.

First Race—Steeplechase:

Wild Range, 150	(Huston), 2 to 1	.....	1
Ligero, 140	(Walker), 7 to 1	.....	2
Apertyx, 149	(Hagan), 5 to 2	.....	3

Time, 4:05 3-5. Bound Brook and Judge Nolan also ran.

Second Race—Five furlongs; handicap:

Lucy Marie, 112	(Koerner), 2 to 1	.....	1
Dolly Dollars, 118	(W. Davis), 2 to 1	.....	2
Lady Vera, 110	(Kent), 7 to 5	.....	3

Time, 1:01 1-5. Only three starters.

Third Race—Seven furlongs:

Anna Smith, 93	(Alex), 7 to 1	.....	1
Ruth W., 93	(Kent), 8 to 5	.....	2
Society Bud, 95	(Chandler), 12 to 1	.....	3

Time, 1:27. Pronta, Rosi Ni Ni, Thomond, Cobnosa, Wierdsome, Nonsense and Midas also ran.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs; the Leather Stocking Stakes:

Sanfara, 119	(Kent), 2 to 1	.....	1
Earl Rogers, 119	(Koerner), 12 to 5	.....	2
Hannibal Bey, 108	(J. Harris), 12 to 1	.....	3

Time, 1:13 3-5. Massive, Silverskin, Jake, Bertha E. and Away also ran.

Fifth Race—Four and one-half furlongs:

| | |

HARVARD CREW DEFEATS YALE

Crimson Boatmen Prove Masters of Blue Oarsmen In Bitter Contest.

RECORD CROWD SEES RACE.

In Heroic Struggle Many of Old Eli's Sons Collapse Before Finish Comes.

STIFF BREEZE FAVORS WINNERS

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 28.—Harvard's varsity triumphed over Yale to-day, before the greatest crowd that ever gathered here on a race day. Coming after years of defeat, victory was sweet indeed to the crimson. It was a great Yale crew that Harvard defeated, a crew that had broken all records on the Thames in practice and went to the stake boat a favorite. To-night Harvard's joy is unconfined. To Capt. Filley and Coach Wray, the supporters of the crimson are offering the greatest tributes that ever athletic heroes received.

Harvard won, but Yale rowed a race this afternoon that will live long in the annals of college sports. Not once from the start until the last sixteenth of a mile did the shells cease to lap each other. The men in the rival boats could touch each other for more than three miles and a half, as first one coxswain and then the other called upon his crew for leg drive and body swing to push his shell ahead. Then and then only did Harvard really get the lead, for the killing pace proved too much for the Yale men, and in the final spurt Boulton and Noyes, of the blue, were done, their oars literally slipping away from them. Here Harvard began to open up clear water between the two shells, and in the last ten of fifteen strokes of the race she pulled away from her rival. Noyes, Yale's No. 6, absolutely exhausted, began to miss the stream on the catch and swing his oar through the air. He sat up in his seat until the flag dropped and then he fell backwards into the boat like a dead man. Chase, at No. 5, raised Noyes' head and dashed water on him, but he remained unconscious for a considerable time. All the way down the last mile and a quarter, the Yale coxswain had been throwing water into Boulton's face, and when Coxswain Barkalow finally yelled "vast," Boulton fell forward on his oars. Dick Morse, Yale's captain, splashed water upon his men and called to them to sit up in the boat. He had lost the race and the dearest prize of his college career, but he was game to the finish.

* * *

Harvard's Men Go Wild.

Harvard's men in the intoxication of their victory did not stop when the flags fell, but rowed on under the draw bridge amid the din of hundred of yacht whistles, the boom of cannon and the shouts of thousands of Cambridge men who almost jumped out of the observation train into the Thames to get at their crew.

Harvard won the race by less than two lengths and a half. Her time was twenty-three minutes and two seconds, Yale's twenty-three minutes eleven seconds.

While the crews had the tide with them, they had a brisk quartering wind which made fast time impossible. The record for the course is 20 minutes and 10 seconds, made by the Yale crew in 1888.

The question of the conditions this afternoon in the minds of many and especially those of the crowd at New Yale men played an important part in the race. The time set for rowing the race was 4 o'clock and when at 3:30 o'clock Referee Richards, with the judges, E. C. Storrow, for Harvard, and W. W. Skiddy, for Yale, steamed over the course, the wind was blowing ominously strong for Yale. It has been admitted ever since the crews reached the Thames that Harvard had the best boat physically and that Yale's only hope lay in superior rowing. The Yale coaches knew the strength of this comparison and when Referee Richards asked General Skiddy and Mr. Storrow what they had to say about the conditions, Mr. Storrow at once said:

"The conditions are good enough for us; Harvard is in favor of starting the race in time."

General Skiddy hesitated as he looked at the fluttering flags and the rippling Thames, which all but broke into whitecaps in places, and then said:

"Mr. Referee, Yale would like to have better conditions. These conditions are not in our favor, but we cannot say that it is too rough to start the race."

* * *

Race Starts At 4:10 O'Clock.

This frank statement settled the question and at 4:10 o'clock Referee Richards had the two big eights up at their stake boat and ready for the crack of the pistol. The long observation trains had crept up the river and stretched with line and crimson along either side of the course. Back on the hills thousands of spectators had crowded in around the start. For miles down the river an avenue of yachts and launches and rowboats had formed beneath the fluttering flags of fair Harvard and old Yale.

Yale men heaved a long sigh as they looked down the river and sized up the wind, into which their crew would have to fight its way. Harvard men were happy. They had struck just the conditions of tide and wind which they had been looking for.

The long, slow call of the referee rang out in the stillness which even on the broad river became intense as the two eights swung forward their shoulders for the first stroke.

"Are you ready, Harvard? Are you ready, Yale?"

* * *

How the Race Was Run.

Then at the word the crews ripped their oars through the water and shot away on what seemed equal terms. After the first few strokes Yale took a trifle the better of it, but soon the noses of the shells were right on a line. Harvard, to the surprise of everyone, settled down to thirty-two strokes to the minute, while the Yale crew, which had been rowing a thirty-stroke at the most in practice, was rowing thirty-four strokes to the minute. This lasted for almost half a mile and it became apparent that the Yale men had been instructed first to look the lead. They were fighting for it, even though it was at a big cost. At the time the first mile flag was reached, however, Yale had dropped her stroke to thirty-two. Harvard's gait, but even rowing at this Harvard was getting a little the better of Yale. When the Yale crew settled down to their normal gait their shell traveled better and they gained a trifle, but this advantage was not for long. Harvard put on steam and the boats finished the mile and a half on even terms. Yale's effort, however, began to tell on her men just before the end of the second mile and Boulton dropped the stroke back to twenty-nine. Filley saw this and he quickly put his stroke up to thirty-two. At the navy yard he once more had his crew in the lead. Yale put her stroke back to thirty and held it over the third mile. As soon as Filley had taken the lead away from Yale he let his stroke down to thirty and at this gait both crews passed the two and a half mile flag and three-mile flag. Half a mile from the finish Yale had dropped her stroke to twenty-eight from sheer exhaustion, while Harvard still held hers at thirty. But even at this point Harvard only had a second to her credit. For a quarter of a mile further Yale kept Harvard from increasing her lead, but over the next and last quarter of a mile Harvard began to slip away from her rival little by little. A quarter of a mile from the finish Boulton raised his stroke to thirty-two, where he gamely held it for a short distance as Harvard raised hers first to thirty-one, then to thirty-two and finally to 33. When the Harvard captain let go the last burst of his power Yale had finished up every ounce of her endurance and the crimson shell sped on to victory.

The official times were as follows:

	Harvard.	Yale.
Half mile	2:43	2:44
One mile	5:41	5:40
Mile and a half	8:20	8:30
Two miles	11:30	11:31
Two and a half miles	13:55	13:56
Three miles	17:20	17:21
Three and a half miles	20:15	20:16
Four miles	23:02	23:11

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—One mile; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
231	Uncle James.	89	295	Cambridge	94
316	Eular	89	336	Filler	104
210	Don Irent	92	303	Dr. Hart	108
184	Floral Artist	92	316	Teddy	108
243	Mazzie Toy	92	336	Dalesman	108
335	Longbright	92	320	Reveille	111

SECOND RACE—Seven furlongs; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
329	Lady March	99	225	Ferroniere	99
290	Santa Lucia	99	336	*Yachting Girl	105
309	Bitter Brown	99	301	Clover	
281	Alma Gardia	99		Hampton	110
267	Miss Kitty	99		Wakeful	110
	Inspector Girl	99		Hilosa	110
210	Wee Lass	99	336	Triple Silver	112
267	Begonia	99	297	My Gem	112
336	Early Hours	99			

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
292	Lady Carol	98	200	Garrett	
315	Oratorian	102		Wilson	107
330	Sim Cowe	102	330	Maverick	108
112	J. Ed. Grillo	102		Martius	112
330	Scotch Dance	105	283	Marshal Ney	116

FOURTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; handicap:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
304	Kercheval	98	332	The Minks	103
324	Peter Nathaniel	100	270	McElvain	106
(280)	Red Light	101	324	Brancas	112
			338	Orly II	115

FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
289	*Gabble	92		Ben Banares	103
201	Trustworthy	97	271	Rome	103
300	Bitter Sweet	97		Lady Vimont	103
322	Water Silk	97	322	Ali Ablaze	103
275	Sea Sand	97	331	Edith M.	106
	Outcry	97	(322)	Bonaventure	106
319	Helmuth	100	262	Jay Swift	106
317	Alvise	100	305	Elected	109

SIXTH RACE—One mile; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
314	*The Pet	94	303	Morendo	105
336	The Only Way	101	266	Handy Bill	107
208	Harpoon	101	270	Whippoorwill	107
327	Del Coronado	101	(316)	Bugler	108
315	Sharp Boy	104	323	Mayor Johnson	108
288	Inflammable	104	342	*Florist	109
247	Willie Newcomb	105	277	Huzzah	111
			314	Bill Carter	116

SEVENTH RACE—One mile; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.	Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
335	Dr. McCluer	89	336	*Arc Light	102
225	Rubicon	89	335	Fox Hunting	104
341	Oberon	89	334	Gladiator	104
311	Creel	92	280	Orient	106
328	Matabon	102	274	Mr. Farnum	108
215	The Mate	102	325	Invictus	108

THREE CLUBS TIED.

Philadelphia, Cleveland and New York All In the Same Notch In American League.

The race for the pennant in the American League is being the most bitterly fought of any in the history of the national game. Three clubs, Philadelphia, Cleveland and New York are in the same notch, having each won 32 and lost 24 games with a percentage of 600. This is probably the first time that three clubs were tied for first honors this far along in the season.

* * *

Reccius and Dusty Rhodes.

At Reccius Park Sunday the Reccius Club will play the strong Dusty Rhodes team.

Reccius.	Positions.	Dusty Rhodes.
Vetter	Catcher	Cain
Stultz or Sommers	Pitcher	McBride
Williams	Shortstop	Klosterman
Doup	First base	Dugan
Fisher	Second base	Duffy
Yantz	Third base	McCabe
McGill	Leftfield	Malone
Frazier	Centerfield	A. Harper
Akers	Rightfield	E. Harper

South Atlantic eLague.

At Savannah—Savannah, 3; Jacksonville, 2.

At Charleston—Charleston-Macon game postponed on account of rain.

At Columbia—Columbia, 4; Augusta, 2. Second game—Augusta, 3; Columbia, 2.

CAN'T FIX BLAME.

NONCOMMITTAL VERDICT IN HUXLEY MURDER.

John Nord, His Close Friend, Faints On the Coffin.

A noncommittal verdict was returned by the Coroner's jury yesterday morning at the inquest into the killing of Rudolph Huxley by Terry Rose. The verdict was as follows: "The jury finds that the said Rudolph Huxley came to his death from a bullet wound in his abdomen inflicted by Terry Rose." The jury was composed of George Cunningham, Nathan Gray, W. E. Wood, D. P. Murray, L. D. Fallingsworth and M. J. McClusky.

Alice Davis and Lizzie Hagan testified that they had passed a crowd of boys on the corner of Twenty-sixth and Jefferson streets and that the boys made some insulting remarks about them. The Hagan girl said that she turned and answered them and the boys retorted with an oath. Rose came along just then, and the boys attacked him. She said that there was a general fight, during which one of the boys kicked her, and that then Rose drew his revolver and fired the fatal shot.

The next witness was Chester Holscaw, who said that Rose had drawn his revolver and was beating Huxley over the head with the end of it, when Huxley took it away from him. The pistol fell to the ground in the struggle and one of the girls picked it up. Rose took the revolver from her and fired it at Huxley, he said.

Several other companions of Huxley testified that he had said nothing of an insulting nature to the girls, but on the contrary had admonished them because they had done so. They said that Huxley was unarmed. The evidence was then concluded, but on account of the fact that it was so contradictory the jury could not place the blame and rendered a noncommittal verdict.

Rose is still at large, and the police have not gained any headway in their efforts to locate him.

Huxley's funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of his grandfather, Thomas Huxley, at 2410 West Walnut street. John Nord, one of his most intimate friends, fainted over the coffin. The interment was in Cave Hill cemetery.

HEADS OF HOUSES PURCHASING NEWSBOYS TICKETS.

Much interest is being manifested by the heads of houses and some of the smaller merchants of the city in the newsboys' benefit which is to be given at Fontaine Ferry Park on Saturday, July 14. Tickets by the hundred lot or more are being purchased by the well wishers of the project who recognize in the benefit one of Louisville's most worthy charities. Saturday being a half-holiday with some of the larger stores, the merchants who are purchasing tickets in large quantities will distribute them among their employes, assuring a large attendance at the park on that day.

CLASS OF 1902 HOLD REUNION.

The class of 1902 of the Male High School held its annual reunion and banquet at the Galt House last night. Memories of school days were revived around the festive board, and the intervening years for the time being were forgotten. Speeches, songs and school yells punctuated the feast. A large representation of the class was present.

LOUD CHEERS FOR BRYAN

Wisconsin Democrats Indorse Him For 1908.

Adopt Anti-Trust, Tariff Reform Platform.

Warm Discussion Over Municipal Ownership Plank.

IT IS FINALLY ADOPTED.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 28.—William Jennings Bryan was to-day strongly indorsed as the standard bearer of the Democratic party in the campaign of 1908 by the Democratic State convention, which adjourned sine die late this afternoon. Any mention of Bryan's name brought forth loud cheering.

The convention held two sessions today and spent several hours in deliberating over a platform of principles, which was prepared by the Committee on Resolutions after an all-night session last night. With few exceptions, the original draft was adopted.

The plank which came in for the most criticism and considerable debate was that bearing upon municipal ownership. National Committeeman Timothy E. Ryan fought hard against the adoption of the plank, but when the deciding vote was called for the opponents were apparently very few.

The platform adopted will be submitted as a recommendation to the candidates who receive nominations for the State ticket at the primary election in the fall.

On State matters the report favors a law conferring upon municipalities the power to regulate public service corporations; favors two cents per mile maximum passenger rates; taxation on the ad valorem basis and amendments to the primary election law.

* * *

The Bryan Plank.

The plank of the platform indorsing Bryan reads as follows:

and we commend the Democratic members of both Houses of Congress for the loyal support they have given to the Rate Bill, the Pure Food Bill and other measures now in process of enactment, and which would have wholly failed but for their unswerving and faithful support.

We favor revision of the present tariff, and hold that the tariff duty should be levied for the purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country, and not discriminate between classes or sections, and the taxation should be limited to the needs of the Government, honestly and economically administered. We favor placing on the free list any commodities now supplied by trusts or monopolies.

We deem it imperative in order to protect the people from the inordinate exaction of coal and oil combinations and monopolies that the Federal Government should reserve from sale all coal and oil rights in all Government lands hereafter granted.

* * *

Income Tax Plank.

We believe in the principle of income taxation and favor such amendment to the Federal Constitution as will permit Federal taxation on incomes.

We insist that we ought to do for the Filipinos what we have already done for the Cubans, and it is our duty to make that promise now, and upon suitable guarantees of protection to citizens of our own and other countries resident there at the time of our withdrawal, set the Filipino people upon their feet, free and independent, to work out their own destiny.

We favor the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people, and we demand that the Constitution of the United tSates be amended accordingly.

We favor Governmental control and regulation of all public service corporations, so that they shall be operated for the benefit of the people for whom they were intended.

We regard with just pride and admiration the typical American who has been journeying in foreign lands the past year and, although only a private citizen, with none of the allurements of place or power about him, has been accorded distinguished consideration and attention wherever he has gone solely because his course in public and private life alike has shown him to be a prartiotic citizen, a wise and farseeing statesman and a thoroughly honest and upright man, in whom the people can safely repose their utmost confidence.

We therefore declare that we are heartily in favor of that typical American, William Jennings Bryan, as the Democratic candidate for President in 1908, and we pledge our united efforts to secure his nomination.

The national planks of the platform read as follows:

"We recognize that the gigantic trusts and cobinations designed to enable capital to secure more than its just share of the joint products of capital and labor and which have been fostered and promoted under Republican rule, are a menace to beneficial competition, and are obstacles to permanent business prosperity. A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable.

* * *

Rate Bill Indorsed.

We demand a strict enforcement of existing civil and criminal statutes against all trusts, combinations and monopolies.

POPULIST COMMITTEE

Adopts Resolution Embracing a Plan of Campaign.

St. Louis, June 28.—The National Committee of the People's party assembled here yesterday in annual conference upon the call of Chairman James H. Ferriss, of Joliet, Ill., concluded its labors to-day and adjourned until to-morrow. The work accomplished consisted principally in the adoption of a resolution introduced by H. J. Mullins, of Tennessee, providing that the People's party heartily agree in the work being performed by the Conference Provisional Committee for the purpose of concentrating and centralizing the reform organizations of the country into an integral part of the People's party; the adoption of a general address to the American people, setting forth the doctrines and principles of the party, the authorization of Col. H. L. Bentley, of Texas, to continue the work he has individually pursued for sixteen years of organizing People's party clubs throughout the United States; election of him as president of the People's Party Club organization; appointment of a committee to raise $4,000 annually to defray the expenses incurred in the club federation movement; the authorization of a movement to establish a party publication organ as soon as conditions justify, and a multitude of speeches discussing and expounding the doctrines and basic principles of the national party.

FUSION TICKET

Named By Democrats and Independent Republicans In Vermont.

Burlington, Vt., June 28.—Percival W. Clement, of Rutland, who four years ago was an independent Republican candidate for Governor, and was defeated by a small margin, to-day was nominated for Governor of Vermont both by the Democratic State convention and by the Independent State convention. An agreement was reached between the two conventions whereby a fusion ticket was nominated for the various State offices. Other nominations were:

Lieutenant Governor, G. H. Pape, Democrat, of Barre.

Secretary of State, S. R. Moulton, Independent, of Burlington.

Each convention adopted its own platform of principles, but the two sets of resolutions were very similar in character, both severely criticising the Republican conduct of State affairs during the past few years. The Democratic platform declared in favor of the abolishment of capital punishment.

Nominated For Clerk.

Springfield, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—R. A. Noe on Monday was declared the Democratic nominee for Circuit Court Clerk by the Democratic County Committee. The primary was called for July 7 and no one having announced against him he was declared the Democratic nominee. Mr. Noe is very popular and is one of the best clerks in Kentucky.

RIVER AND WEATHER

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended June 28 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
New York	90	.00	Cairo	90	.00
Pittsburg	84	.11	St. Louis	92	.00
Washington	90	.00	Cincinnati	92	.00
Charlotte	92	.00	Indianapolis	90	.00
Atlanta	88	.00	Chicago	92	.10
Jacksonville	92	.56	Davenport	92	.02
Montgomery	94	.00	Marquette	80	.22
New Orleans	92	.00	St. Paul	88	.00
Galveston	88	.00	Bismarck	86	.00
Cor. Christi	86	.08	North Platte	94	T
San Antonio	92	T	Omaha	90	.00
Shreveport	90	.08	Kansas City	88	.00
Palestine	90	T	Dodge City	74	.00
Vicksburg	92	T	Oklahoma	90	.00
Little Rock	90	.00	Amarillo	90	.00
Fort Smith	90	.00	Abilene	100	.00
Memphis	88	.00	El Paso	106	.00
Nashville	92	.00	Modena	74	.00
Chattanooga	88	.00	Yello'ne Park	50	.04

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, June 28, 1906.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.13	30.05
Temperature	77	92
Dewpoint	68	72
Relative humidity	74	72
Wind velocity	2	7
State of weather	Clear	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, June 28, 1906.

Maximum temperature	94
Minimum temperature	71
Mean temperature	82
Normal temperature	78
Departure for the day	+4
Departure for the month	+3
Departure since March 1	—117
Mean barometer	30.09
Mean humidity	72
Prevailing winds	SW
Character of day	Pt. Cldy
Rainfall	0
Normal rainfall	.14
Departure for the day	—14
Departure for the month	—1.24
Departure since March 1	—2.40

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

City of Cincinnati, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, from and to Carrollton....Georgia Lee, from Cincinnati to Memphis.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Louisville, Capt. Brennan, for Cincinnati, at 5 p.m. Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m. ....Tarascon, Capt. Zoll, for Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER

The river was on a stand last evening with 5 feet in the canal, 2 feet 8 inches on the falls and 9 feet 9 inches at the foot of the locks. Business very good. Weather cloudy and threatening rain.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Georgia Lee passed down for Memphis yesterday with a fine trip....The boat race at Fern Grove on the Fourth of July will attract a big crowd....The Tarascon leaves for Evansville and way landings this afternoon. She is in fine condition and has a pretty cabin. Capt. Zoll is in command of her....The handsome Morning Star leaves for Evansville and all way landings to-morrow afternoon. She will take out a crowd of round trip excursionists....The Columbia took a happy crowd up the river and back last night....The Fourth of July excursion trip to Cincinnati and back on the City of Louisville will be the event of the season. The great boat leaves here on the evening of July 3, and is making every preparation to accommodate a big crowd on the trip up and back....The Columbia makes her regular trips to Fern Grove daily and Sunday. She leaves at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. She will carry good crowds on both trips, as Fern Grove is a popular Sunday resort and a lovely place to spend the day. A fine crowd will go up on one boat Sunday morning and come down on the other in the evening. These Sunday trips are very popular with the people....Fern Grove Hotel at Fern Grove is doing a fine business now....There is very little doing in towboat circles nowadays on account of a scarcity of water in the Ohio above here....The Evansville packets are carrying lots of round trip people in the reduced rates....Business was not very active on the levee yesterday. ....The Ferd Herold is in the St. Louis and Memphis trade....Harry Sebold, accompanied by his wife, is visiting his first to Denver and rapidly regaining his health and strength. He will feel and look like another young man when he returns....The new Glenmore will leave for Evansville to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. She makes a Fourth of July excursion trip at Evansville and will be crowded on her maiden trip with happy people, and will meet with a royal reception all along the line....Capt. William McClellan was in the city yesterday....The Georgia Lee is bringing up an immense load of cotton from Memphis....The Paducah Packing Company has assigned the liabilities are $29,519.61 and the assets $29,100. The property of the company is as follows: Mary Michael, $12,000; Woolfolk, $12,000; one barge, $1,000; Ben Smith, $600 each; one boiler, $600; one barge, $1,200; three open Pittsburg barges, $1,500. Nearly all the creditors reside in Paducah, and the largest is the City National Bank, which has a claim of $10,-500. Dan Woolfolk, of Paducah, was president of the company....Billy Lepper, Sr., is a clerk on the Hattie Brown in the Madison and Warsaw trade....Joyce & Jackson are building a big fast gasoline boat for the Madison trade. She will be very fast....All the packets carry reduced rate round trip Fourth of July excursionists....The Morning Star had sixty round trip people on her trip to Evansville....The A. E. Woodruff is due up from below....Citizen: "No, there never was a bridge across the mouth of Beargrass creek at the foot of Fourth street. The mouth of the creek opened into the river just above the foot of Fourth street and the first of the piers that crossed it was at the foot of Third street. There was a wooden bridge, but it was removed and a steel one was put there in its place. This bridge connected Strader's wharf with the city proper, and Strader's wharf extended from the foot of Second street down to the point at the mouth of the creek. The bridges that spanned Beargrass were at Third, Second, Brook, Preston and Clay streets. The creek was used as a harbor for harboring loaded and empty barges, and loaded barges have been taken up the creek as far as the old gas works. All boats used to land above and below the mouth of the creek and the present Cincinnati wharfboat is located where it has been for sixty years. It was from this landing that the Pikes, Ben Franklins, Telegraphs and other fast boats of that line and that day used to land at and leave for Cincinnati as the City of Louisville and City of Cincinnati are doing to-day....The Columbia made her regular excursion trip up the river and back last night and had a good crowd....The Bellevue was in and out yesterday.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Cincinnati, O., June 28.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 11.9 feet and rising. To-day's arrivals in the port of Cincinnati were: Keystone State, from Pittsburg; Tacoma, from Pittsburg; Courier, from Maysville, and City of Louisville, from Louisville. To-day's departures were: Keystone State, Tacoma, Courier and City of Louisville. The towboats Otto Barmet, J. B. Lewis and Val P. Collins arrived from the Kanawha with tows of coal for the local harbor. On account of the lowering water at Pittsburg the management of the Pittsburg and Cincinnati packets have decided not to send another boat until a rise occurs there. Clear and hot.

Wheeling, June 28.—River 5 feet and falling. Departed: Lorena, Greenland, Pittsburg, Bedford, Parkersburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 28.—[Special.]—Towboats which went out on the last rise are returning up the river and about a dozen have reached Safe Harbor and Sewickley. The water is too low to permit them to reach the harbor. The outlook now is a long season of suspended navigation. This is welcomed by the United States engineers and contractors, who are bending every effort to complete the work on the locks and dams of the upper Ohio river. The water in the rivers is about stationary. There was 4.3 feet at Davis Island tonight, 6 feet in the harbor, 6.2 feet below and 14 feet above Herr's Island dam.

Madison, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—River 9.8 feet, falling. Weather hottest of the season.

St. Louis, June 28.—River 19.9, a fall of .1 in twenty-four hours. Arrived: Stacker Lee, Memphis; City of Saltillo, Tennessee river.

Memphis, Tenn., June 28.—[Special.]—River 16.2, a rise of two-tenths in twenty-four hours. Kate Adams departed for Arkansas City; Harvester arrived from the Ohio river with a tow of coal for this place. Dolphin No. 3 arrived from the lower bends with barges loaded with logs.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—At auction, 2507 St. Xavier st., 4-room cottage with 3-room cottage in rear; lot 30x190 ft.; rent $15.50; Saturday, June 30, at 4:30 p. m. on premises. ROTHENBURGER & TURNER, Auctioneers. Title guaranteed. HARRY W. MIDDENDORFF, Agent.

FOR SALE—$5 down and $5 monthly buys $200 Highland Park lots, adjoining new shops on south; highest, handsomest and cheapest you ever saw. Some adjoin houses costing $1,500 to $3,500. Let us show you. G. C. TERRY, 200 Illinois Life. Both phones.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A choice lot 55x190 ft., all streets and alleys made, excellent location. Will take a home or investment property in exchange and pay difference in cash. E. T. FARMER, 445 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; FLOOR CASES, CIGAR CASES, SHOWCASES AND WALL CASES, BAR FIXTURES, OFFICE PARTITIONS, SAFES, DESK, SCALES, MEAT AND MILK BOXES, COUNTERS AND SHELVING. AT L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 WEST JEFFERSON.

FOR SALE—
EWING'S BUTTER,
20c per pound.
312 W. Breckinridge st.
Both phones 1028.

FOR SALE—30 head of Western horses, mostly halter-broken; also ten head of driving and draft horses. ROBERT T. BECK, 973 Letterle ave. Home phone 4983.

FOR SALE—The best bread on earth, just like mother used to make—MOTHER'S BREAD. Save the labels and get premiums and cash prizes. Read the big ads.

FOR SALE—2 draft horses, 2 delivery horses, 2 brood mares and 3 mules and 1 planeton. HALBLEIB & CALLAHAN, 2423 Griffiths ave. Home phone 6787. **

FOR SALE—Six-year-old fast road horse and r. t. runabout in perfect condition, will call and show it. Address H 141, this office.

FOR SALE—100 each extra good, well-broke one and two-year-old mules. WARD ROPER, Cleburne, Tex.

FOR SALE—Typewriter ribbons for 50c each; guaranteed. CHAS. A. ROGERS BOOK CO., 424 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—Drug business; building and dwelling adjoining. Address L. D. FITZHUGH, Lexington, Ky.

FOR SALE—Two handsome French plate gilt pier mirrors, 3 feet wide by 9½ feet tall. 1208 Fourth.

FOR SALE—Tents and tarpaulins. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 West Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—New and second-hand Jersey wagons. P. KIRLEY, 533 Center st.

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third.

FOR SALE—Saloon and grocery. Sixteenth and Magazine sts.

FOR SALE—100,000 old good hard brick. 121 W. Walnut st.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—First-class second-hand typewriters of all makes for sale at the lowest prices. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main sts.

FOR LEASE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR LEASE—On K. and I. B. Co. railway, along the canal, near Eighteenth st., lots suitable for coal or lumber yard or small factory. ROWAN BUCHANAN, Owner, 518 W. Jefferson st., 2d floor.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Furnished house, handsomely furnished; 9 rooms, with two baths; 1704 Third st.; will rent from July 10 to Oct. 15. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—4 or 5-room flat; all modern conveniences; 3-minute ride from Fourth and Main, Louisville, on car line. 724 E. Spring, New Albany.

FOR RENT—4-room flat and bath; furnished or unfurnished. Home Tel. 4621.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms neatly furnished and well ventilated with all modern conveniences, electric lights, hot and cold water, janitor service; also both telephones. 714 W. Chestnut.

FOR RENT—Two nice, cool rooms, furnished, for couple or gentlemen. Pope Bldg. Third and Walnut. Inquire at Pope restaurant.

FOR RENT — Furnished rooms; three handsome rooms, adjoining; every convenience; private family. 1205 Second.

FOR RENT — Clean, neatly furnished room. 6 Jefferson Terrace.

FOR RENT—First-class furnished rooms, 733 Third st.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Desirable unfurnished rooms, $5, $6 and $7 month; bath, gas. WILKES BLDG., 562 Fourth.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Desk room with desk, $4 month. 562 Fourth, Room 3.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—To buy old feathers, furniture, carpets and stoves. E. HYMAN, 137 E. Market. Home 'phone 777, Cumb. Main 3181-2. Prompt attention to all orders.

WANTED—To press your clothes; suits sponged and pressed, 40c; pants, 10c. Called for and delivered. A. FRANKENSTEIN, Masonic bldg. Both 'phones.

WANTED—People to know that they can borrow money on their furniture quickly, privately and at a small cost. Home 'phone 2216. P. O. box 485.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES; also merchandise. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 West Jefferson.

WANTED—Honest painting by honest painters—that's my motto, that's my success. FRANK R. WILLIS. Both phones.

WANTED—To sell some very desirable contracts in the Standard Trust Company. Address Box 112, Middlesboro, Ky.

WANTED—Household goods of all kinds. Highest price paid for feathers. J. COHEN, 259 E. Market. Phone 7977.

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 256 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd.

WANTED—To buy bicycles, all kinds. Phone 5614. SMITH BICYCLE COMPANY, 513 Third st.

WANTED—To renovate your ostrich feathers. FALLS CITY STRAW WKS., 713 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—Highest price paid for feathers and stoves. M. SHAPIRO, 1029 W. Market st.

WANTED—All kinds of masks and costumes for rent. KUPRION, 508 Fifth.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—2 more salesmen; good proposition, with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 514 W. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Capable young men to go into machine shop to learn machinist's trade without apprenticeship. Those having had some experience around a machine shop will be given preference. Address F. C. BOPP, P. O. Box 108, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE to work. All good persons who can be induced to work for love or money should make application at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st. All true places here and all good.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPING AT NIGHT, Monday, Wednesday, Friday; taught personally by expert accountant; the best method will start you in the lead; start to-night. W. H. TRUMAN, Expert Accountant, 551 Fourth.

WANTED—Men and boys to learn plumbing, plastering, bricklaying. Special offer, life scholarship, $60; easy payments; position guaranteed; free catalogue. COYNE BROS.' TRADE SCHOOLS, N. Y., Chicago, St. Louis.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps men between ages of 21 and 35; an opportunity to see the world. For full information apply in person or by letter to 220 W. Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Able-bodied young men to go into boiler shop as helpers and learn boilermaking trade. Steady employment; apprenticeship. No strike on. Address F. C. BOPP, P. O. Box 108, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—In real estate business, to collect, etc., a clerk about 16 years of age; must produce several written references; wages moderate. Address F 92, this office, and state wages wanted

THROUGH TUBE

Peter Ruby, of New Albany, Feeds Himself.

HAS GAINED FORTY-FIVE POUNDS IN YEAR.

STOMACH WILL NEXT BE REMOVED.

BABY FOUND IN THE RIVER.

Peter Ruby, a resident of New Albany, aged forty years, was operated on nearly a year ago in St. Edward's City Hospital for the relief of a stomach affection, and since that thne he has been feeding himself by means of a tube and funnel inserted in an orifice made in his body. He was unable to swallow food, and would have starved to death had it not been for this arrangement. An evidence of this effective manner of sustenance is shown in the fact that when the operation was performed he weighed but 85 pounds, and he now weighs 130 pounds and is able to go about, being frequently seen on the streets of the city.

He will be compelled to submit to another operation, which will be performed at St. Edward's City Hospital next week. This operation consists of the entire removal of the stomach, as it is feared that the constant use of the tube may cause an irritation from which a cancer might develop. The stomach is to be entirely removed and the intestines connected with the gullet, by means of which Ruby expects to be able to eat and drink as other people do. The operation is a rare one, and its outcome is looked for with interest by the New Albany medical men familiar with the case.

Find Body Floating.

Rabbitt Huff and Walter Money, who were fishing on the bank of the Ohio river, two miles below New Albany, yesterday afternoon, discovered the body of a girl baby, apparently two months old, floating down the stream. They dragged the body ashore and notified Dr. W. L. Starr, Coroner of Floyd county, of the find. Dr. Starr, upon examination, could find no evidence of the baby having been killed, as there were no marks on the body. Whether or not it was dead before the body had been thrown in the water could not be determined without a post-mortem examination to ascertain the condition of the lungs. The body was badly decomposed, showing that it had been in the river for several days. It had no clothing on except a small knit shirt. The body was removed to the undertaking establishment of Newland Gwin, and it will be buried to-day.

There is a possibility that it was thrown in the river miles above New Albany, as it had not been on the surface but a short time before it was found.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—The Entered Apprentice degree was conferred last night on three candidates by New Albany Lodge of Masons.

—Miss Dell Kendall, Leavenworth, Crawford county, was married a few days ago in St. Louis to Clar. Young. They will live in St. Louis.

—A permit was issued yesterday by City Clerk Eugene Irisby to W. L. Hester to erect a two-story dwelling at East Spring and Jay street to cost $2,000.

—Reese Prosser, of this city, who has been connected with C. G. Fields' minstrels for many years, has signed for the next season with Lew Dockstader's company.

—The funeral of James Agnew, who was killed by a fall from a ladder Wednesday, will take place this afternoon from the German M. E. church, of which he had been janitor for sixteen years.

—Mrs. Emma Graves and Theodore Selmer, both of Jeffersonville, were quietly married in this city Tuesday night by Magistrate Fogle, the intention being to keep the affair a secret for a few days.

—Miss Violette Miller left yesterday for Indianapolis to attend the national meeting of her society, the Phi Beta Phi. She was met at Bloomington by several of her college mates, also members of the sorarity.

—Charles D. Knoefel, director in the Home Telephone Company, and Frank Beaucond, superintendent, are at Chicago attending the annual convention of the National Association of Independent Telephone Companies.

—A good game of baseball will be played on the Glenwood Field to-morrow afternoon between the lawyers and the bankers. The attorneys will be captained by H. E. Simonson, while Dr. R. Perry will be in charge of the men of money.

—Pankeshaw Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution held its annual outing at Glenwood Park yesterday afternoon and last night. The members went to the park at 3 o'clock, took supper under the trees and several hours were pleasantly spent.

—Harrison county farmers have already begun wheat threshing. Some of the crops are above the average, but many of them are disappointing the growers by failing below. It is hardly likely that the crop will afford as big a yield as that of last year.

—Next Monday night an important meeting of the Veteran Volunteer Firemen's Association will be held at the headquarters, the old Osceola engine house on West Main street. A full attendance is desired, as matters of interest to every member are to be discussed.

—Friendship Lodge, Knights of Pythias elected the following officers: A. R. Denny, C. C.; J. C. Short, V. C.; U. F. Larkins, Prelate; George McFall, M. at A.; H. A. Morga, M. of W.; Charles Kreutzer, M. of E.; Fred Keane, M. of F.; Cecil Lloyd, K. of R. and S.; Louis Klinestiver, I. G.; John Denny, O. G.

—James Stinnett and Miss Bettie Hawkins, both of Easy Gap, Ky., were married yesterday in the office of Charles B. Scott, County Clerk, by Magistrate W. M. Mix. They declared the affair was not an elopement, and that they came to New Albany as a matter of convenience, and both were of the legal age to marry.

—Miss Ella Jones entertained a few of her friends at 500 yesterday afternoon at the home of her sister, Mrs. John S. McDonald. Those present were Misdames H. E. Jewett, Joseph Reid, Jesse Hall, Dunbar, Charles P. Cook, L. D. Levi, N. B. Bollvin, George H. Cannon, C. A. Prosser, L. R. Stoy and Miss Harriet Devol.

—Prof. Charles A. Prosser, Superintendent of the Public Schools of the city, will deliver addresses at the educational conference to be held at the Winona Assembly August 16 and 17. His subject on the first day will be: "The School as a Factor in the Problem of Social Betterment." The second day he will talk on "Story Telling in the Schools."

—R. W. Waite, vice president and general manager of the utilities of the city, entertained the employes of the United Gas and Electricity Company at supper Wednesday night in the storeroom at Pearl and Main streets. The evening was pleasantly passed in speechmaking by the heads of the various departments and the men under their charge.

—Wednesday afternoon Probation Officer Joseph H. Kraft caught a crowd of boys swimming in a small pond beside the Highland railway track. Two of the urchins dodged him as he attempted to catch them, seized their clothes, ran down the track across the bridge and up Spring street to Sixth street entirely nude, carrying their clothing under their arms and found refuge at their homes.

—An old ordinance, adopted in Corydon years ago, which provided that a fine of $150 might be imposed on anyone selling intoxicating liquors in the town without State license, is still effective, although it has not been enforced during recent years. It is understood that the temperance people of that place will make an effort to enforce this law, should the sale of intoxicants be resumed in the town.

—Miss Sadie E. McIntosh and Dr. Maurice Henry Raschig were married at the home of the bride's father, Mr. A. J. McIntosh, in Indianapolis Wednesday night, the ceremony having been performed by the Rev. Joshua Stansfield. After a reception the pair left for Asheville, N. C., where they will remain until August. Among those present from this city were Misses Katharine DePauw, Nan Ashton Neat and Mr. E. V. Knight.

SUCCUMBS TO DEATH AFTER LINGERING ILLNESS.

The Rev. S. P. Stiles Passes Away At His Home In Jeffersontown.

The Rev. S. P. Stiles, aged fifty-eight years, pastor of Cooper's Chapel, of Jeffersontown, died yesterday morning at 2:30 o'clock at his home at Jeffersontown after an illness of ten weeks. The Rev. Mr. Stiles had served in the ministry since he was a young man, having been a member of the Louisville Conference of the Southern Methodist Episcopal Church for the last eighteen years. He officiated as minister at Bradfordville, Ky., up until last September, when he accepted the call at Jeffersontown. Though he had been there but ten months, he had endeared himself to the hearts of his congregation.

The Rev. Mr. Stiles is survived by his wife, Mrs. Anna Stiles, and three children, W. H. Stiles, of Marietta, Ga.; L. O. Stiles, of Louisville, and Mrs. Edward Palmer, also of Louisville.

The funeral services will be held this afternoon at 1 o'clock at the Jeffersontown Methodist church, the interment being in Cave Hill cemetery.

HATCHET VICTIM DEAD.

JAMES HENDREN EXPIRES AT DEAGONESS HOSPITAL.

PRISONER SAYS HE STRUCK IN SELF-DEFENSE.

OTHER STORIES ARE TOLD.

James Hendren, 1215 West Oak street, who was struck on the head Saturday night by Oscar Auberry, a neighbor, died of his injuries yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock at the Deaconess Hospital. He was taken to the hospital just a few hours before his death. He had not regained consciousness since he was assaulted.

The assault was said to be unprovoked. Auberry, who had been drinking, called to Hendren, who was in his house, to come out as he had something to say to him, acording to Alex Webb and Wilson Cantor, who live at the same place. In spite of the admonitions of his friends that Auberry was dangerous, he went out to the fence, and without a word Auberry raised his hatchet and felled him to the ground. He was about to strike again when Webb, who had rushed out into the street, picked up a board and hit him over the head. Auberry, who is a giant in stature, raised the hatchet to strike again and Webb threw the stick at him. At that time Hendren had got up, and with his head bleeding profusely ran out into the street. There he fell and was picked up and carried into the house. He spoke only once after he was struck.

"He hit me for nothing," he said, before he became unconscious.

Dr. Thomas H. Mulvey was summoned and he dressed the wounds. It was found that the sharp edge of the weapon had struck Hendren at the base of the brain, tearing open the scalp and fracturing the skull. At the time it was not thought that he was dangerously injured, but later the fracture was discovered and he sank rapidly to his death.

The men had not been on good terms for some time, according to the witnesses. Hendren had stopped with Auberry several years ago, said the latter, and he had been obliged to eject him. Both came from Springfield, Ky. Auberry was arrested there by Hendren's uncle, John Hendren, a policeman, several times. He is said to have vowed vengeance on the entire family. The men met in H. J. Adams' saloon at Twelfth and Oak streets Sunday night, and Auberry, with Webb and Cantor, with whose mother Hendren boarded, made a charge that Hendren resented, and Auberry threatened to throw a glass of beer at Hendren but was persuaded to desist.

Auberry fled to his coal shed, where he was found several hours later by Patrolman Shehan. He had the hatchet still in his hand, and with the other he clutched a half empty bottle of whisky and a razor. He did not offer any resistance and was taken to the jail, where he was released on bond. He is said to have offered Patrolman Shehan $1,000 to release him.

Auberry said that he hit in self-defense. "I was asleep on the floor in my parlor, with my head on my little boy's breast, when Webb, Hendren, Webb and Cantor came to my house. They were armed with bricks, clubs and rocks. I started up and picked up the only weapon in my reach. One of them hit me with a brick and I struck out with my hatchet and happened to hit Hendren. We had all been drinking, and if I had to do the thing over again I would do the same."

Hendren was a ward of the Baptist Orphans' Home of this city. His name was James Lay, and he was adopted seventeen years ago by Joseph Hendren, a prosperous farmer of Loretta, Ky. He was a tinner by trade and was employed by Charles Sickels, a tinner at Twentieth and Dumesnil streets. Auberry is a tanner and is employed by the Globe Refining Company.

ADJOURNS SINE DIE.

GRAND JURY FAILS TO ACT ON SCHOOL BOARD MATTER.

Public Institutions Warmly Commended In Final Report To Judge Pryor.

The June grand jury adjourned sine die yesterday and at the same time petit jury trials in the Criminal Court came to an end for the summer recess. The grand jury, of which George Gaulbert was foreman, delivered its report to Judge Pryor upon the various labors. No mention whatever was made of the School Board's purchase of the Pearl street site for the negro school, though a number of witnesses were heard on the subject. The grand jury, no doubt, reached the conclusion that the proof did not justify the finding of any indictments. All the institutions examined by the various committees from the grand jury were found to be in first-class condition, and their officials were complimented.

A separate ward for tuberculosis patients, and repairs to the heating plant were recommended for the City Hospital.

The report styles Andrew Ludwig, superintendent of the Workhouse, as "the right man for the right place." It is recommended that the engine house for the Workhouse be repaired.

The buildings and grounds of the Central Asylum were found to be in first-class condition, and a separate ward for tuberculosis patients there was suggested. The report says that the Legislature should establish an epileptic hospital at the asylum. Padded cells for insane prisoners in jail are recited as a need.

It is the opinion of the grand jury that the law should be so amended as to permit of the disposal of many minor cases in the Police Court, and thus save the Commonwealth a considerable cost.

An indictment was returned against Chris Grote and Antonio Montedonico on the charge of violating the Sunday-closing law.

The following indictments were also returned:

Grand Larceny—Mike O'Malia, James Houlihan, Robert Traub and Joseph Roach.

WILL DISCUSS PERMANENT ILLUMINATION OF CITY.

A conference will be held to-day in the office of J. J. Telford, secretary of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, in the Board of Trade building, to consider the question of the permanent illumination of the streets. The chairmen of the committees appointed by the various organizations of the city will be in attendance and will report the result of their work. Additional plans will be considered and the work of the committee will be prosecuted

MAY BE DEAD.

Young Man Long Missing From Home.

FATHER BELIEVES HIM LOST IN DENSE WOODS.

MRS. ANNA OWEN DIES IN MT. VERNON.

NEWS OF JEFFERSONVILLE.

Considerable excitement exists in the vicinity of Bald Knob, Ind., where M. Z. Stannard and others from Jeffersonville have their summer homes, over the disappearance of Fred Marquet, who is about twenty years old, and is not only an invalid, but also partially demented. He is a son of Emil Marquet, a farmer, who came to that locality from France several years ago. There is an impression existing that he is dead and that his body is in the heavy underbrush that covers the hills of the locality. The father clings to the belief that his son wandered into the dense timber lands, and, becoming lost, finally perished.

HEART DISEASE FATAL.

Mrs. Anna Caldwell Owen Dies At Mt. Vernon.

Relatives in Jeffersonville have been notified of the death at Mt. Vernon, Ind., of Mrs. Anna Caldwell Owen, who was the widow of Col. Alfred Dale Owen. Death was caused by heart disease, but was not unexpected. Mrs. Owen was a native of Jeffersonville, and was married there years ago to Col. Owen, who belonged to a well-known family of that name. After the marriage she went to New Harmony, Posey county, where the Owen family, which was famous in Indiana history and where Robert Dale Owen for several years was at the head of a Socialist colony, was numerous.

Col. Alfred Owen was a son of David Dale Owen, a man of high literary attainments. The son became a banker at Mt. Vernon, and was very wealthy at his death. Mrs. Owen was a daughter of Dr. James G. Caldwell, a pioneer druggist of Jeffersonville, who has been dead many years, and a sister of Mrs. Ellen Caldwell Morse, who now lives in Chicago and who was with Mrs. Owen when she died. Her brother, Edward Caldwell, a former Jeffersonville business man, is now living in Minneapolis. Mrs. Owen is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Jessie Haas and Mrs. Helen Baldwin, and three sons, Dale Owen, Alfred Owen and William Owen.

In a comparatively short time five members of the Caldwell family have died—Mrs. J. G. Caldwell, two daughters, Miss Lizzie Caldwell and Mrs. Owen, and two sons, James Caldwell and Jesse B. Caldwell. The latter was one of the best-known clerks employed by the Government, and went to Cuba as chief clerk for Col. Charles Williams, who died of yellow fever a short time after reaching Havana. Mr. Caldwell was in the Philippines and Alaska, but died in this country.

Marries In Panama.

Mrs. J. S. Pernett, of Jeffersonville, is in receipt of an announcement card bringing the unexpected information of the marriage of a brother, Dr. Emmett Ireland Vaughn, formerly of Louisville, in Panama, on April 26, to Miss Emma Loretta Kennedy, of Montreal, Can. A letter was also received by which further particulars were given and in which it is stated the wedding took place in the private chapel of the palace of San Regee, the ceremony being witnessed by Col. Gorgas, Maj. Carter and the American Consul General.

Dr. Vaughn is district physician at Corozal, Panama, and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Vaughn, of Louisville. Dr. Vaughn was graduated from a Louisville medical college some eighteen months ago, and secured a position in the Government service as a physician and surgeon. For a time he was at the Louisville Marine Hospital, and was ordered to Panama later on. He is an unusually bright young man, and is devoted to the profession he has adopted. His relatives in Louisville and Jeffersonville were not aware that he intended getting married, and the announcement came as a genuine surprise.

NOTES OF THE NEWS IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Judgment was given in favor of Levy Bros., of Louisville, for $33.65 by Magistrate B. J. Ferguson yesterday in a suit against Harry D. Gresham on an account of $29.40, the $4.25 being interest.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of St. Lucas German Evangelical church will have its regular monthly business meeting this evening, after which there will be a social with interesting features.

—The charge of provoke filed by Samuel Gill against his brother-in-law, Luke Short, was dismissed by Magistrate John Delanty, before whom the suit was filed, it being considered there was nothing in the case.

—There is an epidemic of accidents among children in the vicinity of Henryville and a fractured wrist was sustained by Margaret Dunlevy, a broken shoulder blade by Annie Jones and a fractured arm by Emmett Holiday.

—P. A. Cotton, Superintendent of Public Instruction, has notified George B. Parks, Auditor of Clark county, that the semi-annual apportionment of school revenues is now ready for distribution. This county will receive $11,459.61.

—The material for building the Indianapolis and Louisville Traction Company's line between Sellersburg and Seymour is being rapidly assembled, and thirteen carloads of steel were unloaded at Henryville on one day during this week.

—A warrant was sworn out yesterday by Henry Evans against his step-son, William Fox, whom he charges with striking him with a rock that was purposely thrown in the City Court the case was continued until to-day.

—Charles Hax, a baker, who has a place of business at 212 Spring street, was overcome by the heat while at work yesterday, and for a time it was feared serious results would follow, but he has finally resided by the free use of ice water.

—The effort to inaugurate an early closing movement in this city is not meeting with any great encouragement in general lines of business, the fact being referred to that a former trial proved a dead failure, and the old system was soon revived.

—John D. Ferguson, of Chicago, who is the private secretary of one of the vice presidents of the Pullman Palace Car Company, came to the city yesterday on account of the critical illness of his father, Judge C. P. Ferguson. He leaves for New Hampshire on business Saturday.

—Representatives of the Louisville Cement Company were before the Board of Review yesterday, and were there a long time in conference regarding the assessment of personal property last spring, but it is not believed there will be any material change.

—For a brief visit with his relatives, Jimmy Wacker, the pitcher who has been sold to the Pittsburg Baseball Club, is here from Evansville, and will report to his new manager on July 1. He says the Evansville team received more than $2,000 for him.

—The marriage of John B. Ryans, of this city, and Miss Carrie Griffith, of Otisco, this county, was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents yesterday morning by the Rev. P. M. Miller, pastor of Morton Chapel. They will reside in this city.

—Mrs. J. B. Holmes, whose husband committed suicide June 17, arrived here yesterday from Princeton, where the fatal shot was fired. Her mission is to disclose of what personal property she has here and collect an industrial life insurance policy.

—Mrs. Kate Lee, widow of William Lee, who was the first Warden of the Indiana State Prison, which was started in this city in 1822, who went to Ireland, Ind., some time ago to be with relatives, is in a critical condition at the home of S. R. Henry from heart disease.

—William M. Williams, who was the father of Edgar F. Williams, of this city, who is a conductor on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway, died at his home in Crothersville. He was more than eighty years old, and came to Indiana from Tennessee in 1832.

—It is said the part of the electric line now being built from Watson to Charlestown by the Louisville and Northern Railway and Lighting Company, is the longest straight stretch of track in Indiana, and for six miles the road does not vary as much as one inch from a true line.

—A large number of blue flannel shirts are being given out at the Government Depot for alteration on account of the sleeves having been made too long and the collars too large by an Eastern contractor. The work has to be done this week and before the end of the fiscal year.

—Suffering from both mental and physical troubles, Mrs. August Schlamm, one of the most widely-known women in this county, has been brought from her home at Henryville to Mercy Hospital for treatment. Previous to his death her husband was a well-known Democratic politician.

—A change of venue was asked from Magistrate B. J. Ferguson, yesterday on the ground he was prejudiced when the case of the State of Indiana against John Loyd, a peace warrant charge instituted by Anna Gedling, was called and the suit was sent to Magistrate John Ware for trial.

—W. R. Wredman, a former clerk at the Government Depot, has taken a civil service examination for another position under an order that old soldiers should be given preferences for places they can fill. Mr. Wredman was badly wounded in battle, and was given a marking of 25 per cent. on that account.

—The Fire Department was called yesterday morning to Ohio avenue, between Market and Third streets, to put out a blaze that had started from some manner in the roof of a house owned by Charles Strauch, but before the firemen could reach the scene a bucket brigade, composed of women, had extinguished the flames.

—Nearly 150 persons attended the third annual social tendered the officers of the Indiana Reformatory, their families or friends, which was given by Superintendent and Mrs. W. H. Whitaker on the lawn at their home last night, they being assisted by Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Barnard. There was a bountiful supply of refreshments and a programme of vocal and instrumental music. The lawn was magnificently decorated, and the affair was a most enjoyable one.

WILL APPROVE

WHEN ALL OF MAYOR'S VIADUCT PLANS ARE PUBLISHED.

Always Contemplated Letting Council In Scheme When All Was Ready.

Mayor Paul C. Barth, through the City Attorney, Judge A. E. Richards, yesterday afternoon made public a statement as to his response to the resolution which was adopted by the Board of Councilmen Tuesday night and in which he was cited to report to the Council from what source he got his authority to purchase property along Oak street, where it is contemplated the Oak-street viaduct will be built. Judge Richards answers the resolution by saying that Mayor Barth has not bought any property nor has he authorizing the buying of any property. He concludes by suggesting that publicity in the project contemplated at this time would defeat the ends aimed at. Judge Richards said:

"Mayor Barth has not himself purchased, nor has he authorized anyone else to purchase any property on Oak street for the city, nor has he attempted to bind the city by contract in relation thereto. The commercial bodies of Louisville have been working for several years to get either underground or overhead crossings at the intersections of Oak street with the Louisville and Nashville and Illinois Central railroads. The Mayor and the Board of Public Works, believing it to be a work of great importance to a large number of our citizens, have been trying to perfect a plan which would enable the city to secure the desired crossings at a comparatively small cost.

"They did not undertake this plan without first consulting the City Attorney, and it would be superfluous for me to say that I do not think they are doing anything illegal. Of course, we all understood that the viaducts could not be built except under an ordinance of the General Council, and it was always contemplated to place everything before the Council for its action so soon as all branches of the proposition could be gotten in shape for this. If the Mayor and Board of Works succeed in shaping up the enterprise along the lines they are working, I believe it will meet the approval, not only of the General Council, but of the public at large."

FESTIVAL PLANS

WILL BE SHAPED BY NUMEROUS COMMITTEES.

Board of Trade, Commercial Club, M. and M. Association and Musical Club Co-operate.

Victor H. Engelhard, president of the Commercial Club, yesterday announced the committee of three to represent the Commercial Club on the General Committee of Fifteen that is to have charge of the arrangements for the May Musical Festival, and to provide for the raising of the funds. The Commercial Club Committee is composed of Fred Levy, Lee Bloom and Peter Lee Atherton. The Committee of the Board of Trade as announced yesterday consists of E. H. Bowen, Marion E. Taylor and Oscar Fonley.

William Thalheimer, president of the Manufacturers and Manufacturers' Association, said that he would probably announce the committee of that organization to-morrow.

Fred W. Keisker, president of the Retail Merchants' Association, was out of the city yesterday attending the annual outing of this association. It is expected that he will announce his committee on his return.

Thomas E. Basham, president of the Musical Club, announced the committee of that organization as follows: T. E. Basham, Thomas F. Gordon and W. N. Little.

As soon as the five organizations appoint their committees, a call will be made for a meeting, and the organization of the General Committee will take place. Subcommittees will be appointed to look after the various matters connected with an undertaking of this kind, and steps will be taken looking to the providing for the necessary funds. General approbation is heard everywhere of the effort to provide an annual festival of this kind for Louisville.

WILLIAM SIKKING TRIED IN POLICE COURT.

William Sikking, one of the truant officers of the School Board, was presented in the Police Court yesterday morning on the charge of malicious assault and was fined $10. He is alleged to have struck John Linke, a fellow Red Man, over the head with a cane, causing severe injuries. The trouble is said to have originated over a remark made by Linke concerning a friend of Sikking. The latter resented the remark and struck Linke with his cane.

Co-operative and Assessment Plan.

The American Life and Accident Insurance Company filed a charter yesterday, by which it is empowered to engage in the insurance business on the co-operative and assessment plan. The insurance section of the corporation law does not require the issuance of any capital stock or the fixing of a maximum debt. The incorporators are as follows: Henry Glanz, Charles F. Ruff, Fred G. Miller, Simeon R. Harden, A. O. Lewis, Lawrence L. Riebel, Thomas A. Barker, L. A. Seitz, John H. Cowles, D. C. Clark, J. H. Shrader, John D. Molter, T. H. Baker.

OIL RATES

Affecting Seven Southern States Looked Into.

INSTANCES OF PERSECUTION OF SMALL DEALERS.

STANDARD OIL'S METHODS DETAILED BY WITNESS.

MR. PROUTY'S INTERRUPTION.

New Orleans, June 28.—Testimony on oil freight rates affecting seven Southern States was taken to-day by the Interstate Commerce Commission. All the witnesses were independent oil dealers.

A book on oil tariff rates, issued by the Southern railway, was put in evidence. W. O. Hudson, a former employe of the Standard Oil Company, testified that every rate published in the book is between Standard Oil stations.

Martin Carey, of Buffalo, representing the Standard Oil Company, pointed out a proviso in this book that rates will be made to any station when proper facilities for unloading are furnished.

Commissioner Charles A. Prouty, replying, said:

"I understand that proper facilities for unloading mean storage tanks, and the small dealers cannot build such tanks."

Mr. Hudson, who is manager of the Marine Oil Company, Limited, of this city, testified that Woodward, Wight & Co., of New Orleans, five years ago, when about to enter the oil business, accepted $30,000 from the Standard Oil Company, for which they gave a contract agreeing not to sell oil for five years. This contract terminates next Saturday, witness said:

Instance of Persecution.

Mr. Hudson said that several years ago, when he was a Standard Oil employe, the Red Sea Oil Company, of Baltimore, shipped a car of oil to Pelzer, S. C. He was ordered to proceed immediately to Pelzer, where he tried to have the oil condemned as under the standard. In this he failed, and C. T. Collins, of Cincinnati, then vice president and general manager of the Standard Oil refrigerating department, ordered him to cut prices of oil at Pelzer, as witness had expected to do. The following month the Standard Oil Company hired the Red Sea Company's Pelzer agent, bought his oil and, the witness said, secured the business.

M. W. Wilbourn, secretary and treasurer of the National Refining Company, of Memphis, Tenn., said that at Fayetteville, Tenn., his employes had been informed by an oil inspector that their oil must be inspected at a cost of fifty cents a barrel, although it had been previously inspected by a Tennessee inspector. Witness was informed that just previous to this Standard Oil agents had canvassed the town to learn who bought his oil. At Memphis, he said, he had caused the discharge of an employe of the 'Frisco road, whom he had accused of showing the bills of lading on the National Refining Company to Standard Oil agents.

In Arkansas, witness said, his salesmen had been arrested by State oil inspectors on charges that their oil was below standard. These arrests had never been prosecuted. The salesmen frequently had been told that if they would leave town there would be no prosecution. At Walnut Ridge, Ark., witness said, one inspector had been also a distributor for the Waters-Pierce Oil Company.

At present, he said, he has no complaint against the Arkansas inspector. T. J. Gay, manager of the Gay Oil Company, of Little Rock, Ark., said that it had been a common practice among Arkansas railroads for the railroad agents to be also agents of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company. He said that the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and South railroad had had one such agent. Oil shipments in Texas, Kansas, Mississippi and Indian Territory were also inquired into.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, June 28.—Trading in cotton was restricted to evening up and professional operations by uncertainty as to the effect of July notices to-morrow, the usual considerations as to the week end and various anticipations as to the showing of the July condition report early next week. Fluctuations were narrow and irregular, but compared narrowly, with the close steady, 3@10 points net lower. Sales estimated at 150,000 bales. The opening was steady at a decline of 2 points to an advance of 3 points, which was just about as due on the cables and relatively easy on the old crop months, which, however, advanced in keeping with new crop months right after the call. But the steadiness was of very short duration, owing to the favorable weather and crop reports, and prices soon sagged off under liquidation and selling by some of the room bears. At a decline of 6@8 points, when July sold at 10.12c and December at 10.35c, the market steadied on covering and rallied to a level of closing prices of the previous day, but sold off again in the afternoon under a renewal of liquidation and bear pressure, which was encouraged by reports of a smaller demand and the fact of July notices. The close was within a point or two of the lowest.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 4,000 bales, against 4,813 last week and 9,352 last year; for the week 30,000 bales, against 31,228 last week and 75,548 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 1,266 bales, against 1,288 last year, and at Houston 529, against 801 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet; middling uplands 10.86c; do gulf 11.05c. Closed quiet and unchanged; sales 273 bales.

The following is the range of futures on the Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	10.11	....	10.00	10.14
July	10.16	10.00	10.12	10.14
August	10.31	10.32	10.28	10.27
September	10.36	10.35	10.27	10.17
October	10.36	10.36	10.26	10.26
November	....	....	....	10.24
December	10.41	10.41	10.33	10.33
January	10.44	10.45	10.36	10.37
February	....	....	....	10.38
March	10.52	10.48	10.45	10.45

New Orleans, June 28.—Spot cotton closed steady and unchanged. Sales were 525 bales on the spot and 600 to arrive, a total of 1,175. Low ordinary 7⅞c, nominal; ordinary 8¼c; good ordinary 9 1-16c; low middling 10⅛c; good middling 11½c; middling fair 11⅞c, nominal; fair 12⅛c. Receipts 1,288 bales; stock 70,278.

Futures opened quiet, 1@3 points under yesterday's close. The market throughout the session was dull and narrow. A slight decline was caused by rather easy cables. The close was steady, with prices at the lowest and showing a net decline of 5@8 points. The range was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	Nom.	10.63	10.61	Nom.
July	10.82	10.83	10.72	10.78
August	10.59	10.61	10.52	10.55
September	10.41	10.41	10.34	10.34
October	10.27	10.27	10.22	10.22
November	10.28	10.28	10.23	10.23
December	10.31	10.32	10.25	10.26
January	10.37	10.37	10.32	10.32
February	....	10.30	10.35	10.35
March	10.52	10.53	10.45	10.45

Liverpool, June 28.—Spot cotton quiet; prices 4 points higher. American middling, fair 6.62d; good middling 6.37d; middling 6.15d; low middling 5.97d; good ordinary 5.77d; ordinary 5.57d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 600 were for speculation and export and included 5,900 American; receipts 7,000 bales, including 5,600 American. Futures opened steady and closed quiet.

Galveston, June 28.—Cotton steady; middling 11 1-16c; net and gross receipts 1,772 bales; sales 776; stock 44,148; exports to Great Britain 800, to France 3,800; shipments coastwise 946.

Memphis, June 28.—Cotton quiet and nominal; middling 10¼c; net receipts 24 bales; gross 64; shipments 307; sales 150; stock 12,616.

Savannah, June 28.—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾c; net and gross receipts 958 bales; sales 435; stock 36,086; shipments coastwise 227.

Boston, June 28.—Cotton quiet; middling 10.80c; net and gross receipts 110 bales; exports to Great Britain 720.

St. Louis, June 28.—Cotton quiet; middling 10¼c; gross receipts 652 bales; shipments 652; stock 28,419.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Thursday Evening, June 28.—Conditions in the New York money market were practically unchanged. Rates continued to work closer with the approach of the July settlements. Call money ranged between 3½ and 4½ per cent. Time funds were stronger. Conditions in the local money market show no change. A fair borrowing demand is reported, with rates for credit quoted at 5@6 per cent.

New York exchange was quoted at 25@50c premium.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,849,775
Balance	296,031

The local market for securities was rather dull and without feature to-day. There was some little activity in Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common at the Stock Exchange. Ten shares sold at 71½ and 500 shares were offered at 73. Avery common advanced to 76 bid and 90 asked. Louisville Traction common was easier, being offered at 138½, and the preferred was a fraction stronger at 126 bid. Springfield was heavy, with offerings at 85. St. Louis United Railways common was weak at the morning session of the St. Louis Stock Exchange, but braced up considerably at the afternoon session, closing at 50⅞ bid and 51 asked. Kansas City Railway and Light common and International Traction common were heavy. At the Stock Exchange $2,000 Louisville Street Railway 5s were offered at 112¼ and interest. Rochester Railway and Light 5s were offered at 103½ and interest and $2,000 Springfield 5s were offered at 98½ and interest.

Louisville Traction common was thirty-seven shares offered at 139 and ten shares offered at 138½. For eighteen shares of the preferred 126 was bid. One hundred and ten shares of Springfield were offered at 85 and 84½ was bid for eight shares. Fifty shares of St. Joseph common were offered at 63½. Twenty-one shares of Memphis preferred were offered at 84. West Penn common was 27½ bid for fifty shares and 100 shares offered at 28¾. For ten shares of German Security Bank 174 was bid. For twenty-five shares of Heating common 57½ was bid and twenty-five shares were offered at 64. Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common was 69 shares offered at 72. 71½ bid for ten shares and 500 shares offered at 73. Ten shares sold at 71½. A bid of 51 was made for 100 shares of Louisville Home Telephone. For fifteen shares of Avery common 76 was bid and thirteen shares were offered at 90.

St. Louis United Railways common closed at 50⅞ bid and 51 asked, the preferred at 80¾ to 81 and the 4 per cent. bonds at 88 to 88¼. Kansas City Railway and Light common sold at 58. San Francisco common sold in New York at 61¼ and the preferred at 68¾. There was a sale of Detroit at 93 and Toledo was quoted at 32¾ to 34. L. and N. unified 4s were quoted at 102 to 103½ and the collateral trust 4s at 97½ to 97¾. New Orleans quoted Railway and Light common at 33¼ to 33½, the preferred at 81¾ to 81¾ and the 4½s at 92¼ to 92½. International Traction common was offered at 57½. The preferred was quiet.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities at the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Last Bid.	Last Asked.
Louisville St. Ry. 5s	*111½	112¼
Louisville St. Ry. 4½s	*105½	106½
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s	*101¼	102
Rochester Railway and Light 5s	103¾	104½
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*98½	98½
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	*103	103¾
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	102¾	103¾
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	*94½	96
Birmingham Ry. and Light 5s	108½	109¼
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s	95¾	95¾
Seattle Electric 5s	*104¾	107
L. A. and P. V. Elec. Ry. 5s		*102
L., H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	*110	110¾
New Albany St. Ry. 5s		*98½
Nashville Ry. and Light 4½s	85	87¾
Fayette Home Telephone 5s	74	
Seelbach Realty 4½s	100	102¼
Savannah Electric 5s		100
Pascoula Elec. Co. & Power 5s	92	93
Dallas Electric 5s		*97¼
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	*101	101¾
Houston Electric 5s		*99
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	*91¾	92¾
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s		
City 5s, old L., 1923	*107	109
City 4s, 1929		*107½
City 4s, imp., 1928		*108
City 4s, gold, 1937	*109½	
City 3½s, gold, 1910	*102¾	
City 3½s, gold, 1943	*100	100¼
City 3½s, gold 1943	*100	100¼
City 3½s, gold, 1943	*100	100¼
City 3s, gold, 1941		*92

*Sells with interest.

Stocks.

American National Bank	149¼	...
Bank of Commerce	201	...
Citizens' National Bank	206¾	...
First National Bank	200	...
German Bank	370	...
German Insurance Bank	370	380
German Security Bank	174	178
Southern National Bank	147	148
Union National Bank	231	245
Stock Yards Bank	121	127
Louisville National Banking Co.	144	145
National Bank of Kentucky	200	202
Third National Bank	103	...
Western National Bank	85	90
Louisville Trust and Trust Co.	147	152¾
Fidelity Trust Co.	...	305
Louisville Trust Co.	188	191
United States Trust Co.	150	...
Louisville Title Co.	98	101
Bourbon Stock Yards	95	100
Louisville Bridge stock	143¾	144
Louisville Gas Co.	140	144

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Cl'g Bid.
Do preferred	1,100	65½	64½	65½
National Lead	7,900	73	71½	72½
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.				35
N. Y. Central	2,500	135½	133¼	135½
N. Y., O. and W.	3,700	48½	47½	48½
Norfolk and West.	1,100	88¾	87¾	88½
Do preferred				90½
North American	1,600	94½	93	93¾
Northern Pacific	16,000	190¾	184½	189¾
Pacific Mail	100	39	38	38
Pennsylvania	64,700	129¾	127¾	129½
People's Gas	1,800	90	89¼	89¾
P., C., C. and St. L.				80
Pressed Steel Car	2,900	47	45	46¾
Do preferred	400	90½	90	90½
Pullman Pal. Car				220
Reading	176,600	126	122¼	125¾
Do 1st pref				90
Do 2d pref				90
Republic Steel	2,500	27½	26¾	27¼
Do preferred	700	95	94¾	95
Rock Island Co	2,100	24	23¾	24
Do preferred	1,400	62¾	62	62¾
St. L. & S.F. 2d pf				45
St. L. Southwest	200	20¾	20¾	21
Do preferred	400	50¾	50¾	50¼
Southern Pacific	46,800	68¼	66¾	68
Do preferred	400	120¾	119¾	120¾
Southern Railway	8,900	35	34¼	35
Do preferred	100	99¼	99¼	99
Sloss-Sh'f'd'd Steel	1,400	71¾	69¾	71
Tenn. Coal and I.				153
Texas and Pacific	1,500	31¾	31	31½
T., St. L. and W.				25½
Do preferred	400	46¾	46	46¾
Union Pacific	120,600	145	141¾	144¾
Do preferred				92¾
U. S. Express				110
U. S. Realty	400	82½	82½	82¾
U. S. Rubber	3,100	45¾	44½	45
Do preferred	100	107	107	107
U. S. Steel	113,900	35¾	34¾	35¾
Do preferred	50,300	102¾	100	102
Va.-Car. Chemical	800	39¾	36	36
Do preferred				106
Wabash	1,500	19½	19	19½
Do preferred	1,500	45¾	44½	44¾
Wells Fargo Exp				272
Westinghouse Elec				152½
Western Union	200	91¾	91¾	91¾
W. and L. E				17¾
Wisconsin Central				23¾
Do preferred	200	45	45	44½

Total sales for the day, 1,190,700 shares.
*Ex-dividend.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, June 28.—Bonds were all unchanged on call.

The following are the closing bid quotations on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	103½
Do coupon	104
3s, registered	103¼
Do coupon	103¼
Old 4s, registered	102¾
Do coupon	103¾
New 4s, registered	129½
Do coupon	129½

Miscellaneous Bonds.

American Tobacco 4s	78
American Tobacco 6s	112
Atchison general 4s	101¾
Do adjustment 4s	94
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	99¾
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	103¾
Do 3½s	96¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit convertible 4s	90¾
Central of Georgia 5s	111¾
Do first income	97
Do second income	88
Do third income	83½
C. and O. 4½s	106¾
Chicago and Alton 3½s	80
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	99½
Chicago, Rock Island and Pac. R. R. 4s	100¾
Do collateral 5s	90¾
C., C., C. and St. L. general 4s	102¾
Colorado Industrial 5s, series A	76½
Do series B	*77
Colorado Midland 4s	75
Colorado and Southern 4s	93¾
Cuba 6s	*106
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	100¾
Distillers' Securities 5s	86¼
Erie prior lien 4s	101½
Do general 4s	93¾
Hocking Valley 4½s	108¾
Japan 6s	99¾
Japan 6s, 2d series	98¾
Japan 4½s	*94¼
Japan 4s	85¾
Japan 4½s, certificates, 2d series	93¾
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	102¾
Manhattan consol. gold 4s	100¾
Mexican Central 4s	79
Do first income	39
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	*90¼
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	90
Do seconds	88
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	*84½
New York Central general 3½s	127½
New Jersey Central general 5s	120¾
Northern Pacific 4s	105¾
Northern Pacific 3s	76
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	102¾
Oregon Short Line refunding 4s	95
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	97¾
Reading general 4s	102¾
St. Louis and Mountain consol. 5s	116
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	*95¾
St. Louis Southwestern convertible 4s	77
Seaboard Air Line 4s	*87¼
Southern Pacific 4s	92¾
Do first 4s, certificates	97¾
Southern Railway 5s	118¾
Texas and Pacific firsts	119
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	81
Union Pacific 4s	105¼
United States Steel second 5s	97
Wabash firsts	119
Do debenture Bs	82¾
Western Maryland 4s	86¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	80
Wisconsin Central 4s	91¾

*Offered.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, June 28.—Money was in increased demand to-day for month-end and settlement requirements and rates hardened. Discounts were steady. Prices on the Stock Exchange, after early firmness, became weak on rumors of trouble in connection with the settlement in Kaffirs, but it was reported later that the brokers involved had been assisted. The liquidation in consols continued and the depression was helped by the poor bank statement. Kaffirs declined on realizations. Foreigners were inactive, but Russians were inclined to improve. Americans started weak, led by Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, but recovered the parity loss in the forenoon. Later operators sold in anticipation of an easy New York opening, but the latter became favorable and caused hasty coverings. New York then sold and prices fluctuated erratically and closed weak and irregular. Japanese Imperial 6s of 1904 closed at 102. Closing quotations: Consols for money 87 15-16; do for the account 88; Anaconda 12; Atchison 91¾; do preferred (ex-div.) 103¾; Baltimore and Ohio 120; Canadian Pacific 164¾; Chesapeake and Ohio 58¾; Chicago Great Western 17½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 177½; Do Beers 17½; Denver and Rio Grande 42½; do preferred (ex-div.) 88½; Erie 42; do first preferred 80½; do second preferred 71½; Illinois Central 180¾; Louisville and Nashville 146; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 32¾; New York Central 139; Norfolk and Western 90¾; do preferred 95; Ontario and Western 48¾; Pennsylvania 66¼; Rand Mines 5⅝; Reading 64¼; do first preferred 45¼; do second preferred 46¼; Southern Railway 35½; do preferred 102½; Southern Pacific 69⅝; Union Pacific 147⅜; do preferred 96; United States Steel 36⅛; do preferred 104⅜; Wabash 20½; do preferred 46¾; Spanish fours 92⅜. Bar silver steady at 29 3-16d per ounce. Money 2½@3 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills 3¼ per cent. Bullion amounting to £100,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day and £7,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South America.

Berlin, June 28.—Trading on the Boerse today was dull. Americans fell sharply upon yesterday's New York advices. Exchange on London 20 marks 48¾ pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 3⅜ per cent.; three months' bills 3⅜ per cent.

Paris, June 28.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were heavy and trading was irregular. Russian Imperial 4s closed at 77.85 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 486. Three per cent. rentes 96f 57½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 15c for checks.

St. Petersburg, June 28.—The fall on the Bourse was stayed to-day, prices steadying, owing to inside support. Imperial 4s improved to 78¾ and 5s closed at 85¾.

Foreign Bank Statements.

London, June 28.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£20,000
Circulation increased	414,000
Bullion increased	394,350
Other securities increased	1,820,000
Other deposits increased	1,695,000
Public deposits decreased	115,000
Notes reserve increased	5,000

Government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 47.44 per cent., as compared with 49.04 per cent. last week.

The rate of discount of the Bank of England remained unchanged to-day at 3½ per cent.

Paris, June 28.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation increased	21,250,000
Treasury deposits increased	45,150,000
General deposits increased	74,425,000
Gold in hand increased	569,000
Silver in hand decreased	575,000
Bills discounted increased	96,825,000
Advances increased	4,575,000

Calcutta, June 28.—The rate of discount of the Bank of Bengal was reduced to-day from 5 to 4 per cent.

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the price charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.75 per bu.; Indiana new beans $1.80 per bu.; Lima beans 6c per lb.; California pink $2.20 per bu.; New York red kidneys $3 per bu.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.75@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 62½@82c per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 15c; Western cheddars 15c; full cream flats and twins 15½c; full cream dairies 15c; full cream long horns 14½c; skim govts 10@11½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13½@14½c, Maracaibo 11½@13½c; Laguayra 11½@12½c, Mocha 29@24c; Java 25½@30c; Green Rios: Fancy 13½c; choice 12¾c; prime 12c; good 11½c; roasting grades 11¼@12c; Santos 11½@15½c; Shawnee roast 16c in 1-lb. packages.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $4.50@4.75 per bbl.; plain patents $4.50; straights $4.50; family $4.50; low grades $4; winter patents $4.50@4.75; winter straights $4.25@4.50; low grades $3.75@4; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

FEATHERS—Prime white geese 48@50c per lb.; gray 35@37c; No. 1 old 30@35c; dark and mixed old geese 15@25c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed dark 25@30c.

FIELD SEED—Selling price from store: Choice timothy $1.80@2.00 per bu.; clover $6.50 @7.25; orchard $1.40@1.60; bluegrass, fancy $1.35@1.50; red top, fancy $6.50@7.50; English bluegrass $1.70; Southern millet $1; cow peas $2.10.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS —Currants, per lb., 7@7½c; raisins, London layers, per box $2; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 7½@8c; prunes, California new 3½@5½c; peaches 10@ 12c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 11@11½c; Persian dates 5c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 8c.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $13@13.50; clover hay $11.50@12; wheat straw $6.50@7; timothy No. 1 $13.50@14; No. 2 $11@12. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ½c under. We quote as sellers: Dry flint, No. 1 22½c; No. 2 20½c; dry salted, No. 1 19@20c; No. 2 18½c; round lots of green salted hides 1@1½c over round lots, dry 2@2½c; dry kip and calf 18@20c; green salted, No. 1 12½@13c; No. 2 10½@11½c; kip and calf 11½@12½c; sheepskins, butchers' 75c@$1.50; country skins 50@$1; lambskins 40@75c; horse hides, No. 1, large $3.50; No. 2 $2.50.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $19.50@20; shorts $19@19.50. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 22c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 30@38c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 35@38c per gallon, according to quality.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds 14c per lb.; filberts 10½c; California walnuts 13c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 9½c; choice Virginia 9c; Texas pecans 10@10½c; home-grown pecans 10c; Spanish coanuts $3.25 per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; Brazil nuts 10c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 98c per gallon; No. 2 88c; linseed 39c for raw and 42c for boiled, in less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 60c; extra No. 1 66c; No. 1 50c; No. 2 47c; neatsfoot 65c; 32 degrees 26c; 28 degrees gasoline 16c; benzine, 63 degrees 15c; straits 42c; black oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, prime 35c; No. 1 winter 38c; No. 2 winter oil 48c; coal oil, Kentucky test 11½c; Indiana 11½c; water white, 160 degrees 12½c; headlight, 150 fire test 13½c; turpentine 58¼c.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white 7¼c per lb., red lead 7½c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3¾c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5c; Java 6½c; Indian head 6¾c; Carolina head 6¼c; fancy Patna 6¼c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $6.25@6.75 per lb.; Indiana $6.50@6.75; Southern ginseng $6.50@6.75; "Golden Seal" yellow root, new 90c, old $1.00; Mayapple 2½c; blood root 4@4½c; pinkroot 3½c; pink root 20@25c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 30@35c; lady slipper 25c. Dealers do not want ginseng split, or unstrung, and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray-load lots as follows: 7-bu. bbl., $1.10@1.20; 5-bu. bbl. 85@90c, dairy salt $1.35@2 per bbl.; freezing salt, 200-lb. sacks 50c per sack.

TALLOW—No. 1 4¾c; No. 2 4@4¼c.

WINTER GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: All sizes 90 and 15 per cent. off list.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wool. For Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wools. Burry 17@23c; clear grease 28@30c; medium tub-washed 30@40c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 26@37c; black wool 25@27c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Eagle tablets	6.00	No. 6	4.65
Crystal dominoes	7.50	No. 6	4.45
Cut loaf	5.85	No. 7	4.40
Crushed	5.55	No. 8	4.30
XXXX powdered	5.25	No. 9	4.30
Powdered	5.20	No. 12	4.15
Stand. gran. 2-lbs	4.85	No. 13	4.20
Stand. gran.	5.20	No. 14	4.10

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry (old) $0 85
No. 3 red and longberry (old) 83
Rejected 2s@3c less; on levee 1½c less.
No. 3 white 57
No. 3 mixed 56
OATS—
No. 3 white 41½
No. 3 mixed 41
RYE—
No. 2 Western 71
No. 2 Northwestern 73

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

MESS PORK—$13.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14c; heavy to medium 13½@13¾c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 11c; regular clear sides 11c; breakfast bacon 16c; sugar-cured shoulders 10½c; bacon, extra 11c; bellies, light 12c; heavy 12c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 8¾c; choice leaf in tierces 9½c, in tubs 9¾c; pure leaf lard in tierces 10¼c, in tubs 10½c; in firkins 10¼c.

BULK MEATS—Ribs 9c; regular clear 9½c; extra short 8¾c.

DRIED BEEF—12½c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$1.85 for base.

TOOL STEEL—9@22c per lb. for base.

SOFT STEEL—$1.85 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.15; V-crimped $2.20 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2.20; No. 12 $2.25; No. 14 $2.30; No. 16 $2.40; Nos. 18 and 20 $2.55; Nos. 22 and 24 $2.60; No. 26 $2.45; No. 27 $2.90 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—60, 10 and 5 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$1.95 base.

WIRE NAILS—$1.95 base.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$1.80 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

NEW YORK BOND SALES

(Reported by E. H. Morgan & Co.)

Japan 4s.		$2,000	103¼	$8,000	93⅝	$3,000	100⅝
$1,000	85	B. & O. S-W. 3½s.		$22,000	93½	$5,000	100⅝
Japan 4½s.		$4,000	92⅜	Con. Gas cd. 6s.		N. P. prior 4s.	
$7,000	94⅜	$5,000	92¾	$5,000	144	$1,000	105⅛
$12,000	94⅛	B. R. 7 4s.		D. and H. conv. 4s.		$2,000	105⅜
Japan 4½s, 2d series.		$28,000	96	$1,000	108	Penna. conv. 3½s.	
$46,000	93¼	$2,000	96½	$10,000	108¼	$35,000	97⅜
Japan 6s.		$5,000	96¼	$15,000	108½	Penna. conv. 1915 re-	
$8,000	99½	C. L. 5s.		Detroit Un. Ry. 4½s.		ceipts 3½s.	
$3,000	99⅜	$22,000	99	$5,000	96	$18,000	93⅝
Japan 6s, 2d series.		$2,000	99¼	Dist. Securities 5s.		$14,000	93⅜
$5,000	98⅝	C. and A. 3½s.		$11,000	86	Reading gen. 4s.	
U. S. Mex. 4s.		$9,000	80	$4,000	86½	$6,000	102¾
$35,000	94½	C., B. and Q. Jt. 4s.		Erie conv. 4s.		$4,000	102½
Am. H. and L. 6s.		$19,000	100	$3,000	104	St. L. S. W. 1st 4s.	
$4,000	90½	$51,000	99⅞	Erie gen. lien 4s.		$1,000	93¾
Am. Tobacco 4s.		$19,000	99½	$2,000	93¼	S. P. ref. 4s T. C.	
$20,000	78	C., R. I. & P. 4s.		H. V. 4½s.		$3,000	97⅜
$2,000	78¾	$10,000	76½	$8,000	108½	$5,000	97¼
Atchison gen. 4s.		$5,000	76⅝	Int.-Met. 4½s.		Southern Railway 5s.	
$20,000	102	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s.		$20,000	86	$1,000	118⅝
$2,000	101⅞	$2,000	94⅞	$20,000	86¼	$14,000	118½
A. C. L. Cl. 4s.		$1,000	94⅜	$20,000	86⅜	T. and P. 5s.	
$6,000	91⅞	C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s.		L. and N. Un. 4s.		$3,000	118
$30,000	91⅝	$1,000	105	$5,000	102¾	T., St. L. and W. 4s.	
B. and O. 3½s.		Colo. Mid. 5s.		K. and M. 1st 4s.		$1,000	81
$6,000	96⅝	$10,000	76	$2,000	98	U. S. S. F. 5s.	
$17,000	96	$5,000	76⅝	Met. 5s.		$7,000	96½
B. and O. 4s.		Colo. Indus. 5s A.		$5,000	111	$20,000	96⅝
$2,000	103	$10,000	76	Mex. Cen. Inc.		$6,000	96⅝
$1,000	103½	$5,000	76½	$1,000	19	$6,000	97
$14,000	103¾	Colo. Sou. 4s.		N. Y. Central 4s.			

Total sales (par value) $1,361,000.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, June 28, 1906.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1906.	Ship'd 1906.	Rec'd 1905.	Ship'd 1905.
Ag'l imps., lbs.	76,350	309,950	20,950	63,140
Bagging, lbs.		28,200		6,745
Boots and shoes, cases	332		264	294
Coffee, lbs.	30,625	29,400	400	18,760
Cotton, bales	57			
Flour, bbls.	600	190	475	722
Furniture, lbs.	10,960	130,320	8,200	112,120
Corn, bush.	33,920	19,345	65,200	33,200
Malt, bush.		475	200	
Oats, bush.	22,300	6,000	11,200	2,720
Rye, bush.	3,515	2,000	800	
Wheat, bush.	3,300	1,000	3,024	1,060
Hardware, pkgs	358	3,630	220	2,679
Hay, tons	61	30	82	23
Bacon, lbs.	67,300	353,080	54,600	173,842
Hams, lbs.		3,615		3,625
Lard, lbs.	2,844	155,855		57,425
Pig iron, tons	319	34	392	
Leather, lbs.		4,880	26,870	8,126
Nails, kegs	510	200	545	227
Gr. apples, bbls	66	10	2	5
Onions, bbls.	4	35		2,574
Potatoes, bbls.	172	350		3,348
Seed, grass and Clover, lbs.	26,925	4,375		2,283
Soap, lbs.	52,000	122,000	300	43,480
Sugar, bbls.	100	467	300	360
Tob., leaf, hds.	331	668	796	175
Tob., mfg., lbs.	2,800	268,092	4,325	212,754
Whisky, bbls.	525	1,178	719	732
Wool, lbs.	18,275	1,500	4,495	

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.15 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.25; galvanized $2.55 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.75 base; Perkins' $4 base; Burden $4.25 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$2.65 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—70 and 10 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—70 and 10 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 11¼c; strict middling 11¾c.

PRODUCE AND FRUIT.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Fresh country 13c; Elgin 21½c in 30-lb. tubs, 22c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 22½c.

POULTRY—Hens 10c per lb.; roosters 5c; spring chickens 17c per lb.; ducks 8c per lb.; turkeys 8c; geese $4@5 dozen.

EGGS—12½@13c, case count; candled 14c.

FRUIT—Apples $4@5 per bbl.; bananas $1 @1.75 per bunch; Florida oranges $2.75 per box; Messina lemons $2.75 per box; imported Malaga grapes $6@7; Florida grapefruit $4.50 @5 per box; kumquots 25c per quart; California lemons $2.50 per box; tangerines $3.50 per crate; tomatoes $4 per crate.

VEGETABLES—Onions $3 per bbl.; leaf lettuce $1.50 per bu.; parsley 60c per dozen; egg plants $2 per dozen; Southern radishes 60c per dozen bunches; home-grown cabbage $1.75 per bbl.; home-grown potatoes $2.25 per bbl.; hothouse cucumbers $2 per dozen; red peppers 50c per dozen; carrots $1.75 per bbl.; Southern beets 75c per dozen bunches; California celery 75c per bunch.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Thursday Evening, June 28.—Sales of Burley tobacco to-day were rather large and of good quality and condition. The market continues active and quotations were fully up to those of yesterday. The highest price realized on Burley was $15.50. There was a good demand for common grades and good leaf, and the market continued firm. Colory leaf was firm and medium grades unchanged. The quality and condition of the dark tobacco was somewhat improved over that of yesterday. All grades both of the fired and unfired types met with good competition at former prices.

The Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company issued the following review of the leaf tobacco market for this afternoon:

"The sales on our market for one week, including to-day, amounted to 3,195 hogsheads, divided as follows: Burley 1,249; dark 1,946.

"Burley.—A comparison of the tone and strength of the market this week with that of last week is difficult to make, because of the erratic condition of the market during the past few days. The offerings were much better each day during some hours than at others, the variation being without apparent cause, and the situation seemed to resolve itself into conditions of occasional brisk competition with highly satisfactory prices, again to relapse into dullness with prices that were decidedly trying at least by comparison. On the whole, however, the market does not show any symptoms of weakening.

"Dark Tobacco—The market continues firm and active for both the fired and unfired types of dark tobacco, with the exception of a slightly lower range of prices for medium to good lugs.

"The weather conditions have been favorable for the new crop and the various reports which reach us would indicate an unusually good stand with the crop looking well for the time of year."

Sales were reported as follows:

Burley.

Anderson County—16 hhds. at $14.50 to 6.70.
Bracken County—20 hhds. at $15.50 to 6.90.
Bath County—13 hhds. at $12.75 to 6.60.
Franklin County—16 hhds. at $11 to 6.70; 16 at $6.20 to 8.40.
Green County—1 hhd. at $8.20; 28 at $5.95 to 12.75.
Hardin County—10 hhds. at $6.40 to 9.50; 13 at $12 to 6.90; 4 at $8.50 to 5.70.
Hart County—10 hhds. at $10.25 to 7.10.
Marion County—14 hhds. at $6.60 to 10.
Nicholas County—6 hhds. at $12.75 to 9.40.
Simpson County—3 hhds. at $9 to 7.60.
Shelby County—6 hhds. at $15.25 to 7.80.
Spencer County—10 hhds. at $10.75 to 7.90.
Warren County—1 hhd. at $6.20.
Indiana—1 hhd. at $8; 16 at $13.50 to 7.00.

Dark.

Calloway County—7 hhds. at $8.60 to 5.
Green County—4 hhds. at $5.05 to 7.60.
Warren County—2 hhds. at 7c to $5.90.
Tennessee—5 hhds. at $7.80 to 7.70.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, June 28.—(Special.)—The tobacco market was a little irregular at times to-day and perhaps a trifle easier in the common to medium grades, but fancy leaf was a strong feature. Total sales 647 hhds: 2 at $3.70 and $3.90; 9 at $5.20@5.95; 193 at $6.00@7.95; 175 at $8@9.95; 125 at $10@11.75; 97 at $12@14.75; 30 at $15@19.50; 13 at $20.50@24.75; 4 at $25.75@ 26.50.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, June 28.—Cattle—Receipts were light to-day, but there was fully enough cattle here to supply the demand, as the buyers were pretty well supplied early in the week. The buyers are still showing more interest for the choice handy-weight butcher cattle than any other class, and that class is selling readily at steady prices, but the common half-fat grassy stuff is selling at very low prices, and in some cases it is hard to get a bid on that class. There is very little doing in the stocker and feeder trade, there being very little demand for anything except the choice grades. No heavy shipping steers in sale to-day; feeling steady. Bulls about steady; canners dull to a shade lower. The best milch cows are selling fairly well, but the common, thin cows are hard to dispose of. At the close the pens were well cleared of all grades and market closed steady.

Calves—Receipts light. Market unchanged; best veals $5.50@6; fair to good calves $4@5; common $2.50@3.50.

Hogs—Receipts light. Market higher; we quote best 120 lbs. and up at $6.50; heavy pigs $6.30; light pigs $5.25@5.50; roughs $5@5. Everything on sale was sold at these prices and the light enough now to supply the demand. Market closed steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts liberal for Thursday, market a shade lower; best fat sheep $5 @5.50; fair to good sheep $3.25@4; common $2.25@2.75; bucks $2.25@3.75; best lambs $8.25; seconds $6.50@8.75; good butcher lambs $6@ 6.50; tail-ends $4.50@6; good stock ewes $4@ 5.25; common slow sale.

Quotations.

CATTLE.

Extra good export steers	$4 75@5 00
Light shipping steers	4 50@4 75
Choice butcher steers	4 25@4 45
Fair to good butcher steers	4 00@4 25
Common to medium butcher steers	3 75@3 95
Choice butcher heifers	4 00@4 25
Fair to good butcher heifers	3 50@3 75
Com. to medium butcher heifers	3 00@3 25
Choice butcher cows	3 50@4 00
Fair to good butcher cows	2 75@3 25
Common to medium butcher cows	2 00@2 50
Canners	1 00@1 50
Choice feeders	4 00@4 25
Medium to good feeders	3 25@3 75
Common and rough feeders	2 50@3 00
Good to extra stock steers	3 50@4 00
Fair to good stock steers	2 75@3 25
Common to medium stock steers	2 25@2 75
Good to extra stock heifers	2 50@3 00
Common to medium stock heifers	2 00@2 50
Good to extra oxen	3 50@4 00
Common to medium oxen	2 50@3 00
Good to extra bulls	3 00@3 50
Fair to good bulls	2 25@2 75
Choice veal calves	5 00@5 50
Common to medium veal calves	4 00@5 00
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@3 50
Choice milch cows	30 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	20 00@30 00
Plain, common milch cows	10 00@15 00

HOGS.

Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	6 05
Medium packers, 190 lbs.	6 05
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs.	6 05
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	6 30
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	5 25@5 50
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs.	5 00@5 00

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Good to choice fat sheep	5 00@5 50
ttttttFair to good sheep	3 25@4 75
Common sheep	2 25@2 75
Bucks	2 25@3 75
Choice shipping lambs	8 25
Good butcher lambs	6 00@6 50
Culls and tail-ends	4 50@5 00

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, June 28.—Cattle—Receipts were light to-day, but fully enough cattle here to supply the demand, as the buyers were pretty well supplied early in the week. The buyers are still showing more interest for the choice handy-weight butcher cattle than any other class, and that class is selling readily at steady prices, but the common half-fat grassy stuff is selling at very low prices, and in some cases it is hard to get a bid on that class. There is very little doing in the stocker and feeder trade, there being very little demand for anything except the choice grades. No heavy shipping steers in sale to-day; feeling steady. Bulls about steady; canners dull to a shade lower. The best milch cows are selling fairly well, but the common, thin cows are hard to dispose of. At the close the pens were well cleared of all grades and market closed steady.

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Quotations.

CATTLE.

Extra good export steers	$4 75@5 00
Light shipping steers	4 50@4 75
Choice butcher steers	4 25@4 45
Fair to good butcher steers	4 00@4 25
Common to medium butcher steers	3 75@3 95
Choice butcher heifers	4 00@4 25
Fair to good butcher heifers	3 50@3 75
Com. to medium butcher heifers	3 00@3 25
Choice butcher cows	3 50@4 00
Fair to good butcher cows	2 75@3 25
Common to medium butcher cows	2 00@2 50
Canners	1 00@1 50
Choice feeders	4 00@4 25
Medium to good feeders	3 25@3 75
Common and rough feeders	2 50@3 00
Good to extra stock steers	3 50@4 00
Fair to good stock steers	2 75@3 25
Common to medium stock steers	2 25@2 75
Good to extra stock heifers	2 50@3 00
Common to medium stock heifers	2 00@2 50
Good to extra oxen	3 50@4 00
Common to medium oxen	2 50@3 00
Good to extra bulls	3 00@3 50
Fair to good bulls	2 25@2 75
Choice veal calves	5 00@5 50
Common to medium veal calves	4 00@5 00
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@3 50
Choice milch cows	30 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	20 00@30 00
Plain, common milch cows	10 00@15 00

HOGS.

Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	6 05
Medium packers, 190 lbs.	6 05
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs.	6 05
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	6 30

Ladies' and Children's

Sample Hose

at Cut Prices.

The entire sample line of a big factory. High-class goods of all kinds. Cottons, Lisles and Silks. Solid blacks and fancies. Six big lots.

25c and 35c Hose for..... 19c
35c and 50c Hose for..... 25c
50c and 75c Hose for..... 35c
75c and $1 Hose for..... 48c
$1 and $1.50 Hose for..... 69c

And some $2, $2.50 and $3 Hose for $1.48.

Cash mail orders will be promptly filled with best values. Send 2c a pair extra for postage.

Levy's Third and Market.

NOTICE
To Sunday Advertisers.

The Courier-Journal Company respectfully urges advertisers who use the Sunday paper to have their copy in the counting-room Friday night. By complying with this request advertisers will be certain to secure insertion in all editions, and can also make alterations in their copy with greater security.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

FRIDAY.....JUNE 29, 1906

NOTICE TO SUMMER WANDERERS.

Have The Courier-Journal forwarded to your address when you go away on your vacation. If you are now a paid-up subscriber, please let us know when you order the paper forwarded, and also let us know if you desire it stopped at your home address. Be careful to give postoffice, hotel or street address in all cases.

THIEVES BOTTLED IN BOX CAR

SIX MEN CAUGHT LOOTING A WRECKED TRAIN.

THROW BOXES OF SHOES IN THE WEEDS.

WILL BE ARRAIGNED TO-DAY.

After being caught in the act of robbing a freight car and imprisoned in it through the ready wit of Conductor Alfred Stone, six men were arrested yesterday morning by Special Agent Frank Stiggers and Private Policeman Thorp and Swiss. They gave their names as Robert Mosely, aged twenty-three years, of Lawrenceburg, Ky.; Emmett Bittilo, aged fifteen years, of Knoxville, Tenn., both white, and Charles Calloway, twenty-six years of age, of Cincinnati, J. B. Johnson, aged thirty-six, of Decatur, Ala.; Alonzo Jones, aged nineteen years, of Macon, Ga., and Henry Jones, aged seventeen years, of Birmingham, Ala., colored.

A cut of freight cars of the Southern railway were derailed Wednesday night at the Fourth avenue railroad crossing, and it was during the excitement attending the replacement of the cars and the clearing of the tracks that the men tried to rob the cars. It is said that they had something to do with the wrecking of the cars, and the railroad officials are investigating the cause of the derailment to see if it is true. The cars, which were loaded with merchandise and stone, were passing the crossing at about 10 o'clock, having left Youngstown an hour earlier. Some obstruction was on the track and the engine passed it safely, but the cars behind were derailed, throwing the rest of the train off the track.

Just after the tracks had been cleared the conducter saw the six men crawl suspiciously along the side of the track, having apparently been hiding in the thick weeds beside the track. They entered a car loaded with shoes. A moment later he saw several cases of shoes come flying out of the door. He cautiously stole upon the car and saw the men at work inside, opening the cases. He was unarmed, and not knowing how to cope with them, slammed the door closed and locked it. He then ran to a signal tower and telegraphed the news to the Youngstown roundhouse. The three officers were sent to the scene on an engine and took charge of the prisoners. They were lodged in the county jail on the charge of stealing from a common carrier.

The case was continued until this morning, to allow the police and railroad officials time to investigate and discover whether the men were engaged in any of the other railroad robberies that have been going on in the past few weeks. They are said to be the members of an organized gang which has been systematically robbing the railroad companies for some time. The dismantling of a number of box cars at the Bernheim distillery and several other robberies are attributed to them.

Robert Mosely, the leader of the gang, was released from the City Hospital only a short time ago. He is the son of a prosperous farmer of Fairview, Anderson county, while Bittilo is said to be the son of a contractor in Knoxville.

CASTORIA

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

AWARDED $2,500.

George Miller Broke Leg In Fall From Car.

WIDOW OF FRED SCHWEITZERS GIVEN $5,000 VERDICT.

DECEDENT KILLED BY ROBERT HOSKINS IN AUTOMOBILE.

FOUR DECREES OF DIVORCE.

George W. Miller, foreman in the Louisville and Nashville shops, was yesterday given a verdict for $2,500 against the Louisville Railway Company in Judge O'Doherty's court. The plaintiff was crippled for life in a fall from a car near the Oakdale station October 15, 1905, and had brought suit for $21,000.

The plaintiff lives at Third avenue and Evelyn streets, and on the day of the accident boarded the car at Fourth avenue and P street for Oakdale. As the car passed over the switch in nearing the Oakdale station it was contended the plaintiff stepped out on the back platform. It was charged that the motorman was turning the curve at too high a rate of speed and the plaintiff was thrown to the ground. Besides a cut in the forehead and a broken nose his right leg was fractured in two places below the knee. He has been forced to use a crutch continuously ever since.

It was charged by the Louisville Railway Company that Miller had not merely stepped out on the platform, but that he had started to place his foot on the lower step. This it was averred was contributory negligence.

Mrs. Cloteal B. Botto, who witnessed the accident from her residence nearby, testified for the plaintiff.

Edwards & Ogden were for the plaintiff.

Death Verdict For $5,000.

Robert H. Hoskins, the young man who ran over and killed Frederick Schweitzers while taking his new automobile home March 3 last, must pay the decedent's widow, Caroline Schweitzers, $5,000 damages if the verdict found by a jury yesterday in Judge Field's court is upheld. This conclusion was reached by the jury after but five minutes' deliberation.

The accident happened at the corner of Frankfort and Mellwood avenues and young Hoskins was on his way with his new machine to the home of his mother, near Harrod's creek.

As he approached the corner there were a number of people standing in the street waiting for a car and the defendant said that he sounded his horn loudly in warning. Schweitzers, who was sixty-nine years of age, and rather feeble was crossing the street a few feet further on. He dodged once or twice to escape the oncoming automobile. However, Hoskins attempted to pass around him but failed. Schweitzers was thrown to the street and the concussion of the brain from which he suffered caused his death.

It was charged by the plaintiff that Hoskins was running his automobile at a dangerously high rate of speed and that when he saw there was some doubt in Schweitzers' mind as to which direction he was going he should have brought the machine to a full stop. The speed was so high, it was averred, that Hoskins had allowed the machine to get practically beyond his control. Hoskins contended that as he rounded the corner he was only running at the rate of three or four miles an hour and that he did everything possible to avoid an accident, but that the old man practically walked into the machine. Suit had been brought for $15,000, but Judge James P. Gregory, who, with Herman Nettleroth, was for the plaintiff, represented in his argument that under the life tables, without considering other features of the case, the decedent's estate should have $5,000.

Ordered From Courtroom.

Yielding to the excitement of the moment Gus Rothenburger, the real estate agent, yesterday in Judge Miller's court delivered himself of an angry exclamation and was forthwith ordered excluded from the court room by Judge Miller.

The settlement case of Louis Straub, administrator, against Katie A. Kisler was up for argument and Judge W. O. Harris on one side and J. T. S. Clements on the other were indulging in quite a lively colloquy. Mr. Rothenburger has an interest in the case and Mr. Clements' clients are opposing him. In the course of his remarks Mr. Clements made several references to certain papers important to the case which he intimated Mr. Rothenburger or someone else had purposely held out.

"Where are they, where are they?" cried Mr. Rothenburger wrathfully, breaking into the midst of Mr. Clements' speech.

"Mr. Sheriff," commanded Judge Miller with severity, "put Mr. Rothenburger out of this court room." Mr. Rothenburger forthwith took his departure.

Four Divorces Granted.

The following divorces were granted yesterday by Judge Kirby:

Anna Cannon and Dudley Cannon, cruelty and failure to support alleged. They were married December 15, 1904.

William D. Ward from Emma Ward, abandonment alleged. They were married November 25, 1888.

Lila B. Casey from Henry Casey, abandonment charged. They were married July 21, 1896.

Horace States from Sarah E. States, five years' separation charged. They were married in May, 1882.

Court Paragraphs.

—The German Security Bank sued C. Weisser & Brother for $300 alleged due on notes.

—John Vance, colored, pleaded guilty to the charge of housebreaking and was sent to the pehitentiary for two years.

—Betty Hirsch sued the Commonwealth Life Insurance Company to enforce collection of a $300 policy upon the life of Max Hirsch.

—Lucy Scott sued the Louisville and Interurban Railroad Company for $5,000 damages, averring that she was injured in getting off a car.

—Minnie Thompson and others sued to secure sale and division of certain property in which they are interested and a division of the proceeds.

—In the case of Robert Logdson against the Louisville Railway Company for $2,000 damages on account of injuries received while in defendant's employ a verdict was given the defendant in Judge Field's court.

—Kate Mayfield sued George M. Morris for $400, the value of her restaurant business which the plaintiff says she traded to the defendant for two lots which he represented were worth $200 apiece. She charges now that they are only worth $15 apiece and that the defendant does not hold title to them.

SMITH'S CASE WILL BE TRIED TO-DAY.

Edward Smith, colored, who is suspected of committing numerous petty thefts from stores in the west end, will be presented in the Police Court to-day on the charge of being a suspected felon. He was arrested by District Detectives Kimble and Simon at Ninth and Madison streets. Many robberies have been committed in the west end and it is thought that in Smith the police have caught the perpetrator of them. He was arraigned yesterday in the Police Court, but his case was continued until to-day to allow the detectives time to gather the evidence against him.

RENDERED UNCONSCIOUS BY THE BLOW.

Notorious Rose Opal Strikes Little Girl With Brick.

While playing with some companions in the street in front of her home at 307 East Market street, little Margaret Bauer, the daughter of George Bauer, was struck with a brick in the abdomen and rendered unconscious. She was carried into her home by her companions and an examination revealed severe bruises and internal hemorrhages. Her recovery is considered doubtful.

Rose Opal, who lives on the "chute," was arrested shortly after, charged with causing the injury. She admitted throwing the brick, but said it was intended for a woman with whom she had been quarreling. She was presented in the Police Court yesterday morning on the charge of malicious assault and the case was continued to await the outcome of the child's injury.

LIBERAL OFFER BY THE GOVERNOR

FOR YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION IN CHIHUAHUA.

MANY ASSOCIATIONS FLOURISHING IN MEXICO.

SECRETARIES ARE IN DEMAND.

The Governor of Chihuahua, Mexico, has requested that a Young Men's Christian Association be formed in the city of Chihuahua, the center of the richest mining region of the world. He has offered rent free, all the rooms necessary, including a large gymnasium, in the State theater, which is the finest building in the capital. He has also offered to contribute personally to its maintenance and consented to become honorary president. The Governor had been for three years an honorary director of the association, which was established in the City of Mexico, and is considered the most progressive of the rulers of the Mexican States.

The Young Men's Christian Association is becoming embarrassed by the extensive demands made upon it to establish organizations in the chief cities in Mexico, the mining camps in the West, by railroad and industrial corporations, by the Japanese Government in its demands for the men of its armies, by Chinese officials and Christian missionaries in China, as well as by its own extraordinary growth and development in North America. Its greatest difficulty is to secure qualified secretaries for admihistration.

The Association in the City of Mexico, which began three and one-half years ago, now has over 1,000 members in its two branches, one for native Mexicans and the other for "foreigners" (mostly Americans) engaged in the railroad, commercial and mining enterprises centering in the city. It occupies an old Mexican mansion which covers half a city block, in the center of which is the usual patio, containing a lagoon and miniature park. Here are four American standard bowling alleys, which were the first modern alleys introduced in Mexico, and a gymnasium where the popular hour for exercise is at 6 a. m., before the day is hot.

President Diaz has encouraged the Association and contributes to it. Vice President Corral, of the Republic, the honorary president, has recommended to the department of public education that the educational classes be subsidized on account of the value to the country of the mining, chemistry, metallurgy, commerce and practical branches of value to men who will develop the country.

The Association's announcement of one week included lectures on crude oil, oil wells and their exploitation, by an expert, the prehistoric Guerrero, by an explorer and archaeologist; another on books, friends and companions. The class of Mexicans studying English follow Charles A. Dana's advice and take the Bible as their text-book.

While the clerical press of Mexico was opposing the Association, El Imparcial, the administration paper, gave its editorial page to its advocacy. Its support is extensive by the railroads, national banks, mining and business companies, but the government and business men are not supporting the Association out of sentiment. The manager of the Singer Sewing Machine Company, who paid the admission fees for twenty of his employes, amounting to $480 Mexican, declared eight months afterward that he had received more than this amount in increased service.

The new Mexican branch, which has been recently opened and directed entirely by Mexicans, has secured a mansion at the entrance of Pasco, the famous drive leading to the Castle Chapultepec, for which it pays $350 a month rent. Its membership includes cabinet officers, Senators, railroad and bank presidents, clerks and employes of the great mining, railroad and business concerns of the city.

On April 1 another Association building was opened at Monterey, the commercial center of northern Mexico, with an American secretary in charge. To this the railway and smelting companies give $200 per month.

Other railroad, mining and commercial centers in Mexico have requested Associations and the president of the Central Railroad in Mexico has agreed to equip a large building at the railroad shops in Aguascallentes especially for an Association.

WILL NOT RESIGN.

F. J. HERRMANN SAYS HE STANDS ON HIS RECORD.

Says He Proposes To Remain Chairman of License Board For Some Time.

F. J. Herrmann, chairman of the Sinking Fund Commission and by virtue of his office chairman of the License Board, does not propose to pay any attention to the communication of C. C. Stoll, president of the Citizens' League, asking that he resign as chairman of the Sinking Fund Commission, so that he will be eliminated from the License Board. Mr. Herrman said that Mr. Stoll did not put him in either place and he was not going to be subject to his dictation. Said he:

"I defy anyone to show where I have used the office of chairman of the License Board to further my business. I have tried to do my plain duty in the matter. Time after time I have protected the interests of the church in the matter of refusing a license for a saloon near a church. Several instances can be named where ministers came to me to have hearings postponed where remonstances were filed against a saloon being opened near a church. The ministers said that it would be impossible for them to appear only at a certain time. I told them to go their way and rest easy as no saloon would be placed near their church.

"I think I would be foolish to resign just because Mr. Stoll or anyone else asked me to. My record speaks for itself. I think I will remain as the chairman of the License Board for some time yet."

SOLOISTS TO BE HEARD WITH GARGIULO'S BAND.

The following soloists will be heard with Gargiulo's Concert Band, which begins a week's engagement at Jockey Club Park next Sunday:

Chevalier Enrico Gargiulo, conductor; Madame B. Beque, soprano; Monsieur B. B. Beque, baritone; Signor J. Rapuano, cornet; Signor R. Ricci, piccolo; Mr. Glantz, saxophone; Signor P. Guarini, instrumental baritone.

It is interesting to note that some of the greatest soloists of Italy are numbered in this list. Mons. and Mme. Beque, the vocal soloists, were formerly artists under the management of Herr Conreid at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York City.

MAYOR SIGNS

Atherton - Jones Lighting Franchise Ordinance.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES TO MEET NEXT WEEK.

LICENSE BOARD TO HEAR SEYMOUR CASE TO-DAY.

OWEN TYLER ACTING MAYOR.

About the last official act done before starting on his western trip by Mayor Paul C. Barth yesterday, was to sign the ordinance asking for the sale of a franchise for furnishing heat and electricity to consumers over the entire city. This ordinance is known as the Atherton-Jones measure from the fact that it is backed by a syndicate headed by these men, who propose to organize a company and bid on the franchise whenever it is offered for sale. The object of the ordinance is to furnish competition in the lighting business in Louisville, which it is known will result in a great reduction in the price of light both to the city and individual consumers.

The ordinance is effective from its passage, that is after it has been properly published in the official newspaper of the city. For the reason that a batch of ordinances are to be published the Sinking Fund Commission asked that the Atherton-Jones ordinance be furnished the official paper for publication on the first of the month. Sunday being the first the ordinance will be given to the newspaper for publication by George Miller, clerk of the Board of Aldermen, Monday morning.

Capt. John H. Weller, of the Board of Public Works, said yesterday that the board would take the matter of advertising for the sale of the franchise in consideration as soon as it has been published in the official paper. It is safe to say that nothing will be done by the Board of Public Works in the matter until after the Fourth of July. The upset price of the sale of the franchise is $20,000.

NOT IN A HURRY.

Special Committees On Investigation To Take Their Time.

The Special Committees appointed by the lower board of the General Council for the purpose of investigating the Street-cleaning Department and to ascertain whether or not the city has a system of weights and measures by which the City Buyer is guided will take their time in the matter. Herman Christen, chairman of the committee to investigate the Street-cleaning Department, said yesterday that he had not consulted his colleagues as to when they could conveniently meet. Councilmen Palmore and Stout are on the committee. Chairman Christen said that the committee had plenty of time, and he was satisfied that no meeting would be called until after the Fourth of July.

"You can say," said Chairman Christen, "that we will thoroughly investigate the workings of the Street-cleaning Department, and if there is anything wrong or loose in the conduct of the department we intend to bring it out and make it public. If everything is found to be in good working order and all right the report of the committee will say so. We do not intend to put blame or censure where they do not belong."

Councilman Kerr is chairman of the special committee to investigate the system of weights and measures. He also says that the committee is going to do its duty in the ordered investigation.

MIKE SEYMOUR'S CASE

Will Be Heard By License Board To-day.

The License Board will meet at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon for the purpose of hearing the case of Mike Seymour on the charge of whether or not his license shall be revoked. Seymour was arrested for selling intoxicants at his saloon on Jackson street, between Main and Market streets in violation of the Sunday closing law. Seymour was fined $19 in the City Court. Charges were preferred against him to the Board of Public Safety, which at once put the matter before the License Board. Judge A. E. Richards, City Attorney, will appear in person before the board this afternoon and prosecute the case in behalf of the city.

F. J. Herrmann, chairman of the License Board, refused to state his attitude in the case, and he also refused to say what he would do in such a case if the Police Court failed to fine a saloonkeeper for violation of the law. Mr. Herrmann said that he must hear the evidence before he passed on any case. Charges have been preferred against several saloonkeepers, but no date for trial has been set for any case but that of Seymour.

TO SELL FOR TAXES.

Property of Peter Bitzer Levied On By City.

It seems that Peter Bitzer's troubles are coming thick and fast in these days. Following the trouble attending the seizure of the Cane Run Vinegar Works comes the city of Louisville for the recovery of back taxes amounting to $800 or $900. At 10 o'clock this morning a lot of stock belonging to Bitzer on his farm, near Pleasure Ridge Park, will be sold in accordance with the judgment for the back taxes.

Judge A. E. Richards, City Attorney, said yesterday that Peter Bitzer had been persistent in being the plaintiff in numerous suits filed testing the validity of ordinances and had caused the Law Department no little trouble. In looking over the records it was found that Bitzer was in arrears for taxes. Suit was instituted and judgment obtained, and the sale to-day will be in satisfaction of the judgment. Judge Richards said that the property to be sold was levied on before Bitzer got in trouble with the United States, and besides he did not think the property was on the land upon which the seized vinegar plant was located.

NOW MAYOR TYLER.

Mayor Barth Turns Over Reins of Government and Leaves On Trip.

Owen Tyler, president of the Board of Aldermen, became Acting Mayor at noon yesterday, and will continue so the next month, during the absence of Mayor Paul C. Barth, who left with his three sons for a trip through the West last night. There were no formalities connected with Mayor Barth turning over the reins of the city government to Acting Mayor Tyler. Both left the City Hall shortly afterward, Acting Mayor Tyler did not return to the City Hall yesterday afternoon, but will be found in his office this morning.

Mayor Barth will first visit his brother, Albert H. Barth, at Arvada, Col., after which he will make a tour through Yellowstone Park. He expects to return to Louisville about August 1, when he will again take up the active management of city affairs.

KENTUCKY'S ROADS.

QUALITY IMPRESSES VISITOR FROM KANSAS CITY.

Missourians Want Them Used As Models In Construction In That State.

Missourians who visited Kentucky during the recent "home coming" of that State are returning with new ideas of road building, says the Kansas City Star. There are parts of Kentucky that have as fine roads as are to be found anywhere and the Missourians naturally made some inquiry about how they were built.

J. M. Lowe chairman of the Board of Elections Commissioners, is one of those who visited in Fayette county at Lexington and in the vicinity. Fayette county is one of the rich counties where fine horses abound and it has roads that would be models almost anywhere.

"Do you remember J. M. Bullock, who was formerly connected with the city engineer's office?" Mr. Lowe said to a reporter for the Star this morning. "We called him 'Major' Bullock, but the 'major' part was a Kentucky title. After he left Kansas City he went back to Lexington and is now manager of a big road building company that is building some of the finest roads in Kentucky. His uncle, Judge Bullock, is presiding judge of the county court of Fayette county and is a progressive man who has brought about some great improvements in country roads.

* * *

Its Poor Road Laws.

"Originally Kentucky was a State of pike roads and had toll gates all along the roads. They had the same trouble as we have in Missouri—the pauper counties as they call them, the poor counties that draw more money out of the State treasury than they put in, have enough votes in the Legislature to prevent the passage of legislation making liberal provision for roads and thirty-five cents on the hundred dollars in all the State road tax they have. People built roads originally at their own expense and collected toll. Finally there was such an uprising that the toll gates were torn down and destroyed as fast as they were put up and toll gates became a thing of the past.

"The last few years the counties have been repairing and regrading roads. The average man will say, 'Of course, anybody can grade a road. But it takes an expert to grade a road properly. Before beginning the reconstruction of their roads these Fayette county people sent to Washington and had a government expert come and superintend the building of several miles of road. He showed them how to grade so that it would be impossible for water to collect on it. He also showed them how to distinguish limestone that would make a permanent macadam road.

* * *

Two Kinds of Limestone.

"They are situated much as we are with a sort of blue limestone that makes a hard macadam road and a rotting limestone that will disintegrate when broken up and turn into mud. The roads are built wide. I should say twenty feet wide, with the surface rounding and the middle much higher than the sides. In rebuilding the old roads the grades were changed in many cases and all the roads made wider. The average cost has been about $2,000 a mile.

"After a road has been built the first thing done is to sprinkle it thoroughly with oil. The roads are sprinkled with oil about twice a year and they are absolutely free from dust. The oil has a wonderful effect and a macadam road thoroughly sprinkled with oil does not wear or wash or blow away in fine dust. Our macadam roads do all three. Kentucky still has abominable road laws, not much better than ours, but the roads are built one-half by subscription by the land owners and one-half by the county and State together. But somehow they manage to make better use of the money they put into roads than we do."

ALLEGATIONS SAID TO BE UNJUST.

Charge That Thomas H. Stark Is Overdrawn $3,000 In Accounts Denied.

Henry J. Tilford, attorney for Thomas H. Stark, who has been sued in the Federal Court by the trustee in bankruptcy of J. E. Cady & Co., of Chicago, for about $11,000, stated yesterday that the allegations made worked a great injustice to his client, and that there was a good defense to be presented in each instance. The trustee declares that Mr. Stark owes the defunct firm $8,000 on notes given for stock subscriptions. Mr. Tilford says that Mr. Stark holds an agreement with the company by which his profits in the concern's business were to discharge the notes. The charges that he is overdrawn $3,000 is also denied, and Mr. Tilford says will be made clear at the proper time. The suit, Mr. Tilford says, has no bearing on Mr. Stark's business.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

A Big Sale of

Men's Negligee Shirts.

$2.00 Values for 98c.

Gentlemen: This is an opportunity to buy below par. The quality is unaffected. Greatly reduced price on account of overstock—an unusually large quantity must be moved and closed out.

Negligee coolness and comfort with these shirts. A high-grade material, in plain or plaited bosoms; cuffs attached or detached; light or dark patterns; neat stripes; coat or regular styles. Some of these sale shirts worth as high as $2.50.

The Men's Furnishing Department is located right at the easterly Market-street door—not necessary to pass through the store to reach it.

Sale Prices Also on Other Furnishings

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO.

414-416-418-MARKET STREET.-418-420-422

Members of Retail Merchants Association.

Drink... Coca-Cola

Delicious! Refreshing!

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At Soda Fountains 5 Cents

Carbonated in Bottles 5 Cents

1⅓ Fare Round Trip

VIA

L&N

Account 4th of July.

Tickets on sale July 2, 3 and 4; good returning on or before July 8. Minimum rate 50 cents.

The round trip rate to Cincinnati will be $4.70, and to Covington or Newport, $4.35. Tickets to above points being on sale July 3 and 4 only, limited to return on or before July 5.

City Ticket Office 4th and Main

Phones 258.

American Machine Co.

Passenger and Freight

Elevators.

Electric, Hydraulic, Belt and Hand Power.

MAIN and JACKSON STS. Louisville, Ky.

LAWN MOWERS

For Lawn Mowers.

OUR HIGH-GRADE BALL-BEARING ARE THE BEST.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.

Dow Wire and Iron Works

730 W. Market St.

LET ME SEE YOU

If you are going East or West. We have some cheap rates both ways. R. S. BROWN,

B. & O. S-W.,

Fourth and Main Sts.

L&N **$8.15** Round Trip

To KNOXVILLE

Tickets on Sale June 18, 19, 23, 24 and 30, July 7, 14 and 15, with return limit 15 days, with privilege of extension until September 30. CITY TICKET OFFICE FOURTH and MAIN. Phones 258

Haldeman Warehouse,

S. W. Cor 3d and Green,

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

Household Goods $1.50 to $5 per Mo. Boxes in Vault 25c to 50c per Mo.

Traveling Men TAKE THE Henderson Route TO Evansville.

Parlor Cars. Pullman Sleepers. Reclining Chair Cars.

Stop Guessing

Hydraulic Bricks are the perfect kind for you. They meet the criticism and win the approval of every builder who knows as well as satisfies the pocketbook of the man who pays the bill.

HYDRAULIC BRICK CO.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

L&N **$2.00 Round Trip TO CINCINNATI SUNDAY, JULY 1.**

Special trains leave Union Station, Tenth and Broadway, and First-street Station, 8 a. m.

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Dr. Arthur K. Lord, Oculist. Hours 9:00 to 5:00. Home 'phone 7251.....Room 2 Prescriptions written and Glasses furnished. Sunday hours by appointment.

Drs. Orendorf & Weber—Suite No. 3, second floor. Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 6, 7 to 8. Sunday 9 to 12. Telephone 924.

Douglas Park Jockey Club.....Room 4

The Vogue Millinery—Mrs. May W. Smith Room 5

Mme. Stokes—Complexion Specialist, Chiropody, Manicure, Electrolysis, Beauty Aids.....Rooms 6 and 7

Ira C. Prichard & Bro.—Southern Representative The Werner Co. and Funk & Wagnalls.....Room 8

Dr. John R. Collier, Osteopath—Nervous disease a specialty. Hours 8 to 4. Phone Main 3733—A.....Room 8

National Life and Accident Ins. Co.—W. A. Johnson, Supt.....Rooms 10 and 11

Dr. Wm. N. Spohn.....Room 12 Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m., 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.

Ira C. Prichard & Bro.....Room 12

Dr. B. G. Rees, Dentist—Telephone 3689 A.....Rooms 14 and 15

Wm. J. Watkins & Co.—Press and Ornamental Brick, Coke, Coal, Iron. Room 16

Val. P. Collins, Architect.....Room 16

New Louisville Jockey Club.....Room 17

Dr. George H. Day.....Room 18 Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 7 p. m. Sunday 9 to 12 a. m. Phone 7426 Home.

Dr. A. F. Pelle, Dentist.....Room 19

Alice B. Hickey (formerly with New York Store), Millinery Parlor.....Room 20

A. Reichman, Ladies' Tailor, Rooms 21 and 22

Geo. J. Monroe, M. D.—Room 23. Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday 9 to 10:30 a. m. Phone Main 30—M.

Dr. C. C. Godshaw.....Room 24 Hours 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 6 to 7:30 p. m. Sunday 9 to 10 a.m. Telephone Main 318—A.

Louisville Truss and Rupture Co.—Rupture Specialist. Tel. 218 A—Main. Room 34

Dr. J. W. Clark, Dentist—Rooms 25 and 26. Tel. Cumb. Main 924—Y; Home 5305.

Hunter & Hellman—Fire Insurance. Rooms 27 and 28

Dr. W. C. McManama, Osteopath. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 3 to 4 p. m. Both 'phones.....Room 29

Miss Mary McGinn—Shoe Parlor, Custom work a specialty. Cumb. 3689—Z. Room 30

Miss Kate Fitzgerald—Purchasing Agent. Room 31

Tinsley-Mayer Engraving Co. Office, room 32

Circulation Department Courier-Journal and Times—Circulation Manager, Room 37 Home 'Phone 880. Cumb. Main 2450.

Circulation Department Courier-Journal and Times—City Superintendent, Rooms 38 and 39 Home 'phone 880. Cumb. Main 2450.

Dr. Sue N. Epperson, Osteopath, Room 40. Office hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 4. 'Phone Main 3733—Y.

H. M. Caldwell—Advertising Agency. .... Room 41

Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist.....Room 42

Whist Club.....Room 43

Grand Exalted Ruler B. P. O. E.

R. W. Brown.....Room 47

The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co.....Room 49

Thos. E. Grove, Artist — Portrait and Ivory Miniatures.....Room 50

Harvey Joiner, Artist—Room 51. Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome, 10 to 1 o'clock.

Inland Farmer.....Room 54

John Herr Sutcliffe—Advertising Agency. Room 56

Miss Linda Nuss—Stamping; Art Needlework; Shirt Waists; Children's Clothes. Room 58

Accustiocn and Massacon Co.—Instruments for Cure of Deafness Room 58

For the 4th of July

We are prepared to furnish a special assortment of fresh Candies and Novelties for the occasion.

HARVISON BROS., 319 4th Ave.

At the Reformatory.—Visitor—And what are you in for, my good man. G. M.—Stealing a parasol. Visitor—Trying to get a shade the best of it, eh? Try Wintersmith's Tonic and get the best of the malaria. At drug stores.

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BEGINNING JULY 1, 1906,

In addition to present through sleeper to New York via Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia on the

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